The New-York Times.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 4130. NEW-YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1864. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

VICTORY!

Sherman at Savannah—Thomas in Tennessee.

GREAT NEWS FROM BOTH ARMIES

The First Official Dispatch from Gen. Sherman.

His Short Record of the Great Campaign.

SAVANNAH INVESTED.

Its Doomed Garrison of Fifteen Thousand Men and Hardee.

SHERMAN'S ARMY IN SPLENDID ORDER

The Quick Capture of Fort Mc Allister and Its Garrison.

GREAT RAILROAD DESTRUCTION

Sherman's Most Agreeable Trip in Georgia.

THE TENNESSEE NEWS

The Great Triumph of Gen. Thomas Near Nashville.

THREE DAYS' FIGHTING.

The Victory Over Hood's Army Still in Progress.

Over Ten Thousand Prisoners Captured in Three Days.

FORREST KILLED.

Fifteen Hundred of His Cavalry Captured.

[OFFICIAL.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Dec. 18—9 P. M.

Maj.-Gen. Jno. A. Dix, New-York:

An official dispatch from Gen. SHERMAN was received to-day, dated near midnight, Dec. 13, on the gunboat *Dandelion*, Ossabaw Sound. It was written before Gen. FOSTER had reached him. He reports, besides some military details of future operations, (which are omitted,) the following interesting particulars of his operations:

ON BOARD DANDELION, OSSABAW SOUND, 11,50 P. M., Dec. 13.

To-day, at 5 P. M., Gen. HAZEN's division of the Fifteenth Corps carried Fort McAllister by assault, capturing its entire garrison and stores. This opened to us the Ossabaw Sound, and I pushed down to this gunboat to communicate with the fleet. Before opening communication we had completely destroyed all the railroads leading into Savannah and invested the city. The left is on the Savannah River, three miles above the city, and the right on the Ogeechee, at King's Bridge. The army is in splendid order, and equal to anything. The weather has been fine, and supplies were abundant. Our march was most agreeable, and we were not at all molested by guerrillas.

We reached Savannah three days ago, but owing to Fort McAllister could not communicate; but now we have McAllister, we can go ahead.

We have already captured two boats on the Savannah River, and prevented their gunboats from coming down.

I estimate the population of Savannah at 25,000 and the garrison at 15,000. Gen. HARDEE commands.

We have not lost a wagon on the trip, but have gathered in a large supply of negroes, mules, horses, &c., and our teams are in far better condition than when we started.

My first duty will be to clear the army of surplus negroes, mules and horses. We have utterly destroyed over two hundred miles of rails, and consumed stores and provisions that were essential to LEE's and HOOD's armies. The quick work made with McAllister and the opening of communication with our fleet, and the consequent independence for supplies, dissipates all their boasted threats to head me off and starve the army.

I regard Savannah as already gained.

Yours, truly, W. T. SHERMAN, Major-Gen.

The following official reports were received this evening from Gen. THOMAS, dated at his headquarters near Franklin:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE CUMBERLAND, NEAR FRANKLIN, Tenn., Dec. 17, 1864.

A report just received from Major-Gen. WILSON, states that at 6 P. M. to-day he attacked and dispersed STEVENSON's division of rebel infantry and a brigade of cavalry, capturing three guns. The Fourth United States Cavalry and HATCH's division of cavalry, handsomely supported by KNIPE's division of cavalry, did the work, making several beautiful charges, breaking the rebel infantry in all directions. Had it only been light, the rebel rear guard would have been entirely destroyed. As it is, it has been severely punished. The whole army will continue vigorous pursuit in the morning. This attack was made six miles beyond Franklin.

(Signed,) GEORGE H. THOMAS, Major-General.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF CUMBERLAND, NEAR FRANKLIN, Tenn., Dec. 17—8 P. M.

We have pressed the enemy to-day beyond Franklin, capturing his hospitals, containing over 1,500 wounded and about 150 of our wounded, in addition to the above. Gen. KNIPE, commanding a division of cavalry, drove the enemy's rear guard through Franklin to-day, capturing about 250 prisoners and five battle-flags, with very little loss on our side. Citizens of Franklin represent HOOD's army as completely demoralized. In addition to the captures of yesterday, reported in my dispatches of last night, I have the honor to report the capture of Gen. RUCKER and about two hundred and fifty prisoners of the enemy's cavalry, in a fight that occurred about 8 o'clock last night between Gen. RUCKER and Gen. HATCH, of our cavalry. The enemy has been pressed to-day both in front and on both flanks. Brig.-Gen. JOHNSON succeeded in striking him on the flank just beyond Franklin, capturing quite a number of prisoners—number not yet reported. My cavalry is pressing him closely through, and I am very much in hopes of getting many more prisoners to-morrow.

(Signed) GEO. H. THOMAS, Maj.-Gen.

Other dispatches (unofficial) from Nashville, state that 1,000 prisoners were captured by WILSON, and that Gen. ROUSSEAU, commanding at Murfreesboro, reports FORREST killed and 1,500 of his men captured.

The Superintendent at Nashville reports that the railroad from Nashville will be open to Franklin to-night, and will rapidly follow THOMAS, thus furnishing him supplies, and enabling him to push on after HOOD.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

OFFICIAL DISPATCHES.

The Armies in Tennessee and in Georgia—Further Details of the Fighting on the 16th at Nashville—The Enemy Pressed at all Points in His Line of Retreat—Immense Captures of Guns and Prisoners—Details of the Battle of the 15th—The News from Sherman—Savannah Closely Besieged—A Formal Demand for the Surrender of the City.

[The following important official dispatches (less important, however, than those in the preceding columns) were published in our edition of yesterday morning.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Dec. 17—8:35 A. M.

Major-Gen. John A. Dix:

The following official report of the great victory achieved yesterday by Major-Gen. THOMAS and his gallant army over the rebel forces under Gen. HOOD in front of Nashville, was received this morning. One of the most surprising circumstances connected with the great achievement is the small loss suffered by our troops, evincing, among other things, the admirable skill and caution of Gen. THOMAS in his disposition of the battle. In our rejoicings at the defeat of the enemy, thanks are due to the Almighty for his protection to our gallant officers and soldiers in the great conflict they have passed through.

The report of Gen. THOMAS, and also an unofficial report containing interesting details are subjoined:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE CUMBERLAND, EIGHT MILES FROM NASHVILLE, 6 P. M. Friday, Dec. 16, 1864.

To the President of the United States, Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, and Lieut.-Gen. U. S. Grant:

This army thanks you for your approbation of its conduct yesterday, and to assure you that it is not misplaced, I have the honor to report that the enemy has been pressed at all points to-day, in his line of retreat to the Brentwood Hills.

Brig.-Gen. HATCH, of WILSON's corps of cavalry, on the right, turned the enemy's left, and captured a large number of prisoners, the number not yet reported.

Maj.-Gen. SCHOFIELD's corps, next on the left of cavalry, carried several hills, captured many prisoners and six pieces of artillery. Brevet Major-Gen. SMITH, next on the left of Maj.-Gen. SCHOFIELD, carried the salient point of the enemy's line with McMILLAN's brigade of McARTHUR's division, capturing 16 pieces of artillery, two Brigadier-Generals and about 2,000 prisoners. Brig.-Gen. GARRARD's division, of SMITH's command, next on the left of McARTHUR's division, carried the enemy's intrenchments, capturing all the artillery and troops of the enemy on the line. Brig.-Gen. WOOD's troops on Franklin pike took up the assault, capturing the enemy's intrenchments, in his retreat captured eight pieces of artillery, something over 600 prisoners, and drove the enemy within one mile of the Brentwood Hill Pass.

Maj.-Gen. STEEDMAN, commanding detachments of the different armies of the Military Division of the Mississippi, most nobly supported Gen. WOOD's left, and bore a most honorable part in the operations of the day. I have ordered the pursuit to be continued in the morning at daylight, although the troops are very much fatigued. The utmost enthusiasm prevails. I must not forget to report the operations of Brig.-Gen. JOHNSON in successfully driving the enemy, with the coöperation of the gunboats under Lieut.-Commander FITCH, from their established batteries on the Cumberland River, below the City of Nashville, and of the success of Brig.-Gen. COXTON's brigade in covering and re-turning our right and rear. In the operations of yesterday and to-day although I have no report of the number of prisoners captured by JOHNSON's and COXTON's command, I know they have made a large number. I am also glad to be able to state that the number of prisoners captured yesterday greatly exceeds the number reported by telegraph last evening. The woods, fields and intrenchments are strewn with the enemy's small arms abandoned in the retreat. In conclusion, I am happy to state that all this has been effected with but a very small loss to us. Our loss probably does not exceed three hundred and very few killed.

GEO. H. THOMAS, Maj.-Gen. Commanding.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Friday, Dec. 16—9 P. M.

During last night, HOOD withdrew his right from the river, and took a position covering Hillsboro, Granny white and Franklin pikes, which line had been carefully prepared for just this contingency. He was driven from the first line easily, but the second was very stubbornly defended, and at last heavily assaulted three times before succeeding. It was carried, however, and twenty pieces of artillery, two thousand men, including Gen. JACKSON, with the remnant of his division, were taken. The enemy were forced back two miles, and his army broken into two parts, one on the White pike and the other on the Franklin, with range of Bluffy Hills between them, STEEDMAN and WOOD pressing down the latter, and A. J. SMITH, SCHOFIELD and the cavalry down the former. Small arms lay as thick on the contested line as the rebels had stood there. HOOD can't make another such day's fight, while THOMAS is in good condition to press him. Caught more wagons. Can't say number. Everybody, white and black, did splendidly.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

SECOND DISPATCH.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Dec. 17—10 P. M.

To Maj.-Gen. John A. Dix:

Nothing has been heard from Gen. THOMAS to-day.

Unofficial dispatches state that the Provost-Marshal at Nashville reports 5,000 prisoners and 49 pieces of artillery as being already secured.

It is ascertained that in transmitting Gen. THOMAS' report last night, a telegraphic mistake was made at Louisville or Nashville in the estimated number of our casualties.

The dispatch written by Gen. THOMAS stated that his whole loss would not exceed 3,000, and that very few were killed.

A dispatch from Lexington, this evening, states that on the 13th inst., at Kingsport, Tenn., Gen. BURBRIDGE had a fight with BASIL DUKE's brigade, formerly JOHN MORGAN's, and routed it, with a loss to the enemy of one hundred and fifty killed, wounded and prisoners, and their train. DICK MORGAN, a brother of JOHN, was captured.

Dispatches have been received to-day from Gen. FOSTER, who had a personal interview, on the morning of Wednesday, the 14th inst., with Gen. SHERMAN, at Fort McAllister, which had been taken by assault the preceding day.

Savannah was closely besieged, and its capture, with the rebel forces there, was confidently expected. It was to be summoned in two days, and if not surrendered, SHERMAN would open his batteries upon it.

Gen. FOSTER reports that SHERMAN's army is in splendid condition, having lived on its march on the turkies, chickens, sweet potatoes and other good things of the richest part of Georgia.

E. M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

REPORTS VIA FORTRESS MONROE.

Arrival of the Dispatch Steamer Eliza Hancock—Important from Sherman's Army.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, Dec. 18.

The Fortress Monroe correspondent of the Associated Press, under date of Dec. 17, has the following:

"The special dispatch steamer *Eliza Hancock* arrived this morning from Hilton Head, with Maj. ANDERSON REAVER, with important dispatches from SHERMAN and FOSTER.

The news brought by the *Hancock* is of the most encouraging character. The van-guard of SHERMAN's army succeeded in reaching with safety, on the 13th inst., and with very little loss to his main army, the outskirts of Savannah, and on the 14th Gen. SHERMAN completely invested the city, hemming in, and cutting off from all means of escape, HARDEE's army of 15,000 men. Should the place not be immediately surrendered, a regular siege will be at once prosecuted with vigor. Secure lines of communication had been opened between the army of Gen. SHERMON and that of Gen. Foster, and on the 14th inst. the two Generals dined together at Fort McAllister. No doubt was entertained at Hilton Head but that Savannah must soon fall; and when that takes place the attention of SHERMAN will be, in all probability, turned toward Charleston."

THE BATTLE OF FRIDAY.

Preparatory Manœuvres—The Enemy Completely Deceived—Full Details of the Victory.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Thursday, Dec. 15.

The army commenced moving at daybreak today, with Gen. STEADMAN's corps on our left, the Fourth Corps next, and then A. J. SMITH's corps. The cavalry force moved to the right, and the Twenty-first Corps were held in reserve.

Very little except reconnoitering was done until after meridian, but at 12:30 o'clock the order to advance was given, and the whole column moved onward.

The rebels evidently expected that Gen. THOMAS would attempt to turn their left flank. All the indications would cause us to suppose this, and they offered numerous inducements for us to do so, and had carefully prepared their works to receive our forces if we should attack them in that quarter.

To keep up the delusion, STEADMAN's command was ordered to skirmish heavily on the rebel left flank, and he moved in the direction of the point which the rebels believed we were threatening.

While STEADMAN was manœuvring in this manner, the rebels were massing on their left, and we were concentrating the Sixteenth and Twenty-third Corps, and Gen. WILSON's cavalry on our right.

The result of this was that when the bugles sounded the advance, our right wing advanced rapidly between the left of the rebels and the Cumberland River, completely doubling upon a rebel division which the rebels had posted to blockade the river. A battery was taken here by our forces and sent to the rear.

The rebels had by this time perceived that our attack on the right was a feint, and HOOD soon attempted to atone for his mistake, but he was too late, as our right had established a force on the main bank of the river, and were steadily advancing.

The whole Twenty-third Corps had taken a position on the extreme right, while SMITH's Corps executed a half wheel, driving the columns of rebels before him easily and rapidly.

Soon the hill where the rebels were posted was taken with little loss and less difficulty.

In an hour or so the rebels had presented a strong front, and our progress for the moment was checked.

It was now visible that the contest was about to commence.

Another diversion on the left was made, to enable our men on the right to get into position and strengthen themselves so as to be ready for a charge.

In front of the Fourth Corps and about one mile beyond Acklin, the rebels had a strong line of works defended by a heavy line of skirmishers. Gen. WOOD ordered a charge upon it, and the word "forward" was shouted by the Division, Brigade and Regimental Commanders, and with promptness and decision the men leaped over the breastworks and advanced.

In less than twenty minutes our forces had possession of the rebel works, and the banners of the Fourth Corps were planted on them.

Our men, flushed with victory, without orders, pushed forward and reached the second line of rebel works by the most strenuous exertions and captured some prisoners, which with those captured previously, amounted to over 1,000.

The second line of rebel intrenchments were now in sight, located on the verge of a hill, one mile from their skirmish line. These intrenchments were built with great skill, and some time elapsed ere our men were got in position to advance upon them.

Our cavalry had advanced meanwhile until its right rested on the hills six miles beyond Nashville. Moving from the river they could now manœuvre without difficulty. Instead of facing to the west, they now faced directly south. The Second Corps of SCHOFIELD and SMITH's corps were in position directly parallel on the left. The skirmishers were advanced to the Hillsboro pike, sheltering themselves behind fences on the north side, while the Fourth Corps was formed at right angles, the front division lying directly across the Hillsboro pike, and the remainder being to the left of it.

While these movements were going on and our lines were forming and batteries being placed, the rebels could be distinctly seen moving to the left toward Hillsboro, with the view to prevent our turning their left flank.

As far as could be ascertained the entire rebel reserve was thus thrown in front of our right and centre.

In the meantime our Commanders sent reinforcements equally strong to our posts menaced by the rebels.

At 3:30 o'clock all was ready for the charge on the second line of the rebel works.

The position was a strong one, to reach which our forces had to ascend hills to an elevation of fifteen degrees, without any probation, but the lines were four columns deep, with ample reserves.

Our forces were massed against the rebel lines, and the veteran columns were hurled against the rebels with irresistible force, and at 4:50 P. M. the charge commenced.

The First and Second Divisions of the Fourth Corps moved west, and the Third Division, at right angles with it, moved south.

On the right of the Fourth Corps was the corps of A. J. SMITH.

The First and Second Divisions of the Fourth Corps had the hardest part of the task to perform. They had to move, in an exposed position, to the rebel works in their front, and these works were more formidable and stronger than those elsewhere.

Under a heavy fire of grape, cannister and musketry our men moved steadily forward, but owing to the rebels firing too high, it mostly passed over them—otherwise the slaughter would have been terrible. Some of our men were killed, but the list of casualties was less than expected.

After advancing within one hundred and fifty yards of the rebel works, their fire became very severe. Our troops never wavered, but with a shout along the lines and ringing along the Hillsboro pike, they again advanced, and were almost immediately upon the intrenchments.

The distance yet to be passed did not exceed one hundred yards, and reinforcements were in sight coming, yet the rebels evinced no signs of retiring, and discharged volley after volley into our ranks at a distance of twenty-five yards. A few of our men had now reached the works and were using the bayonet, when some few of the rebels fled, followed by others, and soon all broke and fled in the wildest confusion.

Four twelve-pounder Napoleon guns their artillerists attempted to secure, but they only succeeded in getting one of them off the field. We secured three and two caissons, with a large lot of small arms. We also captured in this charge about 400 prisoners.

The prisoners report that HOOD told them that they could hold their position against any Yankee force which could be brought against them.

Our losses in this charge did not exceed 100 killed and wounded.

SMITH's and SCHOFIELD's corps had in the meantime advanced half a mile to the south of the Hillsboro pike, capturing there a whole battery of six guns.

This makes the total of artillery captured, five guns being taken on the extreme left by the Fifteenth Ohio, amount to eighteen guns.

Several battle-flags were also taken.

The rebel loss in killed and wounded is not less than 600, while ours is only about 300.

The rebels have taken up another line, and may defend it to-morrow, if they do not retreat to-night.

One of the most brilliant charges made to-day was by the Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth Colored Regiments. The charge was on Rail's Hill, near the Nolansville pike, and broke the rebel line.

The colored troops behaved splendidly and lost severely.

Col. SHAFFER's colored regiment and the Seventeenth Colored Regiment lost nearly all their officers.

On the White Pike, in front of ACKLIN's residence, Gen. BEATTY led the charge on the first rebel line, and at 12 o'clock to-day our forces carried it at the point of the bayonet, and planted our guns on the works abandoned by the rebels. Fifty prisoners were captured in this charge. Our losses were very slight, although we advanced in great confusion.

Lieut. J. WATSON, of the Fifth Iowa, was shot through the breast while gallantly charging the enemy's batteries and mortally wounded.

The steamer *Pike*, in the Quartermaster's service, while proceeding up the river, when three miles from the city, was fired into by the rebels. One man named GEORGE BLAKELY was killed and four others wounded. She turned back.

The gunboat fleet were engaged down the river, about fourteen miles from the city, shelling the rebel left very vigorously.

The headquarters of Gen CHALMERS were captured, with fifteen guns, and all his books, papers, valuables, etc. They are now at Capt. GOODWIN's headquarters.

The Provost-Marshal-General says that about 550 have reached this city up to this hour (9 P. M.) The total amount of prisoners captured will not fall short of 1,200.

Capt. GROSVENER, a brother of Col. GROSVENER, commanding a brigade, was killed.

Adjt. CLAYBERNE and Gen. ROBERTS were wounded.

One of our shells from Fort Negley fell short, killing four of our own wounded.

THE GREAT NAVAL EXPEDITION

The Fleet Seen Off New Inlet, North Carolina.

List of the Vessels Composing the Expedition.

FORTRESS MONROE VIA BALTIMORE, Sunday, Dec. 18.

The special dispatch steamer *Hancock*, from Hilton Head, passed off New Inlet, N. C., while on her way to Fortress Monroe the expeditionary fleet under command of BUTLER and PORTER, which sailed from here some days since.

ADMIRAL PORTER'S FLEET.

Flagship, Malvern.

First Division.

Commodore H. K. THATCHER, commanding.

Colorado	10	Fort Donelson	5
Nyack	7	*Rhode Island	10
Aries	5	Maumee	7
Grand Gulf	9	James Adger	10
Howqua	6	Huron	5
Iasco	5	Monican	7
Monticello	7	Cherokee	5
Agawam	9	Tallapoosa	9

Second Division.

Commodore JOSEPH LANMAN, Commanding.

Minnesota	50	Eolus	5
Mackinaw	9	Yantic	5
Seneca	5	Massasoit	9
Kansas	5	Gettysburgh	5
Nereus	8	Juniata	9
*Fort Jackson	10	*Keystone State	9
Osceola	9	Calypso	5

Third Division.

Commodore JAMES F. SCHENCK, commanding.

Powhatan	19	Lillian	5
Undilla	5	Shenandoah	10
Mount Vernon	5	Cambridge	7
Mattabesset	9	Brooklyn	26
Emma	5	*Alabama	—
Saco	5		

Fourth Division.

Commodore S. W. GODON, commanding.

Susquehanna	14	Tristam Shandy	5
*Quaker City	10	Gov. Buckingham	5
Victoria	25	Dumbarton	5
Montgomery	9	Britannia	5
R. R. Cuyler	9	Wabash	50
Vicksburgh	9	Peuqot	5
Maratanza	9	Pawtuxet	9
Tuscarora	10	*Santiago de Cuba	9

Division of Iron-Clads.

Commodore WM. RADFORD, commanding.

New Ironsides	18	Dictator	2
Canonicus	2	Mahopac	2
Saugus	2	Monadnoc	4

* Vessels marked thus * are designated for hospital vessels.

NEWS FROM REBEL SOURCES.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 18.

From Southern papers of Friday last received at the office of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, we extract the following items of news, not contained in the official bulletin of yesterday.

IN FRONT OF RICHMOND.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Nov. 16.

Nothing worthy of notice has occurred on the military lines north of the James river. Four-fifths of GRANT's army is now on the south side, the SIXTH and NINTH corps at the front, the SECOND and FIFTH in reserve. On the lines north of the Appomattox all intercourse between the pickets of the two armies has been stopped by peremptory orders from their respective Generals.

From the Richmond Examiner, Dec. 16.

The lines of Richmond and Petersourgh remain quiet. The whole force of the enemy from Fort Harrison to the river now consists of negroes, with the exception of two companies of white men, with cannon in Fort Harrison itself. Our men do not fire on them at present.

ADVANCE UPON KINSTON.

From the Goldsboro State Journal, Dec. 13.

The enemy, whom we announced on yesterday as advancing upon Kinston, were met on yesterday at daylight, and after a brisk engagement were driven back, our forces still pursuing. Still further reinforcements have been sent to Kinston, amply sufficient for any force the enemy can bring to bear at that point. Lieut.-Col. STARR's promptness and courage has thus easily frustrated an attack upon Kinston, which, if successful, might have resulted in serious consequences.

COL. STARR'S REPORT.

KINSTON, Dec. 12, 1864.

Having been reinforced, I left the breastworks at daylight to find the enemy. I discovered him in considerable force on the Neuse road, two miles from town. He showed two pieces of artillery and five or six hundred infantry. After a brisk engagement of thirty minutes, he was driven across the south-west bridge, destroying it behind him. Our cavalry and infantry are still pressing him.

J. R. STARR, Colonel Commanding.

LYNCHBURGH.

A telegram to the *Whig* from Lynchburgh, dated December 14, has the following additions about the Union raid on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad:

No positive intelligence of the enemy's number is received, but it is supposed to be five or six thousand, a portion of whom, it is said, yet occupy Bristol. A body of the enemy, returning toward Beans' Station, encountered our forces at Zollicoffer Station, on the East Tennessee Road, nine miles west of Bristol, where a fight was said to be progressing at last accounts.

A PROCLAMATION BY GEN. BRECKINRIDGE.

From the Richmond Whig, Dec. 15.

On the 10th, Gen. BRECKINRIDGE issued the following proclamation:

Protection having been guaranteed to all citizens of East Tennessee, who, having entered the Federal service, shall in good faith return home and enter upon their pursuits as peaceable citizens, this privilege is hereby extended to all who, not having belonged to the Confederate army, have gone within the lines of the enemy, to avoid service, or for other reasons. Such as are above or below military age shall not be required to perform military duty, and all shall be free from punishment except such as have been guilty of murder and other high crimes. All citizens and soldiers are requested and enjoined to receive with kindness those who avail themselves of this order, and to cultivate such a spirit as will put an end to the internal strife and domestic warfare which has so long desolated this portion of the State.

JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE, Maj.-Gen.

FROM MIDDLE TENNESSEE.

From the Richmond Whig, Dec. 15.

Capt. REYNOLDS, of the army, who has just reached Montgomery, informs the Montgomery *Advertiser*, that the day he left Cherokee information was received from Gen. RODDY, to the effect that all the Federal posts southeast of Tullahoma had been called in, including Chattanooga, Bridgeport and Stevenson. The *Lagrange Reporter* has information from a gentleman from Carrolton, whose brother's neighbor, living in Van Wert, was in Chattanoogs on Wednesday of last week. He states that there was not a Yankee either in Chattanooga or Bridgeport, nor was it believed there were any this side of Nashville.

THE FALL OF FORT M'ALLISTER.

From the Richmond Examiner, Dec. 15.

An official dispatch from Gen. BEAUREGARD, received yesterday, states that the enemy stormed and carried Fort McAllister on Wednesday. The same dispatch mentions the appearance of an increased number of enemy's vessels at mouth of Savannah River. The fall of Fort McAllister does not by any means involve the loss of Savannah, but we will necessitate the reinforcement of the troops defending that city. There was some heavy artillery on the fort, and it will be remembered that an experimental attack of Yankee iron-clads on this position, about fifteen months ago, was successfully repulsed. Fort McAllister commanded the entrance to Ogeechee River, and has prevented the enemy heretofore from ascending the river. We believe there are other works further up the stream, which would render the navigation of the stream by the enemy extremely uncomfortable.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 18.

DISUNIONISTS DOWNCAST.

Secessionists are extremely downcast over the unexpected reverses of the past week to their Southern friends. They attribute the loss of so many officers in the fight at Franklin, Tenn., to the fact that HOOD's men were tired of the war, and would not fight. Their officers were compelled to lead them, and for this reason so many of them fell in the contest. They also prophecy that HOOD's army will desert him, and never go back to Georgia. Besides thus giving up all success in the Southwest, these Secessionists acknowledge that SHERMAN's campaign has been a perfect success, because he was able not only to divide his army and march through Georgia, but even to leave the inferior portion of it to annihilate HOOD. It is quite evident, from all conversations on the street to-day, that the Southern sympathizers have given up all hope of their friends' success.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

A quorum of the Ways and Means Committee will remain here during the coming recess, for the purpose of maturing various financial schemes which have been submitted for their action. Secretary FESSENDEN is preparing a letter upon this subject, which will be transmitted to both the Senate and the House Financial Committees in a very few days.

THE RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

The Reconstruction Bill has been so amended as to meet the views of almost all the Administration Senators and Representatives. It will pass Congress at once, and receive the signature of the President. Louisiana will be admitted under its recent reorganization, and the delegation now here will be at once admitted to seats in Congress.

THE BILL RELATING TO UNEMPLOYED OFFICERS.

There is a strong pressure being brought to bear on the Senate Military Committee to defeat the House bill, dropping all unemployed general officers not on duty within the last three months. The Committee will take action on this subject to-morrow.

THE WHISKY AND TOBACCO TAX.

An attempt will be made by the Ways and Means Committee to get definite action upon the whisky and tobacco tax before the holidays. The Committee meet to-morrow morning to confer on this subject. Members of the House, however, are desirous that the whole subject shall be postponed until after the holidays.

DISTRIBUTION OF MEDALS OF HONOR.

Thursday last, at Maj.-Gen. HUMPHREY's headquarters, Gen. MEADE presented to the following soldiers medals of honor, which had been awarded them by the War Department, for distinguished gallantry in battle:

NAMES, RANK, AND WHERE DISTINGUISHED.

Sergt.-Maj. W. B. Hincks, 14th Conn.—Gettysburgh.
E. W. Bacon, Co. F., 14th Conn.—Gettysburgh.
Corp. Christian Flynn, Co. K., 14th Conn.—Gettysburgh.
Sergt. W. Westerhold, Co. K., 52d N. Y.—Spottsylvania.
Sergt. G. H. Dare, Co. D., 126th N. Y.—Gettysburgh.
Jerry Wall, Co. B., 126th N. Y.—Gettysburgh.
John Mayberry, Co. F., 1st Del.—Gettysburgh.
Corp. J. De Castro, Co. I., 19th Mass.—Gettysburgh.
Sergt. Benj. Tellison, Co. C., 19th Mass.—Gettysburgh.
Corp. M. C. Henson, Co. F., 19th Me.—Bristow Station.
L. Bundy, Co. C., 4th Ohio—Spottsylvania.
L. Morgan, Co. C., 4th Ohio—Spottsylvania.
Oliver Rood, Co. F., 26th Ind.—Gettysburgh.
Sergt. W. P. Thomson, Co. G., 20th Ind.—Wilderness.
A. Freeman, Co. E., 124th N. Y.—Spottsylvania.
Philip Haughter, Co. F., 73d N. Y.—Spottsylvania.
F. A. Bishop, Co. C., 57th Penn.—Spottsylvania.
Corp. C. J. Russell, Co. H., 93d N. Y.—Spottsylvania.
Corp. J. M. Kendag, Co. A., 63d Penn.—Spottsylvania.
John U. Ossel, Co. G., 7th Ind.—Spottsylvania.

Medals were also due Sergt. T. BRADLEY, Seventh New-York Artillery; Privates GEORGE HARRIS, Co. B, One Hundred and Forty-eighth Pennsylvania; and J. H. WEEKS, Co. H, One Hundred and Fifty-second New-York. The two former were sick in hospital, and unable to be present at the presentation. The latter died gallantly in the battle of Reams' Station.

THE BILL TO ENCOURAGE ENLISTMENTS.

To-morrow, Senator WILSON's "bill to encourage enlistments" will come up in the Senate. It proposes to free the wives and children of all the colored men who have and who may enlist in the Union army. It applies more particularly to enlistments in Delaware, Kentucky, West Virginia, Tennessee and Missouri. It is believed that by the operations of this bill more than one hundred thousand persons will be freed.

PERSONAL.

Hon. H. E. CHITTENDEN, former Register of the United States Treasury, is here to testify in the case of STEWART GWINN.

DEATH OF MISS MYRTLE MINER.

Miss MYRTLE MINER, for a long time identified with the cause of educating colored children in this city, died here yesterday.

EXECUTIONS.

On Friday last, the following soldiers were hung for desertion: JOHN THOMPSON, Fifth New-Hampshire; CHRISTOPHER LUKEN, Co. E, Seventh New-York; and CHARLES HAMMEL, of the same company, all of the First Division, Second Corps. WILLIAM KANE, *alias* W. CARTER, Eighth Indiana Volunteers, belonging to Second Division, Fifth Corps, was also executed in the presence of his division.

PARDONED.

Private JOHN MCNULTY, *alias* JAMES RILEY, Co. E, Sixth New-Hampshire Regiment, also sentenced to death for the same crime, was pardoned by Gen. MEADE.

The Late Firemen's Fight—Prompt Action of the Fire Commissioners—Both Engine Companies Disbanded.

A special meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the New-York Fire Department was held at Firemen's Hall on Friday evening, 16th inst. President, JOHN J. GORMAN, President, and Commissioners BONNELL, LAWRENCE and FLEMING.

The meeting was called to investigate the charges of Chief Engineer DECKER and Assistant Engineer WEST, against Engine Companies Fifty-three and Forty. These were the companies engaged in the disgraceful fight which occurred on Tuesday morning last. A thorough investigation was had. The Commissioners remained in session from 8 o'clock in the evening until 2 o'clock the next morning, during which time they examined about one hundred witnesses; they then adjourned, to meet on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock P. M. At that hour they again met, when, after a short consultation, they, by a unanimous vote, disbanded both companies, expelled their foremen from the Fire Department, and directed the Chief Engineer to take charge of their houses and apparatus.

The difficulty occurred on the 13th inst.; the complaints were made on the 14th inst.; the trial took place on the 16th, and on the 17th the decision was rendered and names of the companies expunged from the rolls of the department. In this prompt action and decision, the Commissioners have done themselves great credit, and will receive the thanks and indorsement of all worthy firemen and citizens. The firemen of New-York have proved themselves in many an emergency to be a noble set of men, and worthy the great confidence the public have in them, and it is a shame that a few unworthy members should thus bring discredit upon so worthy an institution. The department is now governed by gentlemen of responsibility and position, who are determined to rid it of all "roughs" and "rowdies" and restore it to the position it originally held. In this endeavor they ask the assistance of the public, and every complaint brought before the Commissioners will receive their immediate attention.

FROM SHERIDAN'S ARMY.

The Storm—The Trains—Sanitary Condition of the Troops—Deserters, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION, Wednesday, Dec. 14, 1864.

Sunday night and Monday, Dec. 11 and 12, will long be remembered, by those exposed to the inclement weather, which was at its height during the period named. The whole surface of the country had been covered with snow on the Friday night previous, and as there had been no intervening warm spell to melt the fleecy coating, it lay upon the ground in a light granulated form, so that the slightest puff of wind whirled it about in any direction. Toward night (Sunday) the mercury took another plunge, and went down so low as to indicate the freezing of all warm-blooded animals on first exposure. In the army, however, the men who suffered most were those on picket duty. These poor fellows, though frequently changed by the adoption of short tours of duty, suffered terribly. I do not know that any thus exposed were frozen to death, but a good many are reported to have had their ears, toes and fingers frozen, and more were thoroughly chilled through, and by the greatest exertions were only prevented from passing to the next stage of freezing—that of comfortable indifference and drowsiness.

Early Monday morning the wind seemed to take a fresh start, and gradually increased in volume and briskiness, until it blew a perfect hurricane, reminding one of Dr. KANE's Arctic experience, where he was compelled to lie flat upon the ice to keep from being blown along with the freezing current. The scene was rendered more wild and disagreeable by the blinding clouds of snow that were whisked up in every direction. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, several trains started from camp for the depot at Stevens' Station, (a distance of from eight to nine miles,) to obtain supplies; but in one instance, at least, the teamsters refused to move when ordered, they declaring it to be utterly impossible to control their animals in such a gale, even if they could keep themselves from freezing. Few blamed them for this disobedience of orders, and the experience of those who did move, was that their companions acted wisely, as, riding myself that morning to Stevens' Station, I had abundant opportunity to witness. At one exposed point, just as the pike emerges from the northerly side of Winchester, each team in turn as it came along was, in almost every instance, blown off the pike; several six-mule wagons were actually upset by the sudden squalls of wind, and quite a number of teams—the drivers being benumbed with cold—becoming unmanageable, took a short turn to the right, running away, and scattering fragments of the vehicles to which they were attached in every direction. Men on horseback were also occasionally brushed off the pike, horse and all, as if they had no more weight than a snowflake. The poor fellows—infantrymen—guarding the train, suffered terribly. A musket is a very disagreeable thing to handle on a cold, windy day. The courage of some of the guard utterly failed them, and they returned to the friendly shelter of the houses in Winchester, after making several unsuccessful attempts to pass the break place. Others trudged along as philosophically as it was possible to be under such disagreeable circumstances, and were cordially welcomed by their companions in arms upon arriving at the station. A ride in the cars to Harper's Ferry this frosty morning was attended by no very unpleasant consequence, though it took three hours and as nate possible a little more—to make the twenty-seven miles—and while the pauses to fix misplaced rails and other purposes were frequent and inksome to bear with, because of the plea of not making a connection on the Baltimore and Ohio Road at Harper's Ferry, still good feeling every where prevailed, and no one seemed to be afraid of guerrillas' for well they know that the old Boreas in his cold moods is quite as severe upon Confederate guerrillas' as people that earn a living in an honest way. Very cold weather, notwithstanding the popular theory to the contrary as effecting races, is individually a great enervator. I remember that under the old police system in New-York, respectable citizens felt safe from being robbed and garroted on biting cold nights. Outlaws being every where constitutionally the same, the frequent stoppage and the snail pace of the locomotive did not even suggest the possibility of an attack. On the part of "Deadheads" there is a gratifying consciousness of safety on a slow train, which they do not feel under other circumstances—the heirs of the class having no lien upon the treasury of the railroad company in case of a neck broken in a grand smash-up. The train eventually reached its destination in safety, and as miserable people, it is said, always like to see other people situated so as to be sympathized with, there was general rejoicing at the non-arrival of the train going East, which had been also delayed by the storm. The passengers said the disagreeable duty of trying to keep warm for several hours, when the long-expected train arrived and they went off rejoicing.

Harper's Ferry is not the most desirable town in the world to stop in. All the business of the place seems to be in the hands of a few men of the Shylock persuasion—about which I may have something to say at another time.

The inclement weather, of course, suspends all hostile movements by either army in this valley, and therefore there is, temporarily I hope, a dearth of exciting military news.

The sanitary condition of the troops continues to be good, and whenever the weather does permit, the troops being well in hand, can be moved instantly, and the different commands, with well filled ranks.

Here, as elsewhere, there is much anxiety to hear from Gen. SHERMAN's march through the Cotton States. There is an abiding confidence in the entire success of the expedition which never has been felt in a movement before; and this is partially caused, no doubt, by the fact that the Confederates of all grades hereabouts do not even hint at the possibility of his meeting with a reverse—much less a serious disaster. On the contrary, they predict that the movement will be an entire success, and confess it to be the most damaging affair to their cause that GRANT has planned since he assumed command of the Union armies.

Deserters from EARLY's army, detailed men, conscripts and refugees, come within our lines daily. Their stories all go to show a general despondency within the Confederate lines—particularly among Virginians, who believe this State is soon to be abandoned by Gen. LEE, to the tender mercies of Yankee soldiers.

I am gratified in being able to state that a detachment of Paymasters has recently reached this department, and among the troops paid off are those composing the Second Cavalry Division—some of whom have not received pay for ten months before. Money, to liquidate current expenses, come next in importance to food, to secure good fighting men.

E. A. PAUL.

The English Heptarchy and the American Union.

At the breakfast recently given in this city to Prof. GOLDWIN SMITH, of the University of Oxford one of the speeches was by Hon. SAMUEL B. RUGGLES, He said:

"When the history of the literature of our nineteenth century shall come to be written, it will record the fact that, in the year 1864, a learned and conscientious scholar, eminent for his love alike of truth and freedom, left his tranquil abode and quiet academic pursuits, in the venerable University of Oxford, to cross the wide Atlantic,—to behold and study a continent convulsed and heaving with the most widespread and bloody rebellion recorded in the annals of man. Like THUCYDIDES of old, who personally saw the events which his classic pen recorded, our modern student still deemed it necessary to visit the scene of our great American conflict, and, as an eye-witness, to survey the giant features of a struggle so far transcending, both in details and results, the war which the Greek historian has embalmed for the instruction of posterity.

"We congratulate ourselves, and still more do we congratulate the lovers of historical truth throughout the world, that a witness so competent and so impartial was here to behold the immense array; to carry back to Europe and into history, a political picture so continental, so multitudinous, and yet so simple and majestic. In behalf, moreover, of enlightened national government, the great necessity of modern times, we also rejoice that a judge so upright was present at the trial of the mighty issue, so distinctly presented, between order and disorder, between settled government and endless anarchy; to hear and to welcome the solemn verdict reverberating from ocean to ocean; to enter up and record the sublime and final adjudication which proclaims to the civilized world, that the people of the United States of America, and not a league of States or nations; that, by their own inherent power, they indestructibly created and constituted a Government—a political unit, one and indivisible—the creature, not of a compact, but of a Constitution—a living, growing organism, not to be dismembered, emasculated or enfeebled, but permanently to remain on earth, a great and beneficent continental power, in the full and undisputed exercise of its lawfully established authority.

Nor is it strange, that the far-reaching consequences of the great election of the 8th of November, worthy to be forever kept as a national anniversary, should engage the profound attention of our enlightened visitor, accustomed, as he is, by academic studies, "to trace the progress of humanity through all the ages." His range of vision, sweeping backward and forward through the centuries, discerns at once the parallel, not only in the past, but in the future, between the two great nations of the globe, whose fortune and whose privilege it is to speak the English tongue. For who can tell more truly than the Regius Professor, whom we have met to welcome the story of the birth of his own old England a thousand years ago, amid the throes of the dying Heptarchy? Who can estimate more justly the political insignificance of that miserable group of jarring and discordant States, some of them no larger than our own little Delaware, but each claiming to be "sovereign;" whose petty bickerings and lilliputian wars, during the darkness of four long centuries, are stigmatized by MILTON as no more worthy of historic narrative than "the skirmishes of kites and crows?" Who can prize more highly than our guest the statesmanship of EGBERT, or of ALFRED, in gathering up and fusing into a solid mass those wretched scraps of "sovereignty," reissued to the world as the single, undivided realm of "England," and sent down into history to play a part so commanding in the great drama of European progress? But what was the union of the Heptarchy, what was the genesis of that powerful kingdom, but the prototype and prefiguration of that transcendent event in American history, that great and signal act of statesmanship which evoked the American Union from a jarring, incoherent, and ricketty "Confederation," just crumbling into anarchy and ruin? What were EGBERT and ALFRED, as political architects, but precursors of our consummate HAMILTON and his patriotic associates, framers of the Constitution which called into being the Continental Republic of the Western World, to march side by side with England down the coming ages?

The striking parallel in the growth and development of the two great germs of continental power, thus planted by the British race on the eastern and western shores of the Atlantic, are obvious to every philosophical observer; but who can delineate more accurately than the scholar now before us the steady expansion of the England of ALFRED—the very root of the British Empire—not only pushing out and entwining its shoots around the British Islands, but grasping every salient point in the Mediterranean, the Gulf of Mexico and the far-off Indian Ocean? Who can behold with more honest pride than himself, the royal banner of the United Kingdom floating over the broad expanse of British America, the majestic basins of the Indus and the Ganges, and her own undivided Anglo-Australian continent beyond the equator, the mighty links in that continental chain, separated by intervening oceans, yet practically united in one world-encircling empire, by the omnipresent power of her imperial navy?

With possessions so vast, fruits of a national life so vigorous, is it for England to propose or even to desire the dismemberment of the American Union, the work of her lineal offspring in this Western Hemisphere? What if the narrow fringe along the Atlantic occupied by the Thirteen States of our infant nation has widened into a continental zone, studded with six and thirty stars, glittering from ocean to ocean, have we done aught but follow the parental example? With the blood of old England flowing in our veins, will she not permit us to prepare the wilderness she gave us as an inheritance, as a receptacle and asylum for at least her own overcrowded millions? Will she not consent to spare us yet a little, that we may uncover the mountains of gold and silver garnered up by Providence to meet the cost of saving our nation's life? Isolated as we are between two oceans, and confined to a single continent, how can we endanger the safety or the peace of the world? Can we become more dangerous or aggressive within our single continental belt of little more than twenty degrees of latitude, than Imperial England, with territory stretching nearly from pole to pole? Let us say to our friend and guest, and let him assure his countrymen that we, the people of this republic, united and indestructible, seek only to put to its proper use the portion of the earth which the Great Architect of nations has committed to our care; that we propose to make it the permanent abode of civilization, humanity and freedom; that we know the work which we are set to do, and, by God's grace, intend honestly and fully to do it.

Our valued friend has frankly told us that his sympathies for our cause in the conflict he is here to record, are due not to our "territorial greatness," but to the "consequences to humanity and freedom" which it involves; in a word, that our primary object in suppressing this rebellion, should be the abolition of slavery, leaving the preservation of our nationality to be subordinate and secondary. With all possible respect, we beg to assure him that such is not the sentiment of the American people, nor such the verdict pronounced on the eventful eighth of November. On the contrary, their judgment was and is, *that the Nation and its Government must be first saved*, as an indispensable pre-requisite to any effort to rid the republic of African slavery. That great preliminary work, by the blessing of Heaven, is now virtually accomplished. The necessary exertion of the military and naval force of the Union may not be fully ended, but the moral victory, establishing its national sovereignty, is complete; and it only remains for the Government, by a discreet but energetic exercise of the powers it lawfully enjoys, or may soon acquire under the Constitution, effectually to prevent the revival, by eradicating the cause, of the fearful struggle which has so deeply interested our honored guest and the friends of freedom and humanity throughout the world.

More About Medical Monography.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your issue of Dec. 9, in criticizing the financial statement of the United States Sanitary Commission, you say: "We will frankly say, that an item of nearly forty thousand dollars for publishing what are called 'Medical Monographs,' is an item which we believe the benevolent contributors to the fund never thought of." You will observe, on referring to the financial statement, that it is not said that forty thousand dollars were spent upon "Medical Monographs;" the clause in the report containing the extract is as follows:

"VI.—PUBLICATIONS.

Monographs on medical and surgical subjects, for the use of surgeons in the field and hospitals; reports of all kinds, documents, *Sanitary Bulletin* at *New York*, and *Sanitary Reporter* at Louisville, Ky., $38,800 37."

The commission is charged with the duty of aiding the National forces by every means in its power, with providing such supplementary assistance of a medical and sanitary character as the peculiar phases of the military situation may allow, or its means, derived from the gifts of the people, render possible. In 1861, when the National forces were gathering and organizing, and hundreds of medical men, leaving the routine of civil practice to enter the army and confront the diseases and casualties of camps and battle-fields, the commission undertook to publish a series of tracts, or monographs, on military medicine and surgery, and circulate them throughout the army, in order that the latest views of science might be promulgated, and thus the risks of the soldier's life be lessened. The following list will show the subjects treated of in the monographs, and the names of the authors who patriotically consented to write them.

1. Military Hygiene and Therapeutics. By Alfred C. Post, M. D., and W. H. Van Buren, M. D.
2. Control and Prevention of Infectious Diseases. By Elisha Harris, M. D.
3. Quinine as a Prophylactic against Malarious Diseases. By Wm. H. Van Buren, M. D.
4. Vaccination in Armies. By F. G. Smith, M. D., and Alfred Stillé, M. D.
5. Rules for Preserving the Health of the Soldier. By Wm. H. Van Buren, M. D.
6. Scurvy. By W. A. Hammond, M. D.
7. Miasmatic Fevers. By John T. Metcalfe, M. D., New-York.
8. Continued Fevers. By J. B. Upham, M. D., Boston.
9. Yellow Fever. By John T. Metcalfe, M. D., New-York.
10. Pneumonia. By Austin Flint, M. D., New-York.
11. Dysentery. By Alfred Stillé, M. D., Philadelphia.
12. Pain and Anæsthetics. By Valentine Mott, M. D.
13. Hemorrhage from Wounds, and the Best Means of Arresting it. By Valentine Mott, M. D.
14. Treatment of Fractures in Military Surgery. By John H. Packard, M. D., Philadelphia.
15. Amputations. By Stephen Smith, M. D., New-York.
16. The Excision of Joints for Traumatic Cause. By R. M. Hodges, M. D., Boston.
17. Venereal Diseases. By Freeman J. Burnstead, M. D., New-York.

Etc., etc.

The following brief preface introduces each monograph, and explains itself:

The attention of the Sanitary Commission has been directed to the fact that most of our army Surgeons now in the field are unavoidably deprived of many facilities they have heretofore enjoyed for the consultation of standard and medical authorities. It is obviously impossible to place within their reach anything that can be termed a medical library. The only remedy seems to be a preparation and distribution among the medical staff of a series of brief essays or hand-books, embodying, in a condensed form, the conclusions of the highest medical authorities in regard to those medical and surgical questions which are likely to present themselves to Surgeons in the field, on the largest scale, and which are, therefore, of chief practical importance.

The Commission has assigned the duty of preparing papers on several subjects of this nature, to certain of its associate members, in our principal cities, belonging to the medical profession, whose names are the best evidence of their fitness for their duty.

The following paper on * * * * * belongs to this series, and is respectfully recommended by the Commission to the medical officers of our army now in the field.

FRED. LAW OLMSTED, Secretary.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6, 1861.

These monographs have been of great value to the medical officers, and the means no doubt of saving many lives. Written by experts, circulating with the indorsements of high medical authorities, they have been eagerly sought for at home, and favorably noticed by those interested in military medicine abroad.

You will observe that the cost of the *Sanitary Bulletin* and *Reporter* is also included in the item referred to. These publications have been rendered necessary by the fact that the Commission depends for its money and supplies upon several thousand of aid societies all over the country, and these bodies demand and expect minute periodical reports, as to how their money and supplies are expended. Twice a month the *Bulletin* is issued from an eastern office, and twice a month the *Reporter* from a [western office, conveying to the aid societies the information they require. It is and has been deemed better for the commission to publish its reports in serial form, to secure greater regularity in its communications with the immense number of its branch aid societies.

The daily papers would not, on account of the pressure of other news, grant the necessary space with sufficient frequency; moreover the selection of a particular daily paper as the organ of the commission would have aroused jealousy in many minds, and disturb the harmony of our constituency.

Night Scene in the Harlem Tunnel.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The TIMES, this morning, announced that a breaksman was killed on the Harlem and New-Haven Railroad last evening. Nothing else was added. Perhaps a few words from one present about that time may add a little light on a dark subject. Yesterday morning was bright but winterish, and with my better half, I started to spend the day in Westchester County. About 4 P. M. we left on return to the city, congratulating ourselves on the propitious day and agreeable trip. It grew dark as we crossed Harlem Bridge, and shortly after entered that wretched subterranean upper tunnel. Suddenly the train began to slow. Soon it came to a dead pause. "What is the matter?" was the inquiry. My wife, quick at detecting trouble, said something must be wrong, as the engine was letting off steam. It was gloomy, dark, and yet I started to investigate, as some one remarked, the cars were off the track.

Well, this proved to be true. Getting out of the cars, with crowds of other passengers, we could see lights and confusion ahead. A policeman said a car was off the track and was across the rails. A man had been killed, and it would take hours to get things to rights. There was an express train in advance of ours, and a third one just coming up in the rear and others expected. Ascertaining the condition of affairs, I returned to the cars and informed my wife our happy felicitations were at an end. We must leave the cars and grope our way over the road, led with hundreds of men, women and children through the wretched tunnel, (which had no lights and dark as Erebus) to the stair-case, which we finally reached. There was a long file of distressed and discomfitted passengers, who followed in dreary procession through the darkness and storm, up a broken, slippery stair-case, to the summit of the tunnel. Everything was in doubt and confusion, even with those familiar with the spot, but to strangers, it must have been especially distressing.

Reaching the street, through the prompt aid of a number of Police officers, we set out for the Third-avenue cars. Only an occasional one goes up as high as Ninety-second-street, where we came out, and the rush for seats, and even standing room, was prodigious. After an additional hour's ride and walk through the snow-storm, we reached our cheerful fireside in Fourteenth-s reet, grateful for an escape from threatened danger, but with the pleasure of the day's excursion marred by weariness and this untimely incident. With others, such as strangers and ladies with children, it must have been painful indeed. This disaster occurred near where a more recent fatal one took place, but whether from defect in the road or unavoidable accident, it is to be hoped, will now be fully investigated and exposed.

The track was probably not cleared for trains before midnight. During this time not less than 2,000 passengers on twelve or fourteen trains, detained on both sides from the Harlem and New Haven roads, must have remained in a state of detention and painful anxiety. It was just as the commuters were going home, and numberless families were doubtless kept in a state of painful apprehension, to say nothing of the through passengers disappointed and annoyed. The dirty tunnels on this road should be lighted and the dilapidated stair-case repaired, if passengers hereafter are to be left in that decaying place, to reach the city by the Third-avenue cars.

A PASSENGER.

Military Population of the South.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

There is a statistical error in your Washington letter of Dec. 12, as follows: "It is estimated by statisticians that, within the limits of the Confederacy, one hundred and fifty thousand persons will arrive at the military age during the coming year, 1865."

Now, by consulting the introduction to the census report of 1850, you will find under the article entitled, "Population at the Military Ages," the following trustworthy table for the year 1861:

Entering on 18 years of age	277 500
Passing over 45 years of age	128,600
Difference	148,900
Deduct natural deaths of military age	57,000
Annual home increase	91,900

We make the following calculation from the population at the military ages of 1860 and 1861, including in the revolted States one-half the military population of Tennessee, excluding Western Virginia. The rebellious States have sixteen and sixty-five (16.65) hundredths of the military population of the United States; consequently, they have 16.65 per cent. of those arriving at 18 years of age. Sixteen and sixty-five per cent. of 277,500 is 46,203, the number in the Confederacy reaching the military age. This is very far short of 150,000. But if we take the annual increase, the number is much smaller. Sixteen and sixty-five per cent. of 90,000 is only 15,301. Considering that a large number will pass over 50 years of age, (which I believe is the limit in the Confederacy of those "robbed from the grave,") the real increase cannot be over 25,000.

Of course, the number entering the military age in 1865 would be greater than the above estimate, had not the natural increase been disturbed by the war. More than enough to counterbalance this increase have entered the Confederate service under 18 years. Furthermore, the Confederates will hardly gain, as volunteers from sympathizing States, as many as they will lose from those States partially in our possession.

From these facts, we see that the drain on the population of the military ages in the revolted States, is much greater than the supplies from all sources. The rebellion must, therefore, eventually yield from sheer exhaustion, which we could hardly hope for if the year 1865 should bring 150,000 new recruits, while 1861 furnished 46,000. Yours, &c.,

S. PARSONS.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Wednesday, Dec. 14, 1864.

The Registry of Southerners—Another Circular from Gen. Dix.

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST, Headquarters Maj.-Gen. PECK, No. 37 Bleecker-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1864.

CIRCULAR.—Attention is again called to General Orders Nos. 80 and 93, Headquarters of the Department of the East, which prescribe that all persons coming from the insurgent States shall report at these headquarters for registry.

Keepers of hotels and boarding-houses are again requested to send to this office the names of all individuals from said States taking lodgings with them.

The results developed by the registry fully justify the action of the Department Commander, and would warrant its continuance. The decision of the Canadian Court in favor of the St. Alban's raiders and robbers makes it imperative that the registering be pushed vigorously. It is a measure of public safety, which commends itself to all good citizens.

JOHN J. PECK, Major-General.

[OFFICIAL:] JAS. O. MCVEY, Lieut. and A. D. C.

Col. Lewis M. Peck, One Hundred and Seventy-third Regiment New-York Volunteers.

GEN. BANKS' SENTENCE REVERSED BY A COURT-MARTIAL—THE COLONEL ORDERED TO RETURN TO HIS REGIMENT.

The following order gives the result of the Court-Martial in the case of LEWIS M. PECK, of the One Hundred and Seventy-third Regiment New-York Volunteers, who was recommended to be dishonorably dismissed the service by Gen. BANKS for alleged misconduct during the Red River campaign:

CAMP RUSSELL, Nov. 23, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 13.—1. Before a general Court-Martial, which convened at Cedar Creek, Va., Nov. 5, 1864, pursuant to General Order No. 78, par. 3, Headquarters Nineteenth Army Corps, Nov. 3, 1864, and of which Brig.-Gen. JAS. D. FESSENDEN is President, was arraigned and tried Col. LEWIS M. PECK, One Hundred and Seventy-third Regiment New-York Volunteers.

Charge.—Misbehavior before the enemy.

Specifications.—Identical with those of General Order 87, Department of the Gulf, May 8, 1864.

Finding.—The court having maturely considered the evidence adduced, finds the accused, Col. LEWIS M. PECK, One Hundred and Seventy-third New-York, of the charge, "Not Guilty," and the court does, therefore, acquit him.

2. The court having duly acquitted Col. LEWIS M. PECK, One Hundred and Seventy-third New-York Volunteer Infantry, * * he will return to duty with his regiment. * * By command,

Brevet Major-Gen. EMERY.

(Signed,) PETER FRENCH, A. A. A. G.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—DEC. 17, 1864.

$17,000	U. S. 6s, '81..C.	117	100	N. Y. Cen. R.	117
18,000	do	117⅛	100	do	s10 116⅜
25,000	do	117⅛	500	do	116⅜
5,000	U.S.5s,5-20s..C.	109⅜	100	do	s30 116
30,000	do	109⅜	50	do	116⅞
5,000	do b5	109⅜	100	do	s10 116⅜
150,000	do new iss.	109⅛	100	do	116⅜
6,000	U. S 5s,10-40s..C.	102½	25	do	117⅜
6,000	U.S.Tr.N.7-30s, Apl. & Oct.	119⅜	1500	Erie Railway	93⅜
15,000	do	120	100	do	93¾
5,000	do O&A gm.	119¼	500	do	93⅝
23,000	U. S.6s,1 yr.Cer.	97⅞	100	do	b30 93⅝
3,000	Mo. 6s, issued to H.&St.J.R.	85	400	Hudson R. R.	116
10,000	O. & M. Cer.	35¾	100	do	s10 116⅛
20,000	do	b10 35⅝	5	Second-av. R.	60
11,000	Mich.So.S.F.Bs.	106	50	Stonington R.	130
10,000	Al. & T. H.1stM	101	100	C., B., & Q. R.	117¾
1,000	C.&N.W., 1st M.	99	200	Mil. & Pr. Du C.	83
5,000	Cl. & To.S.F.B.	108	100	Reading R.	113⅝
2,000	do	107¾	1000	do	113¾
15,000	P. Ft.W.&C.2d	104	500	do	113
2,000	Miss.& Mo. L.G.	87	800	do	113⅞
1,000	C.&N.W.S.F.B.	107	200	do	113¾
5,000	Mar. 1st M. B.	100	400	Mich. Cen. R.	129
15,000	Amer Gold	231	100	do	72⅝
10	Union Bank	120	100	do	s10 72¾
20	Mer. Ex. Bank	105	100	M. S. & N. I. G.	146
10	Ocean Bank	95	50	Panama R.	270
20	Market Bank	110	500	Ill. Cen. R.	129¼
1000	Canton Co.	36⅛	200	do	129
5	Del.& Hud.Ca Co.	215	100	do	s10 128¾
100	Cen. Coal Co.	s30 59	500	Cle. & Pitts.	108
500	Cum. Coal Pr.	49	100	Chi. & N. W.	s10 42¾
100	do	s10 48	100	do	43
50	do	48¾	400	do	42⅞
200	Am. Coal Co.	85½	200	do	42¾
200	do	86	100	Chi. & N.W.Pr.	76
100	Consolidated Coal Co. of Penn.	90	100	do	75⅞
100	Quick. M. Co.	b30 95	100	do	75¾
500	do	94⅜	500	Clev. & Tol. R.	112
50	do	94⅜	50	do	111⅝
100	Mariposa M. Co.	35¼	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	107¼
100	Wyom.V. Coal	78	200	do	s10 107
400	P., Ft. W. & C.	104	100	do	107
100	do	104⅛	100	do	106⅞
100	do	104⅜	25	Del., L. & Wes. R.	227
100	New-Jersey Cen.	176			

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

30,000	U. S. 5-20s, Old Issue	109¾	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	106⅜
40,000	do new iss.	109¾	200	do	c 106⅛
10,000	do	109⅜	200	do	s3 106⅜
65,000	do b3	109⅜	200	Chi. & N. W.	s3 42¾
3,000	Tres. N. 7 3-10s, (Ap. & Oct.)	101	2300	do	42¾
500	Erie R.	93	100	do	42⅞
1000	do	s3 93	700	do	c 42¾
100	do	c 93	700	do	s3 42
200	do	s5 93	100	do	s5 42¾
200	M. S. & N. I. R.	72½	200	do	s3 42½
100	do	b3 72¾	200	Clev. & Tol	113¾
100	do	72¾	500	Unic. & N. W. Pr.	b3 76
100	do	72¾	800	do	75
700	do	72	3,00	do	c 75
600	do	b3 72⅝	10,000	O & M. Cer.	s3 35¾
100	do	72	2-0	Canton Co.	s3 35⅜
700	do	s3 72	200	do	38¾
100	do	s5 72	200	do	b10 36¾
100	Ill. Cen. R.	128¾	100	do	b10 36⅜
300	do	128¾	100	do	b15 36⅜
400	Cleve & Pitts	107¾	600	do	3¾
500	do	s3 107¾	300	Cum. Coal	47¾
100	Quick. Min. Co.	95	100	do	b10 48
100	Mariposa Min	s3 35	100	do	b15 48

EVENING EXCHANGE.

$100,000	Amer. Gold	225	150	Rock Is.	105⅜
60,000	do	224⅞	100	do	105¾
20,000	do b3	225	00	do	s3 106⅜
30,000	do b3	224⅞	100	do	105⅝
20,000	do b3	224⅞	200	do	b3 105¾
20,000	do	224¾	300	North West	41⅜
50	N. Y. Cen. R	116⅜	100	do	42
100	Erie R. b3	92⅜	200	do	41⅞
100	Hud. Riv. R.	116	100	North West Pr.	s3 74⅜
200	do s3	116	100	do	b30 74⅜
100	Mich. S. R. b3	72¾	21,000	O. & M. Cer.	35⅜
1400	do b3	72⅞	100	Canton Co.	b10 36⅜
600	do s3	72⅝	500	do	s3 36¾
300	do b4	72⅝	250	Quick. M. Co.	95
100	do s4	72⅝	500	do	s3 95⅜
100	do s10	72⅜	100	do	b3 95¼
100	Pitts.Ft.W.& C.	103¾	100	Mar. M. Co.	34
100	do s3	103½	100	do	s3 35
200	do s3	103⅝	100	do	s3 35⅛
100	Mil. & P. Du C.	53⅜			

MONDAY, Dec. 19—A. M.

The Foreign Trade of the past week was remarkably light in the Import entries, while the Exports of Domestic Produce show a liberal total. Business generally is indifferently good in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise from store, but there is an active shopping trade going on for the holiday season. Money worked easier in Wall-street than the week before, but speculation on the Stock Exchange left off dull and lower on the Railways, the chief interest in the market being directed to the Government Securities. These are finding increased favor with the public, and were assisted on Saturday by the news of highly important military successes. South and Southwest. The Gold Room 11 ₩ cent. lower than on Saturday week.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

American Gold Coin	234⅜ @237¼ @223⅛
U. S. 6 ₩ cents., 5-20 years	109¾ @108⅜ @109¾
New-York Central	121 @115⅜
New-York and Erie	93¾ @92⅜
Erie Preferred Shares	103 @102⅜
Rock Island	105⅜ @108⅜ @105⅜
Michigan Southern	72¼ @72⅛
Michigan Central	120⅜ @134 @129
Toledo	110 @112
Illinois Central	129⅜ @128¾
Hudson River	114⅛ @113 @116
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	110⅜ @112 @108
Fort Wayne and Chicago	104¾ @103⅞
Chicago and North Western	43⅜ @41⅞
Almaden Quicksilver	93 @96 @92½ @95
Mariposa Gold	35¾ @35⅝
Cumberland	54¾ @47⅜
Reading	136⅛ @120 @116⅛xd

The subscriptions on Friday to the 10-40 years 5 ₩ cent. Gold-bearing Loan of the United States, were, altogether, in this city, about $1,500,000, nearly double the sum reported in our Saturday morning edition. The reports from the up-town National Banks and from the Sub-Treasury Office were subsequently added. Saturday's subscriptions went on raidily, and reached about *five millions*. The following reports have been received. The other National Banks, not heard from, will probably add at least $700,000 or $800,000 to the present total of $4,241,850.

Treasury Office	$1,113,850
First National	1,128,000
Ninth National Bank	2,000,000
Together	$4,241,850

The following subscriptions were made through the Ninth National Bank:

Lockwood & Co	$300,000
Pardee, Bates & Co	44,000
Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank	250,000
Charnley & Hatch	100,000
S. Schonnebum	20,000
Minzesheimer Bros	40,000
John J. Johnson	50,000
North National Bank, Boston	100,000
Manufacturers' Bank, Troy	50,000
Hailgarten & Harzfield	100,000
First National Bank, Newark	50,000
Vermilye & Co	250,000
W. B. Townsend, Jr	10,000
Robinson & Ogden	100,000
Henry Whitin	10,000
Mills, Knickerbacker & Co	100,000
Wicks, Smith & Co	25,000
Alexander Mayer	50,000
Ninth National Bank	261,000
Total	$2,000,000

The subscriptions Saturday to the 10-40 Loan at the First National Bank, up to 3 o'clock P. M., were $1,128,000, including the annexed amounts for account of the following parties:

Lockwood & Co	$350,000
R. H. Lowrey, President of Bank of the Republic	300,000
National Currency Bank	100,000
Harbeck & Co	90,000
First National Bank (for self and subscribers)	288,000
Total	$1,128,000

We understand that Messrs. LIVERMORE, CLEWES & Co., No. 32 Wall-street, subscribed $1,500,000, for themselves and friends, to the 10-40 Loan, through the Treasury-Office and one of the National Banks. Their list includes several leading members of the Stock Exchange. The subscriptions of Messrs. LOCKWOOD & Co., through the First and Ninth National Banks, it will be noticed, amount to $740,000.

On the Street and at the Stock Exchange on Saturday there was the happiest feeling on the glorious military news from all quarters in the morning papers. At noon the later official dispatches from Friday's battle before Nashville were currently rumored on the Street, and at a little later hour appeared in the newspaper extras. These signal evidences of the great victory contributed to the prevailing buoyancy. The Gold Room alone was the only exception. *That* notable combination of secesh and alien gamblers against the Public Credit could not, of course, afford to be jolly. It was expected, however, that they would make a vigorous stand against the effect of this news, as they had repeatedly done before, under like circumstances, but either the want of mutual trust in each other, or too much Gold from outside quarters, broke the price down 6@8 ₩ cent. At the Evening Exchange there was a further decline of 3@3½ ₩ cent., the price closing at 223⅜ ₩ cent.

The shipments of Gold and Silver by Saturday's steamers amount to $313,000, making for the whole week, $1,121,487. The shipment of Saturday by the Dale steamer *Glasgow*, not yet cleared at the Custom-house, said to be about half a million. The receipts of the week from California were $795,125. The old Banks of Philadelphia and Boston, nearly all of which have recently gone into National system, are said to be sellers of Gold, by way of making up the profits of their previous local charters.

The demand for the Gold-bearing United States Stocks at the Stock Exchange and on Wall-street on Saturday was active and at very full rates. The Railway list was less firm, and prices yielded ¼@1 per cent. on some of the New-York Roads; 2@2½ per cent. on Philadelphia and Reading and ½@1 per cent. on the Western Roads. There was only one session of the Stock Exchange Boards. The Miscellaneous Shares were steady.

At the close of dealings the following prices were made on Saturday in comparison with Friday afternoon; the market lower for the Railways at the Evening Exchange:

	Frid.	Sat.		Frid.	Sat.
U. S. 6s, 1881	116⅞	117¼	Pittsburgh	103	107¾
U. S. 5-20's	109¾	109¾	Northwest	s43⅝	42⅞
T. Certificates	97⅜	97⅜	N. West Pref.	76½	76
N. Central	117⅜	116⅜	Rock Island	107⅜	106¾
Erie	93¼	93⅛	Fort Wayne	103½	104
Hudson	116⅞	116½	Cum'land Coal	48¼	47⅜
Reading	116⅜	116⅜	Quicksilver	94	94⅜
Mich. Southern	72¾	72	Mariposa	35⅞	35¼
Illinois Cen	130	128½	Ohio & M. Certs	35¼	35⅜

The shipments of Gold and Silver by Saturday's steamers amount to $313,000

of low grade Mediterranean, Australian and South American at a shade better rates; also, some 675 bales Cape at 62c.@65c. for good, and 68c. for a very choice lot.

FREIGHTS—The market has been inactive, today, with 452 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool, the engagements included 25 tons Oil Cake at 7s. 6d.; 900 hhds. Tobacco at 12s. 6d.; 250 bxs. Cheese at 2½s; 5,000 gallons Sperm Oil at 22s. 6d.; 30 standard of Deals at 45s. For Antwerp, 50 tons Logwood at 25s. For Bremen, 400 bxs. Tobacco at 17s. 6d.

Movements of European Steamers.

		FROM AMERICA.		
Erin	Dec. 17	New-York		Liverpool
City of Glasgow	Dec. 17	New-York		Liverpool
Hansa	Dec. 17	New-York		South'ton.
Canada	Dec. 21	Boston		Liverpool
City of Manchester	Dec. 24	New-York		Liverpool
Cuba	Dec. 28	New-York		Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	Dec. 31	New-York		Liverpool.
Erin	Dec. 31	New-York		Liverpool.
Lafayette	Jan. 4	New-York		Havre
Africa	Jan. 4	Boston		Liverpool
Germania	Jan. 7	New-York		South'ton.
Australasian	Jan. 11	New-York		Liverpool
		FROM EUROPE.		
City of Baltimore	Nov. 19	Liverpool		New-York.
Glasgow	Nov. 23	Liverpool		New-York.
St. David	Nov. 24	Liverpool		Portland.
City of Limerick	Nov 26	Liverpool		New-York.
Canada	Nov. 26	Liverpool		New-York.
City of Cork	Nov. 30	Liverpool		New-York.
Hibernian	Dec. 1	Liverpool		Quebec.
Cuba	Dec. 3	Liverpool		New-York.
Louisiana	Dec. 6	Liverpool		New-York.
Kangaroo	Dec. 7	Liverpool		New-York.
Africa	Dec. 10	Liverpool		Boston.
Australasian	Dec. 17	Liverpool		New-York.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Guiding Star	Dec. 17	New-York	New-Orleans.
Creole	Dec. 21	New-York	New-Orleans.
Montezuma	Dec. 22	New-York	Tamaria.

*Via Havana.

For California.

Costa Rica	Dec. 13	New-York	Aspinwall.
Golden Rule	Dec. 19	New-York	Nicaragua.
Ocean Queen	Dec. 23	New-York	Aspinwall.
North Star	Jan. 4	New-York	Aspinwall.

European Mails.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, by the *Hansa*, will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

The mails for Ireland, by the *Glasgow*, will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

The mails for Nicaragua, by the *Golden Rule*, will close on Monday, Dec. 19, at 11 A. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	6:30 A. M., 1:30 and 6:15 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	6 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	8 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	3 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR GOODS

AT

POPULAR PRICES

FOR THE

HOLIDAY SEASON.

ELEGANT DRESS SHIRTS,
With French Embroidered Bosoms.

THREE AND 4-PLY LINEN COLLARS,
Holiday Styles now ready.

SILK, WOOL, MERINO AND COTTON
Undershirts and Drawers.

GAUNTLETS AND GLOVES,
New and Popular Styles.

ROBES DE CHAMBRE,
Elegant and New Styles.

UNION RIDING-BELTS,
For Equestrians' Use.

ROMAN SCARFS AND SHAWLS,
New and Elegant Styles.

LADIES' AND MISSES' GAITERS,
Velvet, Cloth and Knitted.

KNIT HOODS, SONTAGS AND CAPS,
Fashionable Colors and Styles.

RINGWOOD GLOVES,
White and Colored.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
For Traveling.

SUSPENDERS,

UMBRELLAS,

&c., &c.

A large and elegant variety of the above goods, entirely new and choice styles, many of them manufactured on the premises, and not to be had elsewhere, will be found at popular prices at

UNION ADAMS',

No. 657 Broadway, New-York City.

CERTAIN MATERIALS.

FURNITURE COVERINGS.
REDUCED PRICES.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
369 BROADWAY,
Are now offering their SPLENDID STOCK of Goods at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, and invite parties furnishing Houses to an examination of the same.
A LARGE STOCK OF
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

FRENCH BALMORAL SKIRTS,
AT GAYNOR'S,
NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS just received, also a magnificent variety of hand-made
FRENCH COUTILLE CORSETS
in all sizes.
The Trade supplied on
LIBERAL TERMS.
GAYNOR, No. 765 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.

CLOSING SALE OF
WINTER SHAWLS.

BROCHE SHAWLS from $10 to $150.

WOOL LONG SHAWLS from $5 to $12 50.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY,
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM,
NO. 252 BOWERY.
W. R. ROBERTS.

PEYTON & JOHNSTON, NO. 274 BOWERY have now opened an entirely new stock of BLACK and COLORED SILKS, BOUGHT AT AUCTION, at very
DECIDED BARGAINS!
BLACK GROS DE RHINE SILKS, at $1 25 to $1 75.
BLACK TAFFETA SILKS, at $1 62½ to $2.
RICH TAFFETA DE LYONS, at $2 50, worth $3 50.
HEAVY GROS GRAIN SILKS, at $2 50 to $3.
TAFFETA IMPERIAL, (Paris quality,) at $3 50 to $6; cost to import from $4 75 to $8 50.
COLORED SILKS—new and fashionable colors—at $1 50, $1 75 and $2—worth from $2 25 to $3 a yard.
EVENING SILKS—choice colors—very cheap.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
No. 274 BOWERY, near Houston-st.

AMERICAN
SPOOL COTTON.
PORTSMOUTH SPOOL COTTON,
the only six-cord cotton manufactured in America. Warranted equal in every respect to any foreign make.
For sale by FRIEND PITTS,
No. 769 Broadway, corner 9th-st., New-York.

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

DRY GOODS.

AT A GREAT SACRIFICE ON COST
FOR THE HOLIDAYS!
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
CLOAKS, BASQUES, SACKS, &c.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.)
Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION!
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, corner Grand-st.,
MOIRE ANTIQUES, RICH, FANCY AND PLAIN DRESS SILKS, INCLUDING A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF NOVELTIES FOR CARRIAGE, DINNER AND EVENING WEAR.
ALSO, AT STORES
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

10,000 CHEAP DRESSES
FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
PUT UP IN DRESS LENGTHS, AND ARRANGED ON THE CENTRE-TABLE, FOR CONVENIENCE OF CUSTOMERS.
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.)
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

ELEGANT NOVELTIES IN LACES,
IMPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS, POINTS, CAPES, FLOUNCES, BARBES, COIFFURES, SETS, HANDKERCHIEFS,
FANS, &c., &c.,
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.,)
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
AT REDUCED PRICES!
LACE CURTAINS, CORNICES, LOOPS, TASSELS, TABLE AND PIANO COVERS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS
IN EVERY VARIETY, AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.)
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
GREATLY BELOW COST!
EMBROIDERIES, HANDKERCHIEFS, &c., &c.,
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, (corner Grand-st.)
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

NOVELTIES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
AT
LORD & TAYLOR'S,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, corner Grand-st.
LADIES' ELEGANT BREAKFAST ROBES, RICH VALENCIENNES AND MUSLIN WAISTS, CHILDREN'S CLOTH AND POPLIN SUITS, BOYS' OVERCOATS, MISSES' CLOAKS, ETC. CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS, INFANTS' TOILET BASKETS, INFANTS' RICH EMBROIDERED CLOAKS, INFANTS' ROBES, SLIPS, SACQUES, ETC., ETC,
COMPLETE OUTFITS IN UNDER-CLOTHING,
READY MADE OR MADE TO ORDER,
BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

FRENCH MERINOES! At $1 10, worth $1 75 a yard.
FRENCH MERINOES at $1 25, worth $2 a yard.
FRENCH MERINOES at $1 50, worth $2 25 a yard.
FRENCH MERINOES at $1 75, worth $2 50 a yard.
FRENCH MERINOES at $2, worth $3 a yard.
Ladies will find at our store the largest stock of the above goods to be found in the city of New-York.
ALSO,
BLACK ALPACAS at 50c., worth 70c. a yard.
BLACK ALPACAS at 62½c., worth 87½c. a yard.
BLACK ALPACAS at 75c., worth $1.
BLACK ALPACAS at $1, worth $1 35.
ALSO,
BLACK AND COLORED PARAMATTAS at 50c., 62½c., 75c., 88c. and $1.
Just purchased at auction.
ALSO
THREE CASES OF NEW DRESS GOODS at 50c., sold within two months at 87½c.
BRILLIANT PRINTED MOUSSELINE DELAINES at 40c. a yard.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
No. 274 Bowery, near Houston-st.

A SUPERB STOCK OF
FRENCH AND BRITISH
DRESS GOODS
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION.
PLAIDS, POPLINS, EPANGINE CLOTHS, EMPRESS CLOTHS, TURIN CLOTHS, PARAMATTAS, FRENCH MERINOS, ALPACAS, &c., &c.
AND ALL THE LATEST STYLES AND TEXTURES AT EXTRAORDINARILY LOW PRICES.
CALL AND EXAMINE.
CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM,
NO. 252 BOWERY.
W. R. ROBERTS.

CLOSING SALE OF CLOAKS
AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.
CLOSING SALE OF CLOAKS
OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.
CLOSING SALE OF CLOAKS
AT COST PRICE.
SACQUES, BASQUES, CIRCULARS AND TALMAS.
ALL SELLING AT THE BARE COST OF MANUFACTURE, CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM,
NO. 252 BOWERY.
W. R. ROBERTS.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
FOR OUR HOLIDAY-TRADE.
NEW STOCK OF
SUPERFINE VELVET BEAVER BASQUES, ALL SIZES,
FRENCH BEAVER BASQUES, ALL SIZES,
ESQUIMAUX BEAVER BASQUES, ALL SIZES.
ALSO
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
VELVET BEAVER SACQUES.
CHINCHILLA BEAVER SACQUES,
FRENCH BEAVER SACQUES,
Rich and elegantly trimmed with Paris ornaments of the newest styles.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
No. 274 Bowery (near Houston-st.)

CHARLOTTE G. SMITH
Has an elegant assortment of
PARIS CLOAKS FOR THE SEASON.
ALSO,
VERY STYLISH GOODS PERFECTED TO ORDER, AT SHORT NOTICE,
OPERA CLOAKS, unequaled in this city
No. 1,142 Broadway, one door above 26th-st.

LAKE & McCREERY,
NO. 471 BROADWAY,
ARE NOW OPENING THEIR STOCK
OF LADIES' AND MISSES CLOAKS, consisting of ESQUIMEAUX, MOSCOW, FROSTED and ENGLISH WHITNEY BEAVER CLOTHS,
at greatly reduced prices.
LAKE & McCREERY,
NO. 471 BROADWAY.

RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
DURING THE HOLIDAYS,
AT GREAT REDUCTIONS.
Consisting of
THREAD LACE VAILS, COIFFURES, BARBES, THREAD and GUIPURE LACES,
REAL POINT LACE COLLARS, SETS, and HANDKERCHIEFS;
THREAD and GUIPURE LACES, COLLARS and SETS;
VALENCIENNES LACES, COLLARS and SETS.
VALENCIENNES HANDKERCHIEFS,
$2 and upward.
TAPE BORDERED and HEMSTITCH HANDKERCHIEFS.
EMBROIDERED COLLARS and SETS.
Together with a splendid assortment of every article in LACES and EMBROIDERY, all of which have been reduced much below gold valuation.
E. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 429 Broadway.

GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES.—KID, CLOTH and fleecy-line in great variety. Also, Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests and Drawers, Winter Hosiery, Mittens, Leggins, Hoods, Sontags, Scarfs, Saxons, Yarn, &c., &c., at low prices. N. B.—Ladies' Undressed Kids, at ELGER'S cheap store, Nos. 699 and 702 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

DRY GOODS.

AT KINZEY'S EIGHTH-AVENUE CHEAP STORE.
MERRY CHRISTMAS
AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR.
HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
COLLARS, SLEEVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, SCARFS, VAILS, SETS, NEEDLEWORK AND LACE GOODS.
RIBBONS AND VELVETS,
FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
NUBIAS, HOODS, BREAKFAST-SHAWLS, SCARFS, SONTAGS, &c., &c., CHEAP.
GLOVES IN EVERY STYLE, AND AT PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.
CHEAP LOTS OF HOSIERY.
PARIS FANCY GOODS.
OPENING FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
PORTEMONNAIES, CIGAR-CASES, BAGS, FANCY COMBS, FANCY HAIRPINS, BRACELETS, RINGS, LOCKETS, CHARMS, SCARF-PINS, BREASTPINS, CHAINS, EAR-RINGS, BUCKLES, BUTTONS, AND ORNAMENTS OF EVERY KIND, AND VERY MUCH UNDER PRICE.
TOYS
FROM EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE.
THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF TOYS AND FANCY-GOODS EVER SHOWN IN ONE COLLECTION IN NEW-YORK CITY.
OVER 25,000 PIECES OF
TOYS AND FANCY-GOODS TO SUIT EVERYBODY (AND EVERYBODY'S POCKET).
FORMING AN IMMENSE BAZAAR
OF CURIOSITIES.
MECHANICAL AND OTHER TOYS,
SHIPS FLOATING ON THE WAVES.
TIGHT-ROPE DANCERS.
MUSICAL TREES THAT REVOLVE,
BATTLES BY LAND AND SEA.
FINE PARIAN, EBONY
ALABASTER, CHINA AND LAVA GOODS.
500 VARIETY OF ARTICLES FOR
CHRISTMAS TREES.
FAIRS AND SCHOOLS SUPPLIED.
WATCHSTANDS, PARIAN VASES,
JEWEL CASES, INKSTANDS,
PERFUMERY CASKETS, TOILET GLASSES,
CIGAR-STANDS, PARIAN FIGURES,
WORK BOXES, ALL KINDS,
BOXES FOR FILLING WITH CANDIES,
STEREOSCOPES AND COSMORAMAS,
CHESS, DOMINOS, NINEPINS, BILLIARDS, LOTTERIES AND OTHER GAMES.
DRUMS, FIFES, GUNS, SWORDS,
WHIPS, FLUTES, ACCORDEONS.
DANCING FIGURES, ALL SIZES.
ELEPHANTS, HORSES, COWS,
REINDEERS, SWANS, CATS,
MONKEYS, SHEEP, DOGS,
PARROTS, GEESE, RATS,
TURTLES, LIONS, FISH,
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN GAMES,
DOLLS, EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION.
CROWING ROOSTERS, DINNER,
TALKING BABIES, TEA
BLEATING SHEEP, AND TOILET-
DANCING NIGGERS, SETS.
MUSICAL MEN, BOTTLES,
EGGS, BIRDS, CIGARS AND BABIES.
FINE ASSORTMENT OF BOX-TOYS, VILLAGES, MENAGERIES, FARMYARDS, SOLDIERS, SWISS FARMS, ENCAMPMENTS, SIEGES, BATTLES, FURNITURE, BUILDING AND LETTER-BLOCKS, PUZZLES, TRICKS, PICTURE-BLOCKS, METAMORPHOSES, SHEET FOLDS, MARKETS, &c., &c., &c.
STEAMBOATS, HOSE-CARRIAGES,
HOOK AND LADDERS, MONITORS
TRAINS OF CARS, MERRIMACS,
FOUNTAINS, EXPRESS-WAGONS,
WATER CARTS, MILK-WAGONS.
STAGES, CARS, AMBULANCES, DRAYS, &c., &c.
MAGNETIC TOYS.
CHINA MUGS, CUPS AND SAUCERS, JEWEL-BOXES, INKSTANDS, PINBOXES, MATCH-SAFES, AND A THOUSAND AND ONE OTHER THINGS, IMPOSSIBLE TO MENTION, FROM 1c. to $350.
DURING THE HOLIDAY SEASON, THE STORE WILL REMAIN OPEN UNTIL 9 P. M.
WM. KINZEY,
Nos. 221 and 223 8th-av.,
Between 21st and 22d sts.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
GREAT CLEARING SALE AT
DAVIDSON'S
264 BOWERY, 264
CLOAK STORE.
Must be closed First of January,
PREVIOUS TO
EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS,
When it will be reopened, along with the adjoining premises,
No. 264½,
under the firm of
DAVIDSON BROTHERS,
FORMING ONE OF THE
HANDSOMEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE CITY.
Stock now on hand will be sold at the following
SWEEPING REDUCTION:
SACQUES! SACQUES! SACQUES!
Sacques worth $12 50.....Selling at $9 50
Sacques worth $15.....Selling at 11 00
Sacques worth $20.....Selling at 15 50
Sacques worth $30.....Selling at 22 50
CIRCULARS! CIRCULARS! CIRCULARS!
Circulars worth $14.....Selling at $10 00
Circulars worth 18.....Selling at 13 00
Circulars worth 25.....Selling at 18 50
Circulars worth 35.....Selling at 27 00
BASQUES! BASQUES! BASQUES!
Basques worth $16 50.....Selling at $12 00
Basques worth 20 00.....Selling at 15 50
Basques worth 30 00.....Selling at 22 50
ESQUIMAUX AND MOSCOW BEAVERS,
IN BASQUES, CIRCULARS and SACQUES—Equally Cheap.
Mohair Black Silk Velvet.....$8 50
Lyons all silk Velvet, worth $14—worth $20 00
SHAWLS! WOOL AND BROCHE LONG SHAWLS.
BLACK SILK FOR DRESSES, AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, IN GREAT VARIETY.
C. A. DAVIDSON,
No. 264 Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
FULL LINE of ALEXANDRE'S LADIES' colored and black KID GLOVES. Prices below any house in this city.
For the Holidays—beautiful styles in Cashmere and French CLOTH GLOVES for children; ladies' and gentlemen's at 50c., 75c., 88c., $1, $1 25—our own importation, and very much under regular prices.
Embroidered COLLARS and SETS.
Full line of Linen, Plain and Embroidered HANDKERCHIEFS. Over fifty new styles in LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS and SETS, cheap. HOSIERY in variety.
Ladies' and Gent's WOOLEN SCARFS.
Also, handsome line of Woolen HOODS, SHAWLS, NUBIAS, SONTAGS, BREAKFAST CAPS, &c., &c.
Wholesale and Retail Customers will bear in mind that while we have never rated our goods beyond gold at 225, we are now giving them an opportunity, before closing this season, to purchase a good portion of our stock very slightly advanced above prices three years back. We are able and willing to do this for reasons best known to ourselves.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth Block East from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
RIBBONS! RIBBONS!! RIBBONS!!!
FIVE SHILLING PLAID RIBBONS, 2s. 6d. per yard.
SIX SHILLING PLAID RIBBONS, 3s. 6d. per yard.
DOLLAR PLAID RIBBONS, 5s. and 6s. per yard.
RICHEST BROAD PLAID SASH AND SCARF RIBBONS, 12s. per yard and upward.
We have also purchased from auction and balance of a jobber's stock, several hundred cartoons of PLAIN, BROCHE and SATIN BONNET and SASH RIBBONS, which will be ready THIS DAY, at prices far below cost of importation.
Every fashionable shade, from narrow to widest.
Also 200 cartoons of the cheapest BLACK RIBBONS offered this season.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen sts.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
New line of BLACK SILK BONNET VELVETS CHEAP.
Every shade in COLORED VELVETS, commencing at $1 50 per yard and up yard. Also, choice PLAID SILK VELVETS, at $2 50 per yard. Our Uncut and Royal VELVETS are $1, $1 50, and $2 per yard, every shade.
Cheap BONNET SILKS, MALINE and other Millinery LACES, under regular prices.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No 66 Allen sts.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND ST. CHEAP STORE.
NEW OSTRICH FEATHERS!!
NEW FRENCH FLOWERS!!
Large lots of Cloaks and Dress TRIMMINGS, SETS, ORNAMENTS, BUTTONS, JETS, BUCKLES, BELTINGS,
and every other necessary dress appendage.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st.
Entrance to Flower and Trimming Departments, No. 66 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE,
We commence clearing out our whole stock of Felt and Silk beaver HATS, BLOOMERS, BONNETS, and Fall STRAWS MONDAY.
Felt HATS, CAPS, SARATOGAS, ORIOLES, WATERFALLS, NAPOLEONS, TURBANS, FLORAS, SHERIDANS, at 5c., 10c., 15c., 25c., 40c., 50c., 75c., and $1 each.
Our $3 Silk HATS are now $2.
Our $5 Silk HATS are now $3.
Every Shade, All warranted new Silk Plush.
Clearing our $3 Scotch and Plain Turbans for Infants, at $2 each, bound with plaid and other Silk Velvets.
All the Straw Stock less than half price.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen-st.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

NOTICE, NOTIZ, AVIS, NOTICIA.
NO. 858. INDIA GOODS. NO. 858.
Foreign merchandise in the greatest variety, very appropriate presents, especially for the approaching HOLIDAYS,
for Americans, Europeans and Cubans, at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
This stock comprises curiosities, novelties, and useful and fashionable articles, calculated to please sensible people, antiquarians, virtuoso and others, who are welcome to inspect for themselves this most peculiar assortment of goods that is to be found.
FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, EIGHT FIFTY EIGHT (858) BROADWAY.
Just opened, unique French fans at every price; Chinese ditto; Indian Bird fans; Shaker fancy work and American Indian articles. INDIA GOODS sold on commission, or purchased for cash.
A Catalogue can be procured at the store or per mail.
NOTICE—The store will remain open evenings to January 1st.

MACHINE NEEDLES.
HAND NEEDLES.
BARTLETT'S Needle Factory, No. 442 Broadway.
BACKLE PINS,
GILL PINS, &c., &c.

VELVET, SILK AND CLOTH CLOAKS,
Different from those of any other house in the city. Reception and carriage cloaks; misses and children's empress suits.
CHARLOTTE G. SMITH
No. 1,142 Broadway, one door above 26th-st.

MILLINERY.

M. T. HIGGINS'
CONTINUED SALE
OF
TRIMMED BONNETS AND JOCKEYS,
AT
THE MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 126 SIXTH-AV., (2 doors from 10th-st.)

In consequence of the unpropitious state of the weather during last week, we have concluded to continue our GREAT SALE OF TRIMMED BONNETS AND JOCKEYS for one week longer, in order to give those fair weather ladies who were unable to attend an opportunity to reap the advantage of this our GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF MADE UP GOODS. Depend upon it, this chance to get a handsome Bonnet or Jockey for a reasonable amount is seldom offered, and the occasion is particularly opportune for those who wish to make a stylish Christmas present.

OUR FIFTEEN DOLLAR VELVET BONNETS,
WILL BE SOLD FOR TEN DOLLARS.
OUR TWENTY DOLLAR VELVET BONNETS,
WILL BE SOLD FOR THIRTEEN DOLLARS.
OUR TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR VELVET BONNETS,
WILL BE SOLD FOR EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.
OUR THIRTY DOLLAR VELVET BONNETS,
WILL BE SOLD FOR TWENTY DOLLARS.
OUR THIRTY-FIVE DOLLAR VELVET BONNETS,
WILL BE SOLD FOR TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

CHILDREN'S TRIMMED JOCKEYS, and
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED TURBANS,
AN IMMENSE ASSORTMENT,
FROM FIVE DOLLARS EACH UPWARD.

M. T. HIGGINS'
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 126 6th-av., (2 doors from 10th-st.)

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT, EDUCATED English woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can speak French fluently; is capable of taking full charge of the nursery; has good city reference; can be seen for a few days, at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISH WOman, a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has good city references; no objection to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED laundress. Protestant, in a private family; she understands ihating, &c.; has the best of reference from the highest families. Can be seen at No. 111 West 27th-st., third floor, back rooms.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; is a good baker; willing to assist in washing if required; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl as seamstress; understands hardressing; none but private families need apply. Call at No. 158 18th-st., west of 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A TIDY GIRL, WILLING AND obliging, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as general housemaid; washes and irons well; wages $7. Call at or address No. 193 East 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as laundress; has the best recommendation from her last place. Apply at No. 30 West 24th-st., Monday or Tue day.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable Protestant German woman as nurse; understands the care of an infant, and has good City recommendations. Apply at BADEL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A WOman who is a good cook and first-rate washer and ironer. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 109 3d av., near 11th-st.

AN OPERATOR AND PLAIN SEWER, with or without Wheeler & Wilson's machine, wishes to go out by the day; terms moderate. Call or address corner of 5th-av. and 5d st.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for city or country, such as cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, coachmen, waiters, clerks, porters, servants, farm hands, gardeners, boys, &c., can be immediately suited at the large Employment House, No. 134 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

"PHYSIOGNOMY ILLUSTRATED."—Alexandra, Princess of Wales, Miss Sally Muggins, Miss Fury and Florence Nightingale—with "SIGNS OF CHARACTER," and how to read them, in Jan.—double—No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents, or $2 a year. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y.

A LADY, OF LONG EXPERIENCE, AND just disengaged, wishes a situation to take charge of a house and family. To an invalid mother, or where there is no mother, her services would be invaluable. Address S. T. M., Box No 101 *Times* Office.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced young man in some wholesale or retail drug house; highest reference given. Also, for sale superior grocery store, 6th-av., doing large and fine business; dwelling attached; $900. Apply at No. 61 Chatham-st., Room No. 3, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man, who thoroughly understands his business; can show several years of the highest city recommendations. Address M. N., Box No. 218 *Times* Office, or Mr. Campbell's harness-store, No. 50 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS ASSISTANT book-keeper or clerk in any capacity, by a young man of good character, with unexceptionable references. Address, for two days, W. B., Box No. 175 *Times* Office.

WANTED,—A YOUNG MAN RESPECTABLY connected wishes a situation as salesman or assistant, has unexceptionable references as to character and ability. Address B. N., Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as book-keeper, assistant or entry clerk; has kept books for several years. Address M. E. C., Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a man who thoroughly understands his business; has six years' reference from his last place. Call or address a note at R. CAMPBELL'S, saddler, No. 50 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom; a thoroughly competent man will be disengaged in a few days; city reference. Address A. B., Box No. 100 *Times* Office, for three days.

FRANZ MULLER—PORTRAIT, PHRENOLOGY and physiognomy. "The Best Indian." A Sioux Chief, Deacon Phillips, 104 years old. A Scotsman, 132 years old, in Jan. No. Illustrated PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents.

TO STATIONERS—THE ADVERTISER A young man of steady habits, honest and industrious, desires a situation as salesman or general clerk with some stationery establishment in this city; has had seven years' experience in a down-town stationery store, and is thoroughly acquainted with the detail of the business, in every department; satisfactory references given. Views as to salary moderate. Address STATIONER, Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED gardener, who knows the care of hot and greenhouses, and loves his profession, can find a permanent, pleasant situation in a private place, any time before Feb. 10, 1865. Address AMATEUR, Box No. 179 *Times* Office, New-York.

WANTED—TWO BOYS, ABOUT 17 YEARS OF age, to write wrappers in a weekly newspaper office; must write a plain and rapid hand. Address, with reference, in handwriting of applicant and wages expected, Box No. 2,398 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A COMPETENT BOOK-KEEPER; one that can give satisfactory references as to honesty and capability, may address a note, with references, to P. & F., Box No. 122 *Times* Office, which will receive attention.

WANTED—A SALESMAN AND PORTER, IN A wholesale fancy goods and hosiery house, with good references and experience; salesman to influence large near by cash trade. Address S. LYON, Box No. 3,188 Post-office.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN A FIRST-CLASS stationery establishment in this city; a liberal arrangement will be made with a competent person. Address Box No. 2,566 Post-office.

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE, A YOUNG MAN who writes a good plain hand, and is honest and faithful. Address, with references and salary required, H. L. P., Box No. 175 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MAN TO SERVE as groom and coachman in the city. Address W. B., Box No. 156 *Times* Office, giving Post-office address, references and terms.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant young man who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of city reference. Address J. S., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A CHAMbermaid, who can also sew on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Apply at No. 11 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WAITER IN A small private family. One who can come well recommended may apply at No. 80 Front-st.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS SALESMEN; none but those having a large trade need apply. LATHROP, LUDINGTON & CO., No. 25 Park-place.

WANTED—IN A BANKER'S AND BROKER'S office, an intelligent boy, about 15 years old, and who resides with his parents. Address I. Z., Post-office.

WANTED—IN A LAW OFFICE, A SMART, active lad, who resides with his parents. Salary first year, $150. Address B. 3., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A LADY'S MAID TO GO WITH A lady to Nassau for the winter. Apply at No. 20 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A LAD IN AN OFFICE. APPLY AT No. 5 Coenties-slip, up stairs.

SEND 20 CENTS FOR JAN. NO. ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, containing Portraits, Biographies and Characters of Poets, PHILOSOPHERS, WARRIORS, CIVILIANS, MURDERERS; the good and the bad, the high and the low. To secure the PICTORIAL DOUBLE NUMBER, with PHYSIOGNOMY, ETHNOLOGY, PHYSIOLOGY and PSYCHOLOGY, send at once. Single No. 20 cents. For the year, $2. Please address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SALEM LEG.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE
OF THE
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
This is the leg which is steadily supplanting the many "best legs in the world."
The reasons for this may be learned from "CIRCULAR NO. 5," just issued, which DESCRIBES the leg, sets forth its ADVANTAGES, and contains TESTIMONIALS and all other needful information.
Soldiers entitled to a government leg can receive the Salem Leg WITHOUT CHARGE. Address
SALEM LEG CO., Salem, Mass.

FINE PLATED WARE,
Manufactured by the
MANHATTAN PLATE COMPANY.
Tea sets, urns, casters, wine casters, soup tureens, vegetable dishes, &c., &c.
In great variety.
HIRAM YOUNG, No 20 John-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn Long Island, N. Y.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—IN VIEW OF danger to be apprehended from floating ice, this board has ordered the immediate removal to Alexandria for the Winter of the two light vessels at Upper and Lower Cedar Points, Potomac River.
No lights will, therefore, until further notice, be shown from those stations. By order,
W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE LIGHTHOUSE BOARD,
WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 16, 1864.

VALENTINES.
I am now manufacturing, and ready to fill orders. Catalogues sent free on addressing
B. W. HITCHCOCK,
Valentine Headquarters, No. 14

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 19, 1864.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is FOUR Cents.
To Mail Subscribers per annum.....$10 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $12.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES,

One copy 1 year.....$3 00
Two copies 1 year..... 5 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES,

One copy 1 year.....$2 00
Three copies 1 year..... 5 00

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club Rates.
Payments invariably in advance.
We have no authorized traveling Agents.

Address H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—PANORAMA 2,000 FEET LONG, THREE MAMMOTH FAT GIRLS, WEIGHING One Ton! THREE GIANTS, TWO DWARFS, INDIAN WARRIORS, FRENCH AUTOMATONS, &c. DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—DON SEBASTIAN.

WALLACK'S—HOW SHE LOVES HIM.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SWEET HEARTS AND WIVES—THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

NIBLO'S—THE FAIRY CIRCLE—THE CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

HIPPOTHEATRON—EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTICS and ACROBATIC PERFORMANCES—MATINEE.

DODWORTH HALL—ARTEMUS WARD.

DERBY GALLERY—(No. 625 Broadway)—STATUARY.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, (Niblo's Saloon)—Every Tuesday and Saturday Evenings.

CRAYON ART GALLERY—PAINTINGS.

The List of Letters.

The list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Post-office, published officially in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES, can be consulted in the Business Office of the TIMES. It will be found upon a bulletin inside the building.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We need not epitomise in this place the War Department bulletin of this morning, for it is in itself an epitome of victorious results that could not be condensed, and will assuredly be read in full by every man, woman and eligible child in the country. The bulletin comprises dispatches from both SHERMAN and THOMAS; and in both cases and in every detail, they are all that the most sanguine and hopeful patriot could desire. The fact that SHERMAN himself announces his trip to have been an "agreeable" one, unmolested by guerrillas, that he found abundant supplies and that his army was in splendid condition, disposes of the whole of the abominable rebel trash about him which we have been compelled to lay before our readers for the last four weeks. While the fact that he announces the capture of Fort McAllister and its garrison, and the complete investment of Savannah with its garrison of 15,000 men, and its population of 25,000 gives ground for his assurance that it is already as good as captured. It is impossible for the rebels to feed this population of 40,000 for any length of time. Gen. THOMAS dispatch is also itself an epitome. His victory of Thursday at Nashville he followed up on Friday, continued to follow up on Saturday, and probably kept on following up yesterday. He has now got the rebels below Franklin; and from all the dispatches we calculate he has taken full ten thousand prisoners. If this be so, he cannot have destroyed, in the three days, less than half of HOOD'S invading army. Gen. THOMAS gives the outlines of several of the actions. The most important action, apart from those of the main army, is that of Gen. ROUSSEAU at Murfreesboro, in which the rebel Gen. FORREST is reported killed, and 1,500 of his men captured.

The detailed account, which we print this morning, of the great battle fought before Nashville, on Friday, the 15th, exhibits, in clear light, the skillful strategy of our Generals and the indomitable bravery of our soldiers. The enemy, according to this account, were completely outmanœuvred, and taken by surprise. Expecting that Gen. THOMAS would attempt to turn their left flank, they had carefully prepared their works, and made every preparation to repel an onslaught by our forces in that quarter. To keep up this fatal delusion, Gen. STEADMAN'S command was ordered to skirmish heavily on the rebel left flank, inducing them to mass their troops at that point, while Gen. THOMAS was quietly concentrating the Sixteenth and Twenty-third Corps and WILSON'S cavalry on his right. The result was that when the buglers sounded the advance, our right wing advanced rapidly between the left of the rebels and the Cumberland River, completely doubling upon a rebel division which the rebels had posted to blockade the river. A battery was taken here by our forces and sent to the rear. The rebels had by this time perceived that our attack on the right was a feint, and HOOD attempted to atone for his mistake, but he was too late, as our right had established a force on the main bank of the river, and were steadily advancing. In front of the Fourth Corps, about a mile beyond Aldin, the rebels had a strong line of works, detended by skirmishers. These were carried gallantly by assault, and our men, pressing forward, captured a second line of works, with one thousand prisoners. After manœuvering for some time for position, our force advanced upon the second line of intrenchments, that ran along the brow of a hill, about a mile beyond their skirmish line. This was gallantly carried in the face of a tremendous fire, and the enemy were driven in confusion from their strong position.

When the news of Gen. THOMAS' first day's attack on Gen. HOOD was telegraphed to Washington, the President sent a congratulatory dispatch to him, thanking him and his army for the glorious success which he had achieved. The Secretary of War sent a similar dispatch, as did Gen. GRANT, who was at that time in Washington. This accounts for Gen. THOMAS addressing his detailed account of his victory to all those gentlemen.

The Hagerstown *Herald* says: "On Wednesday last, an order from Gen. SHERIDAN stopped the travel of citizens between Hagerstown and Martinsburgh, and no one not employed in connection with the army has since been permitted to cross. We are informed, however, that travel is uninterrupted by way of Frederick, and from there to Martinsburgh persons pass freely over the railroad. Some contraband trade from this direction is reported as the cause of the blockade."

News of the great naval expedition reaches us by way of Fortress Monroe. The dispatch steamer *Elisha Hancock*, from Hilton Head, reports passing the fleet off New-Inlet, N. C., on Saturday.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Hibernian*, from Liverpool on the 1st, via Londonderry, on the 2d, arrived at Portland on Saturday evening. The news by the *Hibernian* is five days' later than that previously reported. A brief summary of the *Hibernian's* report was published in our yesterday's issue. Additional details appear in other columns this morning. The passage is reported to have been exceedingly stormy. Earl RUSSEL'S reply to the manifesto of the Richmond Congress, which had been communicated to him in a dispatch from the rebel commissioners, is published at length. The sum of it is that the British Government think they best consult the interests of peace, and respect the rights of all parties by observing a strict neutrality. Such neutrality Lord RUSSELL declares has been, and will continue to be maintained. There are some new outcroppings of difficulty in the Dano-German matter, Prussia demanding that the troops of Hanover and Saxony shall be withdrawn from Holstein, leaving the protection of that recently-alienated State to the Prussian army alone. The Franco-Italian Convention for the evacuation of Rome was under discussion in the Senate, and Gen DE LA MARMORA is reported to have said that the Venetian question was merely *one of vanity so far as Austria was concerned*. He also protested against the supposition that France coveted any portion of Italian territory. A riot had occurred at a meeting at Bristol, England, on the occasion of an intended celebration of President LINCOLN'S reelection. A crowd of rebel sympathizers attempted to break up the meeting, but they were ultimately overpowered by the aid of the police, and expelled from the room. The ship *Great Western*, with a large number of supposed recruits for the United States army, has finally sailed from Liverpool. The law officers of the Crown did not see sufficient reason for adopting legal proceedings. The death of DAVID ROBERTS, the artist, is announced. The destruction of a great Liverpool warehouse, valued with its contents at £200,000 sterling, is announced. The British export returns for October show a great falling off. The French press (of opposite politics) are discussing the possibility of President JUAREZ commissioning Mexican privateers to attack the commerce of France on the high seas. Dr. WINSLOW, the American missionary, is reported to have died at the Cape of Good Hope. The case of the *Rappahannock* had been fixed for the 5th of December, to come before the Court of Queen's Bench. The Inman steamer *City of Cork*, from Liverpool Nov. 30, arrived at this port at a late hour last night Her news is mainly anticipated by the *Hibernian*.

GENERAL NEWS.

The price of Gold fell *ten per cent.* on Saturday, and closed weak at 223 ¾ per cent. At the Stock Exchange the activity continued in Government Stocks, and at the Treasury Office and National Banks five millions were subscribed to the 10-40 years 5 per cent. Loan. The Railways closed dull and lower.

Says the Washington *Star*: "The rebel Brig. Gen. GRANBERRY, reported by Gen. HOOD, killed at the battle of Franklin, will be remembered here as the Rev. J. C. GRANBERRY, of the Virginia Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, South. He was formerly pastor of the "Church South" on Eighth-street, near H, recently purchased by the Hebrew Congregation, and now used by them. In Washington he served two years, and was then appointed to the College at Charlottesville, Virginia, where he was officiating as Chaplain when the rebellion broke out. As a Minister he was highly esteemed while here, both as a pastor and a pulpit orator. He was about thirty-eight years of age when he died, and his numerous acquaintances in Washington will regret his death in an unholy cause."

The monitor *Dictator*, Commodore ROGERS, arrived at Fortress Monroe on the 17th inst., after a very quick and successful passage from this port.

An official order has been issued directing that except they be immigrant passengers directly entering an American port by sea, no traveler shall here-after be allowed to enter the United States from a foreign country without a passport. This regulation is intended to apply especially to persons proposing to come to the United States from the neighboring British Provinces.

UNEMPLOYED GENERALS.—The House of Representatives has passed a bill providing that all Generals who shall not, on a fixed day in February, have been in actual service, shall *cease* to be connected with the army. We hope the Senate will consider with some care the scope and effect of this bill before they give it their sanction. Unquestionably many of the Generals now on the roll may and should be dropped for the good of the service; but we doubt whether the way proposed in this bill for determining who those Generals are, is the best that can be devised. Commanders in the field are not always above the ordinary weaknesses, prejudices, errors, and resentments of mortality; and they may, from very inadequate motives, keep subordinates out of active employment long enough to bring them under the operation of this proposed law, and thus inflict on them from neglect or wantonness a penalty which should only follow conviction for some offence recognized by the military law.

Take the case of Gen. AVERILL as an example. He was universally recognized by the Government and the people as the most gallant, active and effective officer in the Shenandoah Valley, at the outset of last Summer's campaign. Gen. SHERIDAN, however, relieved him from his command, for reasons which, however conclusive they may be, have never yet been given to the public, and which have never yet been examined by any military tribunal. It would scarcely be just or fair that he should lose his rank in the army merely because he cannot get an inquiry into the causes of his temporary suspension. The same thing is doubtless equally true of other officers who would be effected in the same way from the operation of this law.

The following has been given as the list of those officers who would be dropped from the rolls under the proposed bill:

Maj.-Gens. David Hunter, Ambrose E. Burnside, Franz Sigel, Samuel P. Heintzelman, Daniel E. Sickles, James S. Negley, John M. Palmer, Julius H. Stahel, Carl Schurz; Brevet Maj.-Gens. William W. Averill, George J. Stannard; Brig.-Gens. George W. Morrell, Samuel D. Sturgis, Eleazer A. Paine, Adolph Von Steinwehr, Jacob G. Lauman, Speed S. Fry, Mahlon D. Manson, Fitz-Henry Warren, Francis B. Spinola, Alfred W. Ellett, Thomas W. Sweeny, Robert O. Tyler, Alexander Schimmelfennig, Frank S. Nickerson, Gabriel R. Paul, Walter O. Gresham, James B. Ledlie, A. B. Underwood, Cyrus Bussey, William Bartlett, John B. McIntosh, George H. Chapman, Eli Long, Selden Connor.

We are confident that some method can be devised of sifting this catalogue, more just in itself, and better calculated to promote the interests of the service, than the one proposed in the bill now before the Senate.

To-Day's War Bulletin.

Official dispatches are not usually supposed to be a very fascinating or exhilarating kind of literature; but we venture to say that the people of this country never had a more agreeable chapter of history presented to them than will be found in to-day's bulletin from the War Department. SHERMAN, by his own hand, sends news of conquest; THOMAS sends news of triumph. Every line is luminous with victory. The sententious, swelling sentences are every one rich with such spoils as the great soldier loves to lay at the feet of his country.

The Secretary of War puts SHERMAN'S dispatch first in order; but THOMAS' stands side by side with it in importance; and certainly the last is not least.

SHERMAN'S first sentence reports the capture of Fort McAllister with its garrison; the second the opening of Ossabaw Sound and communication with the fleet; the third the investment of Savannah and the destruction of all the railroads leading to it. He then goes on to mention the splendid order of his army, asserting it to be "equal to anything;" tells us that supplies were abundant and his march most agreeable; that he was not at all molested by guerrillas; that he has not lost a wagon on the trip, and that his teams are in far better condition than when he started; that he has gathered large supplies of negroes, mules and horses; that he has destroyed over 200 miles of rails and consumed stores and provisions that were essential to LEE'S and HOOD'S armies; that he has captured two boats on the Savannah river, and prevented the enemy's gunboats coming down; and announces that he regards Savannah, which has a garrison of 15,000 men under HARDEE and a population of 25,000, as "already gained." Thus, in a few words, SHERMAN brushes away a thousand rebel lies, and proves his great campaign to be a consummate success.

The news from Gen. THOMAS concerning the great battle which he opened at Nashville, at 9 o'clock on Thursday morning last, which he carried on victoriously to the close of the week, and which is probably still in progress, is also of a most glorious character. As the result of the three days' operations, he had pressed the enemy from before Nashville, and away down below Franklin, and the number of rebels mentioned in the various dispatches as taken prisoners is not short of ten thousand, or a larger number than has been taken in any field engagement in the war, so far as we at present recall. We understand HOOD'S entire army to have numbered about 40,000, and if to the prisoners, we add those killed and otherwise put *hors du combat*, it will be seen what havoc has been made with HOOD'S army, and will furnish justification for the remark that it is completely demoralized. We did not at first imagine that Gen. THOMAS would be able to make pursuit for a very great distance; but his latest dispatch announces that he is pushing beyond Franklin. The notable cavalry leader, FORREST, the best cavalry officer in the rebel army, is also reported killed by Gen. ROUSSEAU at Murfreesboro.

We think it is evident, from the dispatches of Gen. SHERMAN and Gen. HOOD, that out of Virginia the military power of the Southern Confederacy is now pretty well broken up.

The Border Thieves—The Administration of Justice in Canada.

The summary of events and opinions bearing on the release of the St. Alban's robbers which we publish in other columns to-day, presents a variety of more startling features in the case than we had previously even suspected. It will be seen from the publication of the Queen's formal assent to the Extradition law of the Province, what measure of impudence entered into COURSOL'S decision. The alleged absence of the Queen's assent was all that this Dogberry attempted to rest his case upon, in releasing the prisoners. And yet the act had been formally consummated by the Queen in council on the 11th of October, 1861—more than three years ago. Nay, the order announcing the final passage of this act was made public at the time through the Provincial *Official Gazette*. And it is simply trifling with the intelligence of the community to say, that COURSOL did not know of the royal assent having been given.

It is, moreover, boldly charged in one of the French Canadian journals, that *the technical objections on which the Judge dismissed the case, were known to the Crown officers fourteen days before the decision was given.* If this is the case, the Provincial Government are clearly parties to the escape of the prisoners. We have a cock-and-bull story, it will be seen, that neither police, nor constables, nor any one with authority, could be found in time to prevent the robbers from securing their passage by the eastern and western trains after they got clear of the court. That is, in a city of one hundred thousand inhabitants, there was not force enough available to detain thirteen common criminals—although from one to two hours elapsed between the acquittal and the starting of the trains. Within that time, the Judge and the chief policeman of the city found time to collect the money stolen by the robbers, and to provide them with furs and comfortable conveyances to the railway stations. And what is even more strange than the conduct of the knave of a judge and his confederate, the chief constable, is the fact that the counsel acting for the Commissioners to have made no effort whatever to secure the rearrest of the raiders.

The Toronto *Globe* very pointedly intimates that the case is a clear one of bribery. The money stolen at St. Alban's was, no doubt, the lever by which this disgraceful perversion of justice was secured. And if the Provincial Government have any respect for themselves, they will see that COURSOL'S commission is at once revoked.

Pay of Army Officers.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Dec. 15, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your issue of Dec. 15 you make a misstatement calculated to do injury to officers of the army. In noticing the small pay of Government clerks, and advocating an increase, you assert "mechanics in all departments receive higher pay, *officers* and soldiers in the army have had their pay enhanced," &c. The pay of enlisted men has been enhanced, but the pay of officers has been increased in no particular, and in the matter of commutation of forage and mileage has been very considerably *reduced* since the outbreak of the war. Moreover, the pay of an officer in the field is at least one-third less than the pay of that officer in other positions. Officers are willing to serve at their present salaries if it is impossible for the country to give them more without great embarrassment. If they do so, however, they should receive full credit for it as an act of patriotism. I am yours respectfully,

A. R. WISTAR,
Lieutenant Seventeenth U. S. Infantry.

In our former comments on this subject we inadvertently fell into the error pointed out by our correspondent. His remarks are pertinent and just. Whether the pay of officers in the army is sufficient to afford a decent support to them and to their families, we are not familiar enough with the facts to say. But if not, it should be made so. We see no reason why the Government should receive the time, labor and services of those in its employ for less than fair pay—such pay as would be deemed just and fair for similar services in the ordinary evocations of life. We are opposed to extravagant salaries, and to any system of perquisites which enables office-holders to make large profits out of public place; but we see no reason why the Government should insist upon being served at less than a fair and ordinary recompence.

DISGRACEFUL NEGLECT OF SOLDIERS IN NEW-YORK.—There were forty or fifty soldiers, many of them sick and wounded, left yesterday afternoon, for two or three hours, on the pavement round the station at Twenty-seventh-street, previous to the departure of the Boston train. Why men should be brought to the station in ambulances, and then dumped on the sidewalk, to sit on door-steps or stand in slush, we do not know; but we do know that such things ought not to happen, and it is a disgrace to the city that they should happen. A large number of sick and disabled men pass through New-York nearly every day, on their way East, and either the station ought to be open and warmed for their reception on Sundays, at whatever hour they may arrive, or else there ought to be a waiting-room provided in the neighborhood for their accommodation.

If neither the Government nor the railroad company will attend to this matter, the public ought to do so. We commend the matter to the consideration of the gentlemen who have been engaged in getting up the turkey donations for the army. A very small rill of the munificence which provided the Thanksgiving dinner, would secure a warm room and comfortable seats near Twenty-seventh-street, for the unfortunates who are dragging themselves homeward from the front. Sick men deposited on the sidewalk on Sunday, in a December thaw, is not a pleasant or creditable spectacle in the richest city on the continent.

THE ARMING OF SLAVES AT THE SOUTH.—In our special Washington dispatches this morning may be found the pith of a singular article from the Richmond *Enquirer* on the subject of arming and emancipating the slaves. There is internal evidence in the article that the writer has been more or less officially inspired. The argument is, that when the South has already come down so far from its independent stand-point as to supplicate foreign nations for help, it must be prepared to receive such help on the conditions on which alone it will be given, viz.: the abolition of slavery. If the Confederacy, moreover, agree to abolish slavery, the writer contends, it will not be necessary to go to European nations for protection; they will at once accord recognition to the South, and follow it up, if necessary, with forcible intervention. Minor arguments, based on the special military exigencies of the crisis, are advanced to show that arming and emancipating the slaves are not only measures of possible expediency, but that they are measures absolutely necessary to the continued existence of the Southern conspiracy. Gen. LEE'S opinion is cited by the *Enquirer* to sustain the policy it urges. And we have no doubt that the editor, by this time, might draw a considerable number of additional arguments on the same side, from the progress of affairs around Nashville, Wilmington and Savannah.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST REBEL INCURSIONS.—An order has been promulgated by the Secretary of State which makes it incumbent that all persons, excepting those who come under the class of emigrants, hereafter arriving in the United States, shall show a passport from the Consul or Minister of the State to which they belong. This is, of course, mainly intended to apply to incomers from the neighboring Canadian Provinces. The people of the Colonies have their own judicial and executive officers to thank for this disagreeable change in the terms of intercourse between the two countries. The passport is a very great nuisance we all admit. But it must be borne with until a different sort of neutrality comes to be practiced over the border.

Death of Myron Winslow, D. D., L.L.D.

This distinguished Missionary and Oriental scholar, as we learn of the last arrival from Europe, died at the Cape of Good Hope, while on his way from India to England. He was seventy-six years of age, and had been forty-five years in the service of the American Board. No just conception of his valuable and eventful life can be given in this place, and we merely give a few facts of his career.

Dr. WINSLOW came from the old WINSLOW family of New-England, inheriting all their vigor of intellect and purity of character. But recently we recorded the death of his brothers. One of them was the late Rev. Dr. WINSLOW, of the Sanitary Commission, and the other Rev. HUBBARD WINSLOW, D. D., the eminent divine and author who died last August.

Dr. WINSLOW graduated at college with the valedictory, and after a course of study at Andover, Mass., sailed in 1819 for Ceylon, where are laid the first scenes of his missionary career. He was a pioneer in the work of Christianizing India, and no man has so impressed that land with the influences of truth and religious liberty as has Dr. WINSLOW.

The chief labors of Dr. WINSLOW were at Madras. As General Secretary of that and other missions, as President of the Madras College, and the head of the native schools, he had abundant and incessant labors to perform. The college numbered several hundred students. The care of a native church also devolved upon him. But Dr. WINSLOW accomplished other objects of importance. He published a "History of Missions," "Hints on Missions," and translated the Bible into Tamil. A short time since, he was enabled to bring to a successful close his great "Tamil and English Lexicon," upon which he had labored over twenty years. The work has been, by competent authority, pronounced the greatest achievement of any American scholar and missionary. It is a quarto of 1,000 pages, and 68,000 words transmitted into English, of which one half were collected by the author. The dictionary is a complete one, containing the mythology of India, names of heroes, poets, warriors, &c., definitions and illustrations of the Brahmaic tongue. It is a work greatly needed in christianizing and civilizing that people, and the native and English press have been loud in their expression of thanks to the author.

Dr. WINSLOW has closed a long life of the most eminent usefulness and devotion. How well he has fulfilled his mission, the work and labors of nearly half a century declare in influences which never die. The friends of missionary enterprise all over the world will not soon forget the name and the works of MYRON WINSLOW.

Amusements.

The matinée on Saturday was brilliantly attended, fully sixteen hundred ladies—without counting the other sex—being present on the occasion. The condition of the weather did not promise such a flattering result. It proves, however, that "Don Sebastian" has taken a firm hold of the public fancy. The applications at the Box office for a repetition have been so numerous that Mr. MARETZEK has concluded to give the opera once more to-night. There will be no performance at the Academy to-morrow evening, the house being required for a final rehearsal of "Fra Diavolo," which will be produced positively on the following (Wednesday) evening. The season ends with the present week.

An informal meeting has been held on the subject of the new opera house. Two plots of ground have been found suitable for the proposed edifice—one located on Madison-square, the other a little lower down town and having entrances on Broadway and Fifth-avenue. Either would be convenient and good. In point of convenience, the Fourteenth-street Academy is by no means well situated. It is isolated by too many crossings, whose normal condition is extreme dirt. The approaches, too, are dark, and on crowded nights there is danger from the many vehicles and the little management. The new house will be on a leading thoroughfare and free from these objections. It will not be so large as the Academy—so far as the open part of the auditorium is concerned—but it will seat fully as many spectators. Every seat will be at the disposal of the public. In the Fourteenth-street house two hundred of the best places are reserved for the stockholders who pay nothing. These two hundred seats alone will leave a handsome profit on the investment, being for the most part box seats and worth $600 per night, or $60,000 for the usual season of Italian opera. It is calculated that the new house will realize a rental of $80,000 per year.

The announcements at the various theatres to-night are as follows: At Wallack's, the new comedy called "How She Loves Him;" at the Winter Garden, Mr. EDWIN BOOTH in "Hamlet;" at the Olympic Theatre, the "Streets of London:" at Niblo's, (Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS,) the "Fairy Circle" and "Customs of the Country;" at the Broadway Theatre, (Mr. J. E. OWENS,) "Sweethearts and Wives" and the "People's Lawyer;" at Barnum's, (afternoon) "Deborah, or the Jewish Maiden's Wronga," and (evening) "Linda di Chamouni:" at the French Theatre, (to-morrow night) "Le Poudre aux Yeux" and "Mons. Etoile;" at Dodworth's Hall, "Artemus Ward Among the Mormons;" at the Hippotheatron, a splendid new equestrian programme; at Van Amburgh's Menagerie, wild animals, monkeys, &c., &c.

Mr. ROBERT HELLER announces an entire change of programme for to-night. It is the fourth bill he has issued since he commenced last Fall. No better proof can be given of the gentleman's popularity. In addition to a variety of new tricks, solos, jokes, &c., Mr. HELLER will produce a new Christmas pantomime called "Harlequin Santa Claus, and the Magic Closet."

The Christmas pantomime at the Hippotheatron is by a well-known literary gentleman of this city, and will be produced in the good old style on Monday next. It is called "Harlequin Blue-Beard."

The second concert of the Philharmonic Society of New-York took place at the Academy of Music on Saturday. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, the attendance was more than ordinarily good. The programme was most excellently interpreted by the orchestra, under Mr. THEODORE EISFELD, and by the members of the German Leiderkraus, under Mr. PAUR. We do not remember, in fact, to have ever attended a more artistically creditable performance. What was lacking in the way of novelty was more than made up in the matter of precision. MENDELSSOHN'S well-known Scotch Symphony was the principal instrumental attraction, and its graceful fancies and quaint reflection of Scotch themes and rhythms were never more completely presented. The "Scherzo," as usual, was most enjoyed by the audience, but the grand finale, with its majestic subject and vigorous handling, was heartily applauded. Two overtures were also given—that to the "Magic Flute," by MOZART, and that to "King Lear," by BERLIOZ—the latter one of the best and clearest productions of its author's pen. Mr. BERGNER was the only instrumental soloist, and played with much ability a concerto for the violoncello by Mr. F. L. RITTER, a resident composer. Mr. BERGNER'S technical skill and large style are well known to the public, and were strikingly exhibited in the performance of this difficult and eccentric work. The concerto has, we believe, been shortened, and perhaps it has lost some of its form by the operation. It certainly possesses but little of this quality in its present shape. Still it is an effective show-piece, and is filled with scraps of almost every kind of musical knowledge. The orchestral partition is especially well treated. A pretty chorus for male voices by F. ABT, called "Die stille Wasserrose," was most charmingly sung by the members of the German Liederkranz, and—less successfully—MENDELSSOHN'S "Festgesang an die Kimstler." The next Philharmonic concert takes place on Jan. 28. SCHUMANN'S Symphony No. 1, in B flat; the overture to "Egmont," by BEETHOVEN," and the overture to "Iphigenie," by GLUCK, will, in the interim, be properly rehearsed under Mr. EISFELD'S direction.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—M. BOUCICAULT'S comedietta called "How She Loves Him," has been received with unquestionable favor at this house, and will be repeated several times during the present week. Its success is due, not merely to the merit of the dialogue, but to the excellent distribution which the piece enjoys. In other respects there is not, critically considered, much to speak about. The plot is too slight to lead the spectator to a strong *dénouement*, and it speedily becomes from mere thinness hopelessly knotted and tangled, so that midway one has already lost all concern for it. The interest thereafter depends entirely on the characters. These are pleasantly sketched, and more original than we are apt to expect in Mr. BOUCICAULT'S later productions. Not a jot of their freshness is wasted on the members of WALLACK'S excellent company. Had the parts been tailored for the separate artists, they could not have fitted more exactly. Mr. JOHN WALLACK is perfectly expellent as the stuttering hero, who loves his wife, and yet is divorced from her. The character requires tact and good taste. Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES, as the young and pouting wife, was equally admirable. It is one of her very best impersonations, and the merit is more particularly due to her as the part itself is embarrassing. Mr. GILBERT'S *Sir Richard*, Mr. NORTON'S *Diogenes*, Mr. FLOYD'S *Yawley*, Miss MARY GANNON'S *Atalanta*, and Miss FANNY MORANT'S *Lady Selina Rafflelicket*, were all equally good. Nothing indeed can be better played than this little piece, which we may here add has been placed on the stage with the usual elegance of the establishment.

VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE.—If we have not referred to Signor Victor (educated in Italy) in a preliminary way, it has been from motives of prudence. With every disposition to be valiant, there seemed, in this instance, a chance of becoming foolhardy. Since the advent of Signor Victor, the newspapers, the brick piles, the fences, the vacant lots, have bristled with fierce annunciations of his undaunted spirit; with gallopticus rhapsodies on his own genius; with withering expressions of contempt for other people's infirmities, and with rather disturbing allusions to his skill in the use of small arms. Not having been educated in Italy ourselves, we have—as a mere matter of honest pride—longed for an opportunity of calling Signor Victor a humbug. What, indeed, could be more conclusive on the subject than the fact of his being educated in a country whose chief industry is organ-grinding, and principal export maccaroni. But we would have fallen into a grave error if we had given way to our patriotic feelings. Signor Victor is no humbug. He is an artist of rare parts, and is the civilest creature we have ever met. It does not detract from the Signor's merits that he possesses a tail. As a tail, it is remarkably well proportioned, and curls gracefully at the end. In a word, Signor Victor is a monkey, and having been educated in Italy, is a credit to the Mother of Arts. He possesses all the natural graces of his kind, and many of the accomplishments of the two-legged animal. He is never tedious, however. Go and see him by all means.

SLAVES FOR THE REBEL ARMY.

The Richmond Enquirer on the Arming of Slaves—Gen. Lee said to be Favorable to the Project—The South willing to Sacrifice Slavery for Independence.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 18.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of Friday, Dec. 16, in a semi-official editorial in favor of arming the slaves; contains the following:

"When we supplicate European nations for help, we must be prepared to receive it on their conditions; which will be the abolition of slavery. If we are prepared to abolish slavery, it will not be necessary to go to European nations for protection, they will give us not only recognition, but will follow recognition with such intervention as will secure nationality and liberty."

It goes on to state that Gen. R. E. LEE has written a letter to W. PORCHER MILES, of South Carolina, Chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, in favor of arming negroes. It argues that "SHERMAN, when he gets to the coast, will tarry there only long enough to rest and recruit his men, and then take shipping for City Point, to act in the spring as a movable column upon our lines of communication, and this necessitates a like column on our part."

Continuing in an attempt to show that their present army is unable to stem the torrent, it says:

"Shall we prolong the war for the sake of our negroes? Shall we sacrifice our children to preserve our slaves? Shall we exhaust our country, destroy our noble defenders and endanger every institution rather than test an experiment that may give us the means of recruiting our army, of assuming the offensive, and of conquering a speedy peace? Neither rhetoric nor argument nor authority can determine whether the negroes will make for us faithful soldiers. The experiment must test and decide this question. Gen. LEE asks that this experiment be made. For us this is sufficient. Never will we put our prejudices against his deliberate judgment and advice. He is a rash man that does. He is not a wise man that imposes responsibilities and yet withholds means for their accomplishment."

The *Enquirer* concludes the subject as follows:

"But we hate, detest and despise the enemy far more than we love and admire slavery. If our liberties cannot be gained but by the sacrifice of slavery, we are prepared to make that sacrifice and to urge that sacrifice upon our countrymen. We would not return into the Union if every slave could be returned to his master, and if every guarantee that human ingenuity could devise, were secured for the protection of the 'institution,' we prefer liberty with free society to reunion upon the securest basis of slavery. Such we believe to be the sentiment of the people of Virginia; but we know that great moral doubts beset this question of arming the negroes, and yet the experiment ought to be tested, and the fact ascertained, whether negroes will make soldiers.

THE PASSPORT SYSTEM.

Important Circular from the Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 18.

The following was to-day officially promulgated:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 17, 1864.

The President directs that, except immigrant passengers directly entering an American port by sea, no traveler shall hereafter be allowed to enter the United States from a foreign country, without a passport. If a citizen, the passport must be from this Department, or from some United States Minister or Consul abroad; and if an alien, from the competent authority of his own country, the passport to be countersigned by a diplomatic agent or consul of the United States. This regulation is intended to apply especially to persons proposing to come to the United States from the neighboring British provinces. Its observance will be strictly enforced by all officers, civil, military and naval, in the service of the United States; and the State and municipal authorities are requested to aid in its execution. It is expected here that no immigrant passenger coming by sea in the manner aforesaid, will be obstructed, or any other person who may set out on their way hither before intelligence of this regulation could reasonably be expected to reach the country from which they may have started.

(Signed,) WILLIAM H. SEWARD,
Secretary of State.

Appointments by Gov. Fenton.

Hon. REUBEN E. FENTON, the newly-elected Governor, has made the following appointments:

Adjutant-General.—Col. WM. IRVINE, of Steuben.
Inspector-General.—G. S. BATCHELDOR, of Saratoga.
Quartermaster-General.—E. A. MERRITT, of St. Lawrence.
Judge-Advocate-General.—A. W. HARVEY, of Erie.
Engineer-in-Chief.—Col. JAS. B. SWAINE, of Westchester.
Surgeon-General.—S. O. WILLARD, of Albany.
Paymaster-General.—S. E. MAVINE, of Chautauque.
Executive Messenger.—JAMES KILBURN, of Albany.

LECTURE ON CHEMISTRY.—The fourth lecture of the interesting series on pneumatics and chemistry, by Prof. DOREMUS, takes place this evening.

Fine Arts.

We direct attention to the valuable collection of Dusseldorf pictures now on view at the Crayon Gallery, No. 756 Broadway. It contains specimens by the very best masters of the German school, and is eminently worthy of the consideration of artists, collectors and amateurs. The gallery is free.

New-York Medical Institute,

No. 8 Union-square, opposite Washington's Statue.
MEDICATED ELECTRICITY
ADMITTED TO BE THE GREATEST OF ALL HUMAN DISCOVERIES.

This new science, destined to consign to oblivion the orthodox theories both of the past and present age, is now so thoroughly perfected by the faculty of the New-York Medical Institute, as to create the most profound astonishment by

THE WONDROUS CURES IT EFFECTS,

where all previous medical treatment has entirely failed, of which the most remarkable instances can be personally verified. This Institute has been founded and endowed with the express view of treating all forms and types of disease, in the most thoroughly organized manner,

BY MEDICATED ELECTRICITY,

and affording a new and inconceivable

BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

The Institute enjoys the confidence of the most eminent members of the medical profession, who send their patients (of either sex) to it for treatment. Especial attention is invited to the

MEDICINAL BATHS,

unequaled in this country, and comprising Aerated, Galvanic, Alkaline, Vapor, Electro-Magnetic, Acidulated, and other special baths as well as all the immedicated varieties. The most improved electrical and galvanic apparatus alone are used, and the most newly discovery auxiliary remedies supplied. "Medicated Electricity" may be truly described as

THE GREAT RECUPERATOR OF VITAL POWER.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. All correspondence (strictly confidential) to be addressed to the Secretary of the Institute.

Oil Wells.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 11 Broadway, Room No. 56, New-York.

The Company are now ready to grant leases on liberal terms to parties who wish to sink wells. Their lands, underlaid by oil-bearing rock, are situated on the Allegany River, Hemlock and Porcupine Creeks, embracing an area of ten and one-half miles of

SUPERIOR BORING TERRITORY,

and present great inducements. For terms and particulars apply to JOHN M. CLAPP, Resident Superintendent, at President, Venango County, Penn., or at the office of the Company, as above.

AMORY EDWARDS, President.
J. E. CONANT, Secretary.

Exercise is a Good Tonic.—The want of it produces disease and debility, unless the circulation is gently stimulated and the secretions kept in due activity by other means. Of all such means, there is none so efficacious, so absolutely free from every drawback as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Let all engaged in sedentary callings bear this fact in mind.

Sold everywhere. New-York office, No. 59 Cedar-st.

The Holiday Present most acceptable to a Lady is a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine. This machine took all the first premiums at the fairs in the United States the past year. Salesrooms No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

SUBSCRIPTION OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 64 CEDAR-ST, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1864.

The Subscription Books for the Reserved Capital Stock of this Company will be closed on the 1st day of January next.

I. H. SIMPSON & CO., Sole Subscription Agent,
No. 64 Cedar-st.

Perry's

MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

Chloasma, or Moth Patches, Lentigo or Freckles, blemishes in the face called moth, are very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, as the discolored spots on the face show more strongly on blondes than brunettes; but they contribute greatly in marring the beauty on either; and anything that will effectually remove them without injuring the skin in texture or color, would be considered a great achievement in medical science. Dr. B. C. PERRY, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered an infallible remedy for the removal of moth, freckles and other discolorations from the face without injuring the skin in texture or color. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. For sale by all druggists. Call for Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston, Wholesale Agents for New England.

Economical Housekeepers Use

PYLE'S SALERATUS.	PYLE'S O. K. SOAP.
PYLE'S CREAM TARTAR.	PYLE'S BLUEING POWDER.
PYLE'S BAKING SODA.	PYLE'S STOVE POLISH.

Articles designed for all who want the best goods, full weight. Sold by best Grocers everywhere. Each package bears the name of JAMES PYLE,
Manufacturer, New-York.

Genin's Hints for the Holidays.

Splendid assortment of furs. Every natural variety and fashionable style. Prices based on the fair, reasonable, old-fashioned rate of profit—not on the new get-all-you-can system. No. 513 Broadway.

Appropriate Holiday Gifts.

The BELLEVUE or perfected STEREOSCOPE, with sliding focus and field piece, is mailed prepaid for $3, or with 12 views $6. Also, the NOVELTY MICROSCOPE for examining insects, flowers, seed, linen, bank bills, &c., is mailed for $2, or with 12 beautiful mounted objects for $3 50, by HENRY CRAIG, No. 180 Centre-st., third floor, New-York. Also, retailed by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway; SHELDON & CO., No. 335, and by dealers generally.

"Piles!" "Piles!"

Dr. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY, is the only Pile Remedy in the world that will effect a permanent cure of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles, and we have testimony in our possession to prove that it has cured paralysed cases of twenty and thirty years' standing. For sale by druggists everywhere. F. C. WELLS, & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st., wholesale agents.

Holiday Presents of AFFECTION AND CHARITY
WHEELER & WILSON'S Highest Premium
Lock-stitch
SEWING MACHINES,
No. 625 Broadway, New-York.
See Wheeler & Wilson's Button-hole machine.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye Known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

A Card.—THE METROPOLITAN BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM.—E. A. BROOKS, having, for the greater convenience of himself and customers, removed from his old store in Fulton-st., and concentrated his business at his old and commodious Broadway store, is now prepared to offer for the inspection of his patrons, the most beautiful assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, to be found in this city. His stock of goods comprise every variety of styles for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. The public are invited to call and examine at No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Startling! but true.—The Volunteers are braving the dangers of Fever, Scurvy, Wounds and Cholera. Many a gallant fellow will leave his bones to bleach, who, by the aid of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, would have returned to his family strong and healthy. Soldiers, try them. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me. No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 38 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

$70,000,000 worth of Petroleum were produced in the State of Pennsylvania alone in the past year. At least $8,000,000 of this was lost by leakage and evaporation, before it reached its destination. Every dollar of this might have been saved by using ROBBINS' HERMETICAL BARREL.
A. A. TAYLOR, Actuary of Hermetical Barrel Co.,
No. 153 Broadway.

Gents of New-York and Vicinity, Prepare FOR THE HOLDAYS by purchasing one of WHITE'S UNRIVALED HATS. No hats of the season have given so universal satisfaction. Also, a large stock of fashionable furs, suitable for holiday presents. No. 216 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's Church.

Burdsall's Arnica Liniment.—An infallible cure for Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Rheumatism, Inflammation, &c. A single application allays the pain from a burn the instant it is applied. No family should be without it. Depot No. 81 Barclay-st., New-York.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings never famed their contents. MARVIN & Co., No. 265 B'way

President Petroleum Company,

This company promises to become one of the best-paying and managed in the country. It has an actual working capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, a greater portion of which has already been paid into its treasury, and is now being judiciously expended in the development of its lands, which have been put into the company at cost, being only one hundred dollars per acre, the lowest ever known for superior oil-bearing territory. The company has already received an offer for one-quarter of its land, which, if accepted, would pay back to the stockholders the original amount of their subscriptions. Its officers are gentlemen of high standing in the community, which insures its success. For further particulars, we refer to the advertisement in our columns.

Richmond.

NO HUMBUG.

Boots, Shoes, &c., at prices from 3 to 15 per cent. less than previous to Nov. 1.

The best French work always on hand and made to measure promptly.

Ladies' and children's work ready-made and to measure.

A large assortment of BOYS' and YOUTHS' WINTER BOOTS, at No. 150 Fulton-st., New-York.

C. C. RICHMOND.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus,
BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 182 Centre-st.

Ivory and Pearl Jewelry, Latest Styles.—WM. M. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

Hill Inimitable Hair Cutter. Styles Suitable. Executed in the best manner only. Shaving, 10 cents. No. 1, Barclay-st.

Christmas Present.—WILLCOX & GIBBS' NOISELESS SEWING MACHINE. Office, No. 508 Broadway.

33 Second-hand Safes, of different Makers, (taken in exchange,) for sale cheap, by MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

MARRIED.

BLOODGOOD—LOTTIMER.—At Calvary Church, on Wednesday, Dec. 14, by Rev. A. Cleaveland Coxe, D. D., JOHN BLOODGOOD and EMILY FLORENCE, daughter of William Lottimer, Esq.

DIED.

BROWN.—On Saturday evening, Dec. 17, Dr. HENRY WEEKS BROWN, son of the late Stephen Brown, M. D., in the 37th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, No. 184 Bleecker-st., on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 10 A. M.

BAILEY.—On Saturday, Dec. 17, CHARLES S. BAILEY, youngest son of Isaac G. and Amedia H. Bailey, aged 2 years and 11 months.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

COLTON.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Dec. 17, after a short and severe illness, ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of the late Clinton Colton, aged 20 years.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 98 State-st., on Monday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

COMSTOCK.—On Saturday, Dec. 17, at the residence of her parents, No. 136 West 34th-st., ANNIE RICHARDS, second and only surviving daughter of George W. and Lydia S. Comstock, aged 3 months and 2 days.

The remains will be taken to Montrose, Penn.

CRANE.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Dec. 18, DANIEL W. CRANE, of Co. C, 14th Regiment N. J. Volunteers, aged 23 years.

His funeral will take place at 1 o'clock Tuesday, Dec. 20, at Springfield, N. J.

☞ Newark papers please copy.

CLARK.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Dec. 17, MARTHA J. DOUGHTY, wife of Isaac A. Clark.

☞ Boston and Baltimore papers please copy.

COOK.—On Saturday, Dec. 17, MAY FAIRCHILD, daughter of John F. and M. Agnes Cook, aged 7 months.

The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Monday, the 19th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 389 Washington-av., between Fulton and Atlantic avs., Brooklyn.

COWLES.—On Sunday, Dec. 18, CARRIE KITCHEL, youngest child of Silas H. and Henrietta Cowles, aged 3 years, 6 months and 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, in Hudson City, N. J., on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 11 o'clock.

ELLISON.—On Saturday, Dec. 17, CHARLES ELLISON, aged 46 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 199 East 15th-st., at 11 o'clock on Wednesday morning, the 21st inst.

FREEMAN.—On Friday, Dec. 16, MARY HARRIOT, wife of John Freeman.

The relatives and friends, and those of her son-in-law, Richard Stout, Jr., are invited to attend her funeral, from his residence, No. 146 West 46th-st., on Monday, the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock, without further notice.

HAIGHT.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Dec. 17, MARY HAIGHT, daughter of the late Benjamin Haight, in the 61st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, the 20th inst., from Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., New-York, at 1 o'clock P. M. precisely.

FOGGO.—On Sunday, Dec. 18, THOMAS FOGGO, in the 34th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from No. 32 Vestry-st.

FURMAN.—On Sunday morning, Dec. 18, MARY WURTS, daughter of Ann B. and the late Samuel Furman, in the 15th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, on Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of her mother, No. 12 West 25th-st. Remains will be taken to New-Jersey for interment on Wednesday.

GILLNER.—On Sunday, Dec. 18, of diphtheria, GENEVIEVE, infant daughter of Robert H. and Harriet E. P. Gallaher, aged 13 months and 24 days.

This is the second affliction within ten days visited upon the family. Remains taken to Washington, D. C.

GWINNER.—In Jersey City, on Sunday, Dec. 18, JOHN CHARLES, youngest son of Pauline M. and the late John A. Gwinner, aged 2 years, 5 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, 20th inst., at 10½ o'clock, from the residence of his mother, No. 245 Grove-st., Jersey City. The remains will be taken to Mt. Pleasant Cemetery, Newark, for interment.

KENNEDY.—On Wednesday, Dec. 14, CORNELIA VAN RENSSELAER, wife of James L. Kennedy, and daughter of the late Henry Van Rensselaer, Esq.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, at the First Presbyterian Church, corner of 5th av. and 12th-st., without further invitation.

LORTON.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Dec. 18, Mrs. ANN LORTON, widow of the late John Lorton, in the 67th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends, and those of her sons, George and John, are requested to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 156 West Broadway, on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. Her remains will be taken to Cypress Hills Cemetery.

MANN.—At the residence of her son-in-law, J. B. Simpson, in West Farms, on Saturday, Dec. 17, FRANCES, relict of the late Samuel Mann, in the 78th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 12 o'clock M., without further notice. Carriages will be in waiting at the Motthaven depot to meet the 10:30 A. M. train from 26th-st., Harlem Railroad.

NICHOLSON.—On Saturday evening, Dec. 17, ROBERT NICHOLSON, in the 37th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, from the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. C. Beers, No. 255 West 23d-st., on Tuesday morning, 20th inst., at 10 o'clock.

PREVOST.—On Wednesday, Dec. 14, in the 64th year of her age, Miss THEODOSIA PREVOST, daughter of John Bartow Prevost, formerly of New-York.

Funeral services will take place at her house, near Englewood, N. J., on Tuesday morning, Dec. 20, at 11 o'clock, where all friends and relatives are invited to attend.

TONE.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Dec. 17, Mrs. CATHERINE A. TONE, in the 67th year of her age.

Her funeral will take place on Monday morning, at 11 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, L. E. Maxwell, 353 Washington-av., near Fulton-av., Brooklyn. Her remains will be buried in the Cemetery at Bowery Bay, L. I.

THOMAS.—At Elizabethtown, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 17, MARY C. THOMAS, wife of James P. Thomas, and daughter of the late Isaac Carow, of New-York, in the 49th year of her age.

The friends of the family, and those of her brothers, John and Charles Carow, and of her brothers in-law, Edward F. Sanderson, Wm. W. Thomas and B. Seaman Thomas, are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, 20th inst., at 2½ o'clock, from St. John's Church, Elizabethtown, without further invitation.

VAN IDERSTINE.—In Williamsburgh, on Sunday evening, Dec. 18, PETER VAN IDERSTINE, Sr., aged 69 years, 8 months and 18 days.

Notice of the funeral in Tuesday morning's papers.

WAIT.—On Sunday morning, Dec. 18, VIOLET, wife of George Wait, aged 43 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 424 Union-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

FOR SALE—A FILE OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES complete, including the Sunday edition, from Dec. 1, 1860, to the present time. Apply to or address SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, *Times* office.

FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
BOY'S SLEIGHS, SKATES AND TOOL CHESTS.
The largest assortment of ENGLISH SKATES in the city for ladies and gentlemen.
W. N. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square.

CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, SUNBURN, ETC.—CERTAIN AND IMMEDIATE CURE—HEGEMAN & CO.'S CAMPHOR ICE WITH GLYCERINE, if used according to the directions, will keep the hands soft in the coldest weather. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents. HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists and Druggists, Nos. 203, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway, and corner 17th-st and 4th-av. Sold by druggists.

DEVLIN & CO.
Having determined to carry over no heavy Goods, beg to announce their usual
WINTER REDUCTION
ON ALL
FALL AND WINTER
CLOTHING,
to continue in its operation until the close of the year.

As the present indications favor an additional rise in the value of all Woolen Fabrics, we would commend this opportunity to the attention of all buyers of WINTER WEAR.

This REDUCTION will apply alike to the CUSTOM, READY-MADE AND FURNISHING DEPARTMENTS of both our stores.

BROADWAY, CORNER GRAND-ST.
BROADWAY, CORNER WARREN-ST.

WE OFFER THE FOLLOWING
SPECIAL BARGAINS
TILL FIRST OF JANUARY NEXT.

SETS of best quality RICH CUT GLASS, consisting of 12 Goblets, 12 Champagnes, 12 Wines, 12 Rocks, 12 Finger-Bowls and 2 Decanters.....$50 00
SETS of WHITE FRENCH CHINA, 2d quality, but good, 180 pieces..... 70 00
FRENCH CHINA GOLD BAND TEA SETS, 56 pieces, $16, $20, $22 and..... 25 00
ENGLISH DECORATED IRON STONE TEA SETS, 56 pieces..... 10 50
TEA SETS, 56 pieces, TOILET, 11 pieces..... 9 00
TEA SETS, WHITE, 50 pieces, TEA, 56 pieces 5 50
FRENCH CHINA TEA CUPS and SAUCERS, (per dozen)..... 2 50
A lot of English Japanned Trays, from 25 cents to..... 1 50
(each,) being about one-half cost of importation.

In addition to the above, we have a very complete Stock of WHITE FRENCH CHINA, CHANDELIERS, GAS-FIXTURES, CUTLERY and BRONZES.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st.

CHEVALIER'S
LIFE FOR THE HAIR.

Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out in three days, keeps the head clean, cool and healthy, will not stain the skin, or soil the whitest fabric. The best hair-dressing ever offered to the public. Can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; strengthens and promotes the growth of the weakest hair. *It is recommended and used by the first medical authority in New-York.* All are freely invited to examine this wonderful triumph of science. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family. Genuine Castile, Toilet and other soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st

EAGLE GAS STOVES,
FOR
HEATING AND COOKING.
Every stove warranted as represented.
Call or send for descriptive catalogues.
EAGLE GAS STOVE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 474 Broadway, New-York.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY.
Vest Chains, Chatelaines, Bracelets, Brooches, Buckles, Charms, Rings, &c., &c. Also,
INDIA-RUBBER TOYS, BALLS, DOLL HEADS AND FANCY ARTICLES
in great variety, for sale by
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'FG. COMPANY,
NO. 205 BROADWAY, NEAR FULTON-ST.

A NEW SUIT OF CLOTHES FOR 35 CENTS.
USE RUSHMORE'S FABRIC RENOVATOR.
The only clothes-cleaner ever discovered that will actually perform what it promises. It removes at once and forever all Stains, Grease Spots, Tar, Paint, Dirt and other substances with which clothing is liable to come in contact. It has no unpleasant smell; it leaves no ring-marks or circles like benzine. It does not evaporate or become useless by age. It restores soiled garments to their original lustre and beauty, thoroughly clean, and
MAKES THEM AS GOOD AS NEW,
AND ALL FOR 35 CENTS.
Depot, No. 119 Fulton-st., New-York.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

Dr. TOBIAS' PULMONIC LIFE SYRUP is warranted superior to any other for the cure of Incipient Consumption, Coughs, Colds and Asthma. John D. Herring, of Harrington, Bergen Co., N. J., testifies that he has been cured of a cough of ten years' standing by the Pulmonic Life Syrup, and refers to Mr. Wm. Devoe, of Tappantown, who recommended its use.
LIBERTY, Sullivan Co., N. Y., May 10, 1864.

Dr. Tobias:

DEAR SIR: I was cured of a severe cough, with inflammation of the lungs, by the use of your Pulmonic Life Syrup. I have suffered much from pulmonary complaints, and used many remedies, but have never found anything equal to your Syrup. BETSY HILL.

Mrs. Hill is sister-in-law to Capt. Hill, of the Sixteenth Michigan Volunteers. Several hundred certificates of remarkable cures can be seen at the Depot, No. 56 Cortlandt-st. Price 75 cents. Sold by the druggists.

OPEN IN THE EVENINGS,
DURING THE MONTH OF DECEMBER.
A VERY LARGE STOCK, AT LOW PRICES,
OF
BEAUTIFUL DINNER AND TEA SERVICES,
BRONZE AND MARBLE CLOCKS,
GROUPS AND FIGURES.
Glass Engraved on the premises.
Sets of Glass Made and Cut to Order.
OVINGTON BROS.,
Nos. 238 and 240 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S.
J. MARC MARTIN,
Importer of
CHOICE WINES, BRANDIES, ETC.,
No. 203 PEARL-ST., NEW-YORK.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED STRICTLY PURE, and sent to all parts of the country at the lowest trade prices.

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES' MEMORIAL.

The memorial prepared by order of the Corporation of this city relative to the death of the late Archbishop Hughes, is now on

FREE EXHIBITION,

by order of the Special Committee having charge of the same, at the piano warerooms of Julius Bauer & Co., No. 544 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts., from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

GRAPES, GRAPES.
PENINSULAR VINEYARD, OHIO.
CATAWBA GRAPES.
The subscriber is in full supply of these celebrated grapes of the following brands: D. Alexander, Hudson and Rossiter, in fine order. Very suitable for holiday presents. The trade supplied at the depot in lots to suit.
HARRISON PRICE, Commission Merchant,
No. 92 Murray-st.

FANS, NEW STYLES,
Just received from Paris, TWO, THREE, FIVE, EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN to THIRTY DOLLARS EACH. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

WATCH CHAINS, NEW STYLES.
THREE, FIVE, SEVEN, TEN, FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE to THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY.—THE FIFTY-ninth annual meeting of the New-England Society of the City of New-York, for the election of officers and the transaction of business, will be held at the Astor House, on THURSDAY, Dec 22, 1864, at 12 o'clock M. Every member is earnestly requested to be present. The Society, with their guests and friends, will celebrate the fifty-ninth anniversary of the Society, and the two hundred and forty fourth anniversary of the Landing of the Pilgrims, by a dinner at the Astor House, on THURSDAY, Dec. 22, at 6 o'clock. Addresses may be expected from eminent speakers, and an occasion of unusual interest is anticipated. Tickets may be had of any member of the Board of Officers, and at the Astor House.
JOSEPH H. CHOATE,
ELLIOT C. COWDIN,
NATHANIEL HAYDEN,
CHAS. A. STETSON,
L. B. WYMAN,
Committee of Arrangements.

Persons wishing to become members, or members desiring to propose their friends, may send their names to any of the Board of Officers, or L. P. Hubbard, No. 80 Wall-st., Secretary, or at the annual meeting.
HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.
L. P. HUBBARD, Secretary.

PAY OF PRISONERS OF WAR COLLECTED for the wife and widowed mother. L. BROWN & CO., No. 2 Park-place, Broadway Bank.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

The Public and Profession are invited to examine Dr. LEVETT'S "PATENT" in COMBINATION with a gold web and rubber base for artificial teeth. It forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space in the mouth heretofore deemed indispensable, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 832 Broadway. Hours 9 till 5.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES
For sale and to let at No. 939 Broadway, corner 22d-st., up stairs, by J. T. ELLIS.

Mr. J. T. ELLIS has long been in the employ of the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, and is well known. His establishment will be found a great convenience in supplying the necessities of those who use the machines in the upper part of the city, while to those purchasing machines he will be a competent instructor.—*Tribune.*

During the past year, as above, the press of the city have been liberal in their notices of the only place up town where Wheeler & Wilson's Machines are to be obtained. While we solicit the continued patronage of our old customers, all about ordering are invited to call and examine before purchasing. Machines carefully repaired. Silk, cotton, needles, &c. Machines and operators sent into families. Brown's Baby-Tender supplied. "Superior to most human baby-tenders."—*Tribune.*
J. T. ELLIS.

CABINET FURNITURE.

In consequence of the fall in gold we offer our Stock at greatly reduced prices, consisting of parlor, library, dining, reception and bedroom sets, made of the best selected material and in the latest fashionable styles, under the direct superintendence of Mr. J. E. Braunsdorf. All goods warranted.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
between Essex and Norfolk sts., No. 125 and 127 Rivington-st.
The Belt Railroad and Cortlandt-st. stages pass within two blocks of the store.

SEWING MACHINES.

All the best Sewing-machines, (NEW,) for SALE and to RENT. Also, Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, N. Y.

SAVE LABOR! SAVE YOUR COAL!

If you want a Heater, Range or Stove that will require but one lighting of fires in the season, give you a pure, moist atmosphere, consume less coal and give less trouble than any other, call at No. 270 Canal-st., a few doors east of Broadway. JOHN SUMNER.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—A special meeting of the above Committee will be held at Headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 19, at 7 o'clock.
OWEN W. BRENNAN, Chairman.
HENRY H. HURLAT, CHAS. H. HALL, } Secretaries.

UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—A SPECIAL meeting of the above Committee will be held at Headquarters, corner of Broadway and 23d st., on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 19, at 7½ o'clock.
WM. A. DARLING, President.
HENRY H. HURLAT, CHAS. H. HALL, } Secretaries.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

WILL BE PUBLISHED TUESDAY, THE 20TH,
The new work, by the author of "The Schonberg-Cotta family," "The Early Dawn," &c.,
DIARY OF
MRS. KITTY TREVYLYAN,
A STORY OF THE TIMES OF
WHITFIELD AND THE WESLEYS.
With a preface by the author for our American edition.
1 vol. 12mo, $1 75.

Like that remarkable work, "The Cotta Family," but more intimately connected with our own times, this volume is associated with a period of history where the deep currents of social and religious life were moved. The unsurpassed power of the author in the impersonation of ideas and character, and all the marked features of genius and style, which have captivated so many thousand readers of the "Cotta Family," embracing all degrees of culture and variety of sentiments, abound in this new production.

WE HAVE FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS,
THE COTTA FAMILY
AND
THE EARLY DAWN,
Printed on laid tinted paper, illustrated, and in various styles of extra bindings, in price from $5 to $12 per set.
The fine edition of the new book will be ready about the 26th. M. W. DODD,
No. 506 Broadway, New-York.

SCRIBNER'S HOLIDAY BOOKS.
(NO. 124 GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK,)
FOR 1864-5.
Any of these books sent on receipt of price, by mail or express, expenses paid by the publisher.

I.
A new and elegant edition of
FOLK-SONGS,
A book of Golden Poems, made for the popular heart, with upwards of sixty original illustrations, exquisite in design and execution, Fac similes of the original autograph copies of
FIFTEEN FAMOUS POETS.
Hood ("Song of the Shirt"), Tennyson, Bryant, Leigh Hunt, Longfellow, Barry Cornwall, Holmes, Kingsley, Paine ("Home, Sweet Home"), Whittier, Browning Lowell, Emerson, Willis, and Pinckney, expressly contributed to this work by the poets or their friends. In 1 vol., crown octavo. Printed on the finest tinted paper.
The designs exhibit rare beauty and originality. Among the artists are

Church,	Eytinge,	Hill,
Maffert,	Kensett,	Eastman,
McLenan,	McEnter,	Hennessey,
Wallin,	McDonough,	Nast,
Boughton,	Barry,	Hoppin,
Darley,	Johnson,	Parsons,

And others.
Superbly bound in Turkey morocco, antique, and extra. Price $12; put up in a neat box.
"It is beyond question the handsomest and most tasteful volume ever produced in America."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

Also, the following Standard Works in fine and plain bindings:

HON. G. P. MARSH'S WORKS.
I. LECTURES ON THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.
II. ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.
III. MAN AND NATURE; or, Physical Geography as Modified by Human Actions.
These three works in octavo volumes, bound in cloth, $4 each; or half calf, extra or half morocco, gilt top, $6 per volume.

IK MARVEL'S WORKS.
(DONALD G. MITCHELL.)
I. MY FARM OF EDGEWOOD. 1 vol., $2; half calf, $3 50.
II. WET DAYS AT EDGEWOOD. (Just ready.) 1 vol. $2; half calf, $3 50.
III. SEVEN STORIES WITH BASEMENT AND ATTIC. $1 75; half calf, $3 50.
IV. REVERIES OF A BACHELOR.
V. DREAM LIFE. 2 vols. vellum cloth, $1 75 each; in half calf, $3; Turkey antique, $3 75 per volume.

A Fine Edition of
DR. J. G. HOLLAND'S WORKS.
(Timothy Titcomb.)
I. Letters to Young People. V. Bitter Sweet.
II. Lessons in Life. VI. Miss Gilbert's Career.
III. Letters to the Joneses. VII. The Bay Path.
IV. Gold-Foil.
In seven volumes, as above. Bound in English cloth, new style, imitation of half morocco, $14. Bound in half calf, extra, $24. Each style put up in a neat box.

STANLEY'S WORKS.
LECTURES ON THE JEWISH CHURCH.
LECTURES ON THE EASTERN CHURCH. 2 vols. octavo, cloth, $4 each; half calf or half morocco, $6 per volume.

CRAIK, (GEO. L., LL. D.) History of English Literature and the English Language, from the Roman Conquest. 2 vols. octavo, cloth, $7 50; half calf or half morrocco, gilt top, $12.

MAINE, (HENRY S.) Ancient Law; its connection with the Early History of Society and its relation to Modern Ideas. 1 vol. 8vo, cloth, $3 50; half calf, extra, $5 50.

WOOLSEY, (President, D. D.) Introduction to the Study of International Law. Designed as an Aid in Teaching, and in Historical Studies. Second edition, revised and enlarged. 1 vol. 8vo, cloth, $3 50; half calf, extra, $5 50.

CONYBEARE (Rev. W. J.) and HOWSON (Rev. J. S.) The Life and Epistles of St Paul. 2 vols., 8vo., with colored maps, and many elegant illustrations. Cloth, $7 50; half calf, extra, or half morocco, $12; full Turkey, $16.

COOK (Prof. JOSIAH P., Jr.)—Religion and Chemistry; or, Proofs of God's Plan in the Atmosphere and its Elements. In Ten Lectures. Printed at the University Press, Cambridge, on tinted paper. 1 vol., 8vo., cloth, $3 50; half calf, extra, $5 50.

SHEDD (Rev. WILLIAM G. T., DD.)—A History of Christian Doctrine. Printed on tinted paper. 2 vols., octavo. Cloth, $6 50; or in half calf or half morocco, gilt top, $10 50.

ANDREWS (Rev. S. J.)—Life of our Lord upon the Earth. Considered in the Historical, Chronological and Geographical Relations. 1 vol., post 8vo., cloth, $3; half calf, $5.

BRACE (C. L.)—The Races of the Old World; or, A Manual of Ethnology. 1 vol., post 8vo., cloth, $2 50; half calf, $4.

ALEXANDER'S WORKS (Rev. Dr. JAMES W. and Dr. J. ADDISON.)—$2 per volume, or in half calf, $3 50.

LANGE (Prof. J. P., D. D.)—Theological and Homiletical Commentary on the New Testament. Specially designed and adapted for the use of ministers and students. Edited by Rev. Dr. P. SCHAFF, assisted by leading divines of the various evangelical denominations. Vol. 1, Matthew, now ready. Price, $5; in half calf, $7 50.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BEAUTIFUL NEW JUVENILES
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
MARTIN; COUSIN REGULUS,
16mo. beautifully illustrated.
Being two new volumes of those charming books, the
MARTIN AND NELLY STORIES,
By JOSEPH FRANKLIN.
The series now consists of eight volumes. Price 88 cents per volume.
RAINY DAY STORIES; LIVES OF FAMILIAR INSECTS; SPRINGS AND WELLS.
16mo., beautifully illustrated.
Being three new volumes of the beautiful and instructive
SUMMER HOUSE SERIES,
By Miss C. S. WHITMARSH.
This series now consists of five volumes. Price 94 cts. per volume.
"It breathes nature of the open air, of actual life, and of the realm of Fairies."—*Philadelphia Press.*
☞ When desiring to obtain a beautiful and acceptable present for a child, ask to see the above-named books.
For sale by all Booksellers.
Published by
TAGGARD & THOMPSON, Boston.

NEW AND ELEGANT EDITION.
THE WORKS
OF
JAMES PARTON,
In nine volumes, Crown 8vo, with steel portraits, including
LIFE OF AARON BURR. 2 VOLS.
LIFE OF ANDREW JACKSON, 3 VOLS.
LIFE OF BENJAMIN FRANKLIN. 2 VOLS.
GENERAL BUTLER IN NEW-ORLEANS. 1 VOL.
HUMOROUS POETRY OF THE ENGLISH L

FINANCIAL.

DOBLE AND DELEMATER ROCK OIL COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK.
Office No. 67 Wall-st.
100,000 Shares. Par Value $3. $300,0000.
Stock full paid, no future assessments.
This Company has an ample working capital, with an interest in the now largest producing well on Oil Creek.
OFFICERS:
John J. Morris, Pres. Isaac A. Quackenboss, Vice-Pres.
Isaac Bemheimer, Treas. J. H. Ketcham, Secretary.
William Norton, Counsel.
TRUSTEES.
John J. Morris, Isaac O. Barker,
Isaac A. Quackenboss, Henry Cohn,
Isaac Bemheimer, Smith Barker, Jr.
John H. Rhodes.

NEW-YORK AND PHILADELPHIA PETROLEUM COMPANY.
ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF NEW-YORK.
PROPERTY IN THE VERY HEART OF THE OIL REGIONS OF VENANGO COUNTY, PENN
TRUSTEES:
FRANCIS A. PALMER, President Broadway Bank, New-York.
NATHAN RANDALL, Ex-President United States Telegraph Company, New-York.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, of Albert H. Nicolay & Co., Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 52 William-st., New-York.
EUGENE J. JACKSON, of Polhamus & Jackson, Bankers and Brokers, No. 43 Exchange-place, New-York.
EDMUND C. STEDMAN, Secretary New-York Petroleum Stock Board, and Broker, No. 30 Broad-st., New-York.
ANDREW MEHAFFEY, Philadelphia.
ROBERT CLARKSON, of CLARKSON & CO., Bankers, No. 121 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.
FRANCIS A. GODWIN, Philadelphia.
JAMES M. CLARKE, Oil City, Pennsylvania.
PRESIDENT.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, New-York.
VICE-PRESIDENT.
ANDREW MEHAFFEY, Philadelphia.
TREASURER.
A. V. STOUT, President Shoe and Leather Bank, New-York.

OFFICES OF THE COMPANY,
No. 52 WILLIAM-ST., New-York.
No. 121 SOUTH THIRD-ST., Philadelphia.
CAPITAL STOCK . . . 300,000 SHARES.
AT THE NOMINAL PAR OF $5 EACH—SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2 PER SHARE.
Stock subject to no further assessment.
50,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

A large majority of the stock of this company having been already taken in New-York and Philadelphia, the subscription books will remain open but a few days longer, at the offices named below.

NEW-YORK SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS.
FRANCIS A. PALMER, at Broadway Bank, No. 237 Broadway.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., No. 52 William-st.
POLHAMUS & JACKSON, No. 43 Exchange-place.
☞ Maps and Prospectus can be obtained on application at the office of the Company.

PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.
OFFICERS:
President, AMORY EDWARDS, Esq., New-York.
Treasurer, L. H. SIMPSON, Esq., New-York.
Secretary, J. EDWIN, Esq., New-York.
JOHN M. CLAPP, Esq., Gen'l Resident Superintendent.
Counsel, Messrs. PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY, N. Y.
DIRECTORS:
AMORY EDWARDS, Esq., New-York.
EBEN B. CROCKER, Esq., of Crocker & Warren, New-York.
FLETCHER WESTRAY, Esq., of Westray, Gibbs & Hardcastle, New-York.
J. M. CLAPP, Esq., President, Venango County, Penn.
L. H. SIMPSON, Esq., of L. H. Simpson & Co., N. York.
ITS LANDS ARE PUT INTO THE COMPANY AT the unprecedented low price of one hundred dollars per acre, the lowest ever known for oil-bearing territory, and forms its
CAPITAL STOCK, ... $5,000,000
IN SHARES OF $25 EACH, PAR VALUE—
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $5 PER SHARE.
Being in full payment for a $25 share. No further call or assessment to be made.
20,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
THESE LANDS are located on the Alleghany River, and on Hemlock, Porcupine and McCrea Creeks, MAKING AN OIL BORING TERRITORY OF OVER TEN AND A HALF MILES IN EXTENT.
Subscription books, maps, and all other information, can be obtained at the office of the Subscription Agents,
L. H. SIMPSON & CO.,
No. 64 Cedar-st., New-York.
Or at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.,
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Subscriptions received for the new popular
7-30 LOAN.
And the entire commission of $2 35 on each $1,000 allowed. 10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier

VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS OF 1881.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 10-40 BONDS.
ONE YEAR CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS.
NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN USUAL COMMISSION ALLOWED.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS COLLECTED OR PURCHASED.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AGENTS
for the sale of the
"7-3-10 NATIONAL LOAN."
All denominations ready for immediate delivery. One-quarter per cent. commission allowed in all cases, and liberal terms made with Banks, Bankers, and Dealers.
ALL DESCRIPTIONS
OF
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
purchased, and on hand, for sale.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

GOODYEAR BROTHERS & DURAND,
BANKERS,
NO. 18 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK.
Interest allowed on accounts subject to check at sight, as with banks. Collections on all accessible points at the lowest rates.
ALL KINDS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. R. R. STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c., bought and sold on commission. Orders in Philadelphia and Boston without extra charge. Coupons and interest on United States registered bonds collected.
CHAS. GOODYEAR, Banker, Schoharie Co. Bank.
GEO. GOODYEAR, New-Haven, Conn.
GEO. G. GOODYEAR, HARVEY DURAND.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, New-York, Dec. 8, 1864.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the choice of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come legally before them, will be held at the Banking Rooms, No. 318 Broadway, on the 10th day of January next (being the second Tuesday of the month), commencing at 10 A. M. and closing at 4 P. M.
W. H. FOSTER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT the drawing this day made of twenty-five of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company for redemption, the following Bonds numbered 80, 116, 141, 242, 293, 319, 400, 451, 464, 552, 606, 612, 748, 757, 765, 842, 857, 945, 990, 1087, 1188, 1217, 1314, 1372, 1383, were drawn by lot, and that the same will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 2d day of January next, the first day of the month being Sunday. The Bonds so drawn must be presented for payment within ten days of the 1st day of January next, under penalty of the forfeiture of the right of redemption under this drawing. By order of the Board.
DATED 5th Dec., 1864.
W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.
Notice is hereby given, that the Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company, falling due on the 1st day of January next, will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company, on an after MONDAY, the 2d day of January next.
DATED 5th Dec., 1864.
W. TITUS, Secretary.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, 25 years of age; I would like a situation where by a strict attention to business, I can make it of advantage to my employer and myself; I am temperate, of fair business habits, and always try to succeed in what I undertake. If any party is in want of such a person, I will call on them, if they will leave or send their address to HOWARD, Box No. 158 Times Office.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 3 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

KNOX COUNTY, OHIO.—ALL OVER DUE coupons on bonds issued by Knox County, Ohio, to stockholders in the Springfield, Mount Vernon and Pittsburgh Railroad, will be paid on presentation at the Bank of America, in the city of New-York, within twenty days.
DEC. 15, 1864.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Nos. 21 and 29 Pine-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the election of nine Directors and of three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at the Banking-house of this Bank, at Nos. 21 and 29 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 2d TUESDAY of January next, commencing at 12 o'clock at noon, and closing at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INS. CO., No. 51 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1864.
THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year, prior to 1st January next, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premiums to prevent discrepancies in the accounts.
J. H. CHAPMAN, Acting Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

PETROLEUM

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON OIL COMPANY.
ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL $500,000
100,000 SHARES, Par value, $5 each.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $3 PER SHARE.
OFFICERS:
President, HENRY LAMBERT, Boston.
Sec and Treas., CHARLES L. WHEELER, Boston.
Asst.-Treas., THOMAS H. WAGSTAFF, New-York.
Transfer Agent, THOMAS H. WAGSTAFF, New-York.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
HENRY LAMBERT.
CHARLES L. WHEELER,
WM. F. MATCHETT.
TRUSTEES:
HENRY LAMBERT, Boston.
WM. F. MATCHETT, Boston.
CHARLES L. WHEELER, Boston.
THOMAS BOND, New-York.
GEORGE DAVIS, New-York.
HENRY MILLS, New-York.
HENRY K. THOMAE, New-York.
Offices of the Company No. 60 State-st., Boston; 71 Broadway, New-York.
The property of this Company consists of 205 acres of Petroleum Oil Lands, in fee simple, and are located on Horse Neck Creek, Pleasant County, Western Virginia, in the centre of the best oil producing portion of this district.
Several wells adjoining this valuable property are yielding large quantities of oil, which fact alone is sufficient to recommend it to those desirous of making a safe and profitable investment.
This Company have also an interest in two leases near the above lands, which contains five wells, two of which are now producing oil, and the other three are nearly completed; also an interest in wells on the celebrated Oil Creek and Cherry Run, Venango County, Penn.
The present production of oil to this Company is thirty-two barrels per day, six new wells are now going down on the property of this Company. One new well struck since the property was selected, is yielding twenty barrels, and is increasing; three of the other wells are nearly down, and will very soon be ready to test. The Company are confident that the production of their lands will be very largely increased at a very early day. Preparations are being made to put down several additional wells, an ample Working Cash Capital being provided for that purpose.
2 PER CENT. PER MONTH is guaranteed upon the subscription price. First dividend payable Jan. 20.
The different properties of this Company have been selected with great care by competent judges, well acquainted with the oil districts of Pennsylvania and Virginia. A committee selected by a large number of the subscribers to the stock have also visited and thoroughly examine d this property, and fully reported on the same.
A limited amount of Stock is offered at the subscription price.
SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY BE MADE AT THE OFFICES OF THE COMPANY,
THOMAS J. LEE & CO., No. 60 State-st., Boston.
WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS, No. 71 Broadway, (Room No. 29,) New-York.

HENRY A. HEISER & SON,
NO. 44 PINE ST.,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
BUY AND SELL
QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND VOUCHERS.

5-20 BONDS,
1-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
7-30 LOAN, AND EVERY FORM OF U. S. SECURITIES.
We invite the attention of Banks and parties desiring short investments to our assortment of United States Six per Cent. Debt Certificates. We have them on hand due in every month of the year, at rates that pay better interest than any security in the market.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN
and have the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
☞ Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied on favorable terms.
☞ All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 129 BROADWAY,
Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.
We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 7-30 BONDS,
U. S. 6s OF 1881,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS,
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
JERSEY CITY, Dec. 14, 1864.
The undersigned, Commissioners to receive subscriptions to the increased capital stock of this Bank, hereby gives notice that 500 shares of such increased capital at $100 per share remains unawarded to the present stockholders, and are open for subscription by the public until the 26th day of December inst., at 12 o'clock M., when it will be awarded to the highest bidders for the same, but no bids will be received at less than par, and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bids not deemed for the interest of the Bank.
Payments for the stock when awarded will be required to be made at the Bank, on or before the 1st day of January next, with interest from November 1st, 1864.
J. S FOX,
S. ALOFSEN,
A. H. WALLIS,
Commissioners.

WISCONSIN STATE BONDS.
We are authorized to offer a limited amount of the Bonds of the State of Wisconsin on favorable terms. The Bonds draw interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and have Coupons attached payable in the City of New-York. They are redeemable at different periods from 1877 to 1888, and the principal is also payable in the City of New-York.
The entire debt of the State is but $2,050,000, and these Bonds are in every respect a choice investment.
Further particulars may be obtained upon inquiry at our office.
FISK & HATCH, Bankers,
No. 38 Wall-st., New-York.

STATE OF ILLINOIS. TREASURER'S OFFICE, SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 7, 1864.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Treasurer of the State of Illinois will, on and after the first MONDAY of January next, until the 16th day of said month inclusive, be ready, at the American Exchange Bank, in the city of New-York, to pay the interest maturing on the first Monday of January, 1865, on the Public Debt of the State of Illinois.
The interest then due, and not called for prior to the said 16th day of January, 1865, will thereafter be paid only at the office of the Treasurer of the State of Illinois, in the city of Springfield.
Holders of Illinois and Michigan Canal Bonds, with Coupons exhausted, are required to present the bonds.
ALEXANDER STARNE,
State Treasurer of Illinois.

OFFICE OF SHELDON AND COLUMBIA COPPER CO., No. 120 William-st., New-York, Nov. 29, 1864.
SALES OF FORFEITED STOCK.—THE following stock in the Sheldon and Columbia Copper Company is forfeited for non-payment of installment due Sept. 26, 1864, and that the same will be sold at public auction at the office of the Secretary of the company, No. 22 William-st., on the 31st day of December, at 3 o'clock P. M., unless previously redeemed, viz.: Certificate No. 33, name of W. H. Morton, 50 shares; No. 36, John Simpkins, 25 shares; No. 49, B. F. Woodward, 5 shares; No. 55, Herman Brahe, 25 shares; No. 72, James M. Shute, Jr., 50 shares; No. 77, John Richardson, 25 shares.
HENRY PHELPS, Secretary.

HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 11 Wall-street.
CHARTERED, 1853.
CAPITAL,..... $150,000.
SURPLUS..... 41,000.
NOTICE.
The Annual Election for Directors of the above Company will take place at the Office on the 2d January, 1865, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock.
The regular semi-annual Dividend of 4 per cent., ex Government tax, will be paid on and after the 5th January.
J. C. WINANS, Sec.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION, OFFICE No. 38 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.
THE INTEREST DUE JAN. 1, 1865, ON the Preferred Certificates issued by this Trust will be paid on and after the 3d day of January, at this office, to those in whose name said Certificates are registered, on the 24th inst.
The transfer books, both of Common and Preferred Certificates, will be closed at 2 P. M., on the 24th inst., and opened Jan. 5, 1865, at 10 A. M.
By order of the Trustees.
ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO &, Co., No. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.
TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO.

OFFICE OF IMPORTERS AND TRADER'S INS. Co., No. 100 Broadway, Dec. 3, 1864.
AN ELECTION FOR SIXTEEN DIRECTORS of the third class will be held at the office of this company on TUESDAY, Dec. 20. Polls open from 11 to 12 o'clock.
FRANK W. BALLARD, Secretary.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 650 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 10, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking rooms, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1865. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P.M.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

CHOICE PETROLEUM LANDS AND leases for sale, selected by a competent and experienced agent. Correspondence is invited. Apply to or address D. C. STURGES & CO., McConnellsville, Morgan County, Ohio.

FINANCIAL.

BEST QUALITY
LOCUST MOUNTAIN WHITE ASH COAL
AT FIRST COST.
THE NEW-YORK
MUTUAL COAL COMPANY,
CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

Number of Shares	20,000
Par Value of Each Share	$25
Working Capital, in Cash	50,000

Each share entitles the holder to receive every year, for fifteen successive years, one ton of first quality Locust Mountain White Ash Coal, at cost; also a cash dividend every six months of the profits from the sale of all surplus coal.
Shareholders who do not desire to receive their coal may have their proportion sold by the company, for their especial benefit, the profits being paid over to them, independent of the regular cash dividends to which they are entitled.
Shareholders may order their coal in any of the usual sizes, viz: lump, broken, egg, stove, or nut coal, at the actual cost price, delivered at the dwellings, or at other places within the city of New-York or Brooklyn. Manufacturers' coal delivered in cargo.
Coal will be supplied to the shareholders immediately. The Trustees have already secured one of the largest, most reliable and best equipped Collieries in Pennsylvania, including double breaker, engines, miners' houses, slope works, railroad tracks, cars, mules, and all the necessary machinery, implements, lumber, &c.; the whole in perfect working order, and NOW IN FULL OPERATION, having been in use but eight months.
The Colliery is located near Ashland, in Schuylkill Co., Pa., and the coal produced from it is of the *very best quality of "Locust Mountain,"* and is the same as now recommended by all the coal dealers, and used by families in the cities of New-York and Brooklyn, and is mined under the most favorable circumstances, and at the least possible cost, as the coal is taken from the mine above the water level, and can be mined at all times at a profit. This coal is taken from the celebrated "Mammoth" vein, which, with the "Skidmore," "Primrose," and other celebrated veins, extend within the lines of the company, equal to three miles in length.
A branch of the Reading Rail road extends to the mines of this company, over which coal is now daily brought to market. The very best and most reliable facilities have already been secured for the transportation of the company's coal to this market.
This company being the "pioneer" in the "coal at cost" enterprise in this State, and being exclusively a New-York company, for the accommodation of its citizens, and as the price of each share is within the reach of everybody, it is fully expected that our citizens will come forward and subscribe for the stock without delay.
Books for subscription are now open at the offices of each Trustee in the City of New-York, where any additional information can be furnished.
TRUSTEES.
R. C. ROOT,
Of the firm of R. C. Root, Anthony & Co., corner of Nassau and Pine sts.
HENRY A. RICHARDSON,
Of Richardson, Boynton & Co., No. 234 Water-st.
JOHN C. SCHOOLEY,
No. 30 Pine-st.
D. C. HYDE,
Of Hyde & Conoklin, No. 143 Water-st.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, No. 32 CHAMBERS-STREET.
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that an additional One Per Cent. will be added on the 15th inst., to all taxes unpaid on that day. On the 1st of January following, interest at the rate of Twelve Per Cent. will accrue, to be calculated from the 10th day of October, 1864, to the date of payment.
JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—In sums of from $3,000 to $20,000. Apply to ADAMS & YOUNG, No. 170 Broadway

DIVIDENDS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK, JERSEY CITY, Dec. 12, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of 15 Per Cent. and the Government tax out of the profits of the current six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 5th of January proximo. The business of this bank will be discontinued after the 31st of December inst., and be merged into the First National Bank of this city.
J. S. FOX, Cashier.

OCEANIC PETROLEUM COMPANY
DIVIDEND.
A Dividend of ONE PER CENT on the Capital Stock ($2,000,000) will be paid at the office of the Company, No. 134 Maiden-lane, on the 20th inst., from the earnings of the Company to the 1st December. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 20th inst.
WM. H. PHELPS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864.

RUTLAND MARBLE COMPANY, No. 25 PINE-ST.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Five per cent., payable on and after Jan. 4, 1865, to stockholders of record on that day. The transfer books will be closed on Saturday, Dec. 24, and reopened on Thursday, Jan. 5.
THOMAS M. WHEELER, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD CO., OFFICE No. 73 SOUTH 4TH-ST., PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30, 1864.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Transfer books of this Company will be closed on THURSDAY, Dec. 15, and and reopened on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1865.
A Dividend of 15 per cent., on the common and preferred stock, clear of National and State taxes, has been declared payable in common stock, on 31st Dec. next, on all stock standing on the books of the Company at the close of business on the 15th proximo.
Stockholders whose names are registered on the New-York books, will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 56 Wall-st.
S. BRADFORD,
Treasurer.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 363 Broadway, NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1864.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., FREE of Government tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this Bank on the 3d day of January, 1865. The transfer books close on the 24th inst., to reopen Jan. 3, 1865.
By order of the Board,
JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN BANK, No. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable after first Monday of January next.
The transfer books will remain closed from Dec. 17 until Jan. 4, 1865.
J. S FOX,
S. ALOFSEN,
A. H. WALLIS,
Commissioners.

HANOVER BANK, New-York, Dec. 16, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders on the 3d day of January next.
The Transfer Book will be closed from the 21st to the 31st instant.
JNO. T. BANKER, Cashier.

BANK OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1864.
161ST DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent., free from Government tax, payable on and after the 3d of January next. The Transfer Books will be closed from this date until the 5th of January next.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 14, 1864.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of four (4) per cent. on the capital stock, out of the profits of last month, payable on and after Monday, the 19th instant. By order of the Board,
E. WESTERVELT, Secretary.
Eastern share holders will receive their dividend at the Transfer Agency Office, No. 42 Cedar-st., New-York.
J. B. WEIR, Transfer Agent.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five per cent. (free from Government tax) out of the profits of the Bank, payable on and after the 3d January, 1865. The transfer books will be closed from the 26th inst. to 4th prox.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS PER share (free from Government tax) has been declared on the capital stock of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on and after Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1865, to those who shall be stockholders on the 24th day of December inst., when the transfer books will close, and reopen again on the 3d day of January next.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 7, 1864.
W. BEMENT, Treas.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK, New-York, Dec. 13, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of five per cent., payable to stockholders, free of Government tax, on and after the 3d day of January next.
Transfer Books will be closed from Dec. 27 to 3d January, inclusive.
A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 1 THIRD-AVENUE.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—The Semi-annual Dividend, free from Government tax, at the rate of Six Per Cent. Per Annum on all sums from $5 to $500, and Five Per Cent. on sums over $500, will be payable on and after the 21st of January, 1865. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 7 o'clock.
THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS BANK.
No. 3 Chambers-st.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—The usual Semi-Annual Dividend, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, on all sums from $1 to $500, and five per cent. on sums over $500, will be payable on and after the 16th day of January, 1865.
Bank open DAILY from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on THURSDAY EVENING from 5 to 7 o'clock.
WM. H. SLOCUM, President.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK—No. 1 THIRD-AV.
Deposits will draw interest from the 1st January.
BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7 o'clock.
THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
CHOICE IMPORTATION OF THE HIGHEST GRADES OF CHAMPAGNE.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Dec. 20, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.
CHOICE IMPORTATION OF THE HIGHEST GRADES OF CHAMPAGNE, being one entire shipment of Dinet Fils & Co., comprising 128 cases quarts and pints, in double and single packages. The reputation of this wine is well known as being one of the finest sparkling wines imported to this market.
Also, OLD WINES AND LIQUORS from the Estate of the late SAM'L GLOVER, viz.: 14 dozen Madeira, Williams & Co., Boston; 70 botts old Port, bottled, and 70 botts old Port, bottled, London, Hills & Underwood; 2 dozen R. Madeira, 15 half-gallons, Magnums do.; 1 dozen do. no marks; 2 dozen fine Amontillado, vin., 1831, bottled 1834; 8 demijohns old Brown Sherry, Maitland & Co., 1847, Dutch Imperial Cordial and Curacoa; 20 dozen Vals-de-Penas & Lachryma Christi; 31 gallons old Pale Otard Dupuy & Co. Brandy, 1856, sold by order of executors.
Also by order of C. F. LOOSEY, Esq., all the Wines, Liquors, and choice Segars belonging to the Estate of the late COUNT NICHOLAS de GIORGI, Austrian Minister to the United States, consisting of choice Chateau Lafitte, St. Julian, Chateau Leoville and Chateau Yquem Moet and Chandon Cremante, Rose and Sillery, Mosseux Champagne, Old Port and Sherry, Old Cognac Brandy, 1827, Chatreuse, all in bottles; 4,000 of the choicest HAVANA SEGARS, Regalias, de Londres, Cazadores and Cilindrados, all imported for his private use by the late owner.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.
Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
AUCTION SALE OF FINE ORIGINAL MODERN OIL PAINTINGS.
MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, FRIDAY, Dec. 16, at 11 o'clock, at their Gallery, No. 37 Nassau-st., a fine collection of original modern oil paintings, of the French, English, Dusseldorf, Dutch, German and American Schools, all of which are guaranteed original, and recently imported from Europe by the following eminent artists, viz:

VERBOCKHOVEN,	KOEK KOEK,
GIRARD,	KRUSEMAN,
CARRABAIN,	VERHOVEN BALL,
Professor JAUERMAN, of Dusseldorf,	
VANDER HAGEN, of Dusseldorf,	
EDER, of Dusseldorf,	
DeBRAKALEER,	SMETS.
EVERSON,	VAN HOVE,
ADAM BARLAND,	MORRIS, of London,
LILLY M. SPENCER,	W. M. BROWN,
M. WARE,	TROYAN,

and others. Also, by order of the executors, 7 original European pictures, by L. Verner, Musin, Hugghens and Diez. The attention of connoisseurs and lovers of fine arts is requested. The above are now on exhibition.

H. R. WESTALL, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE
OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND VALUABLE WORKS OF ART,
COST OVER $12,000
MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, &c.
THIS DAY, (MONDAY,) AT 11 O'CLOCK.
At the elegant residence, No. 152 West 21st-st., between 7th and 8th avs., comprising the entire rich parlor, chamber, dining-room and nursery Furniture of the house. Over 800 yards of velvet and tapestry carpets, superb mirrors, four rosewood and walnut suites in brocatel and French reps, silver, china, cut glass, &c. Catalogues at house. Sale, rain or shine, without reserve.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
By virtue of orders of sale to me directed by the Hon. Thos. J. Boynton, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, Dec. 27, at 12 o'clock noon, from store No. 9 South William-st., cargo of schooner BADGER, 34 bales UPLAND COTTON.
Catalogues and samples at the office of Benner & Brown, No. 113 Wall-st., three days before sale.
THOS. W. CLAFF, U. S. Marshall,
Southern District Florida.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
CONTINUATION SALE OF THE LARGE STOCK OF WINES, BRANDIES, CHAMPAGNES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, &c., THE STOCK OF MESSRS. A. M. BININGER & CO.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Dec. 16 and 17, and following days until the sale is complete, at 11 o'clock each day, at the establishment of Messrs. A. M. BININGER & CO., No. 375 Broadway. Among the wines offered this day will be a large line of the most celebrated champagnes, viz.: Vve. Cliquot, imported by Schmidt & Co.; Piper Heidsick, by Renaud & Francois; G. H. Munn's various brands, imported by F. de Barry; Hubert, Pere Fils, Duc de Montebello, and others. Also, a large line of fine Hungarian wines, together with liquors, brandies, gin, wines, &c., of the most celebrated brands, all warranted genuine.
o 15

HENRY G. EVANS, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL IN LOTS TO SUIT RETAILERS on TUESDAY, Dec. 20, at ten o'clock, at No. 13 Barclay-st., a choice assortment of English and French china toys, vases, motto mugs, teas and coffees, dolls, &c., in great variety, 4 prime china tea sets, fancy toilet sets, table cutlery, plated ware, white granite and common crockery ware, glass ware, &c., adapted to the holiday season. Goods well packed for shipping. Sale positive to close consignments.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT NO. 310 MADISON-ST.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell on TUESDAY, Dec. 20, at 12 o'clock at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway—The two-story and attic brick house and lot No. 310 Madison-st., on the southerly side, between Gouverneur and Montgomery sts. The house is about 19.5x60 feet, and has party-walls on each side. Maps at 53½ Pine-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.
SALE OF MORGAN TROTTING STALLION and blooded horse will come off MONDAY, at 12½ o'clock, at Mansion stables, 42d-st. Also, two boys, very fine, fast, young trotters.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 3RD DISTRICT, STATE OF NEW-YORK, 1ST, 2D AND 4TH WARDS CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 130 BROADWAY.
SPECIAL INCOME TAX.—NOTICE IS HEREby given, that the list of taxes assessed in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, approved July 4, 1864, imposing a special tax of five per centum upon the gains, profits or income for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863, has been returned to me by the Assessor of the District, and that said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereof is hereby DEMANDED. A personal notice by mailing, demanding payment within ten days from its service, will be mailed to the address of each person on the list who shall omit to pay such tax for more than ten days from the date hereof, for which a fee of fifty cents will be added. And all persons who shall neglect to pay the sum so demanded within the time specified in such special notice will be liable to pay *ten per centum* additional, and a fee of twenty cents each for the service of the notice. Office open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1864.
SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, NEW-YORK, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, December 15, 1864.
THE FOLLOWING MERCHANDISE, VIZ.—Two hundred and fifty-five tuns Kirkliss Hall Cannel Coal, imported per ship *Conjugatine* from Liverpool, December 15, 1863, having remained in store unclaimed beyond the period allowed by law, will be sold at public auction, by JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at Wheeler's Stores, Atlantic Dock, on MONDAY, January 16, 1865, at 12 o'clock, M.
S. DRAPER, Collector.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Counc

SHIPPING.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON..... 3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
LAFAYETTE..... 3,204 tons.... 900-horse power
EUROPE..... (Afloat)..... 900-horse power
FRANCE..... (Afloat)..... 900-horse power
NAPOLEON III..... (Building)..1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE; LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE, as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.

LAFAYETTE.....WEDNESDAY.....Jan. 4.
WASHINGTON.....WEDNESDAY.....Feb. 1.

First Cabin, (including table wine).....$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine).....$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. BELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO. (Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	.....
ONTARIO—building	3,213	.....
HELVETIA—building	3,200	.....
ERIN	3,118	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Frowse.
VIRGINIA	2,856	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

ERIN—Lewis.....Saturday, Dec. 31.

AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $100 in currency. Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

For steerage passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to **NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.**

Will sail as follows:

MORNING STAR.....Nelson.....Wednesday, Dec. 21.
GUIDING STAR.....Knapp.....Saturday, ——
EVENING STAR.....Bell.....Saturday, Jan. 7.
GUIDING STAR.....Knapp.....Saturday, Jan. 14.
MORNING STAR.....Nelson.....Saturday, Jan. 21.
EVENING STAR.....Bell.....Saturday, Feb. 4.
DAY STAR.....(Building.)

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,

From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin state-rooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. The passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The MORNING STAR will call at Havana to land passengers.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COBH HARBOR

AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND COBH HARBOR.

ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 14.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 14.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 21.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 28.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 4.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 11.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....($132 53)
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....60 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

REGULAR LINE.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT, THE NEW AND FIRST-CLASS UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP "LIBERTY,"

built expressly for this trade,

THOMAS W. WILSON, Commander,

will leave Pier No 45, North River, for the above port, On SATURDAY, Dec. 24, at 3 o'clock precisely.

For freight or passage, apply to HARGOUS & CO., No. 33 South-st.

The next trip will be on Jan. 14.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

The following first class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:

Dec. 23.....OCEAN QUEEN.....SEABURY, (Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN CITY.)
Jan. 4.....NORTH STAR.....NELSON, (Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN AGE.)
Jan. 13.....COSTA RICA.....TINKELPAUGH. (Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)

For freight or passage, apply to D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY Jan. 2, MONDAY, Jan. 30.

Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....50

(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to H. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The first-class United States mail steamship CREOLE,

JOHN THOMPSON, Commander,

Having been thoroughly overhauled, will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for New Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 21, at three o'clock P.M. precisely.

For freight or passage apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NORFOLK, VA.

THE STEAMSHIP SAXON,

LAVENDER, Master,

will leave Pier No 6 East River, MONDAY, Dec. 19, at 2 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply to WHITNEY & HATHAWAY, No 52 South-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF CORK.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 24
KANGAROO.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 31
CITY OF LONDON.....SATURDAY.....Jan. 7

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,

PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	31
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Parcel from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New York.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA, via NICARAGUA, at greatly reduced rates this trip. THE CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY will dispatch, on MONDAY, Dec. 19, at noon, from Pier No. 29, North River, the elegant steamship GOLDEN RULE, Capt. D. S. BABCOCK.

First Cabin, Saloon, and Deck Rooms, $325; First Cabin, Between Deck Rooms, $300; Second Cabin, open berth, $225; Third Cabin, forward berth, $125. Children 5 to 12 years, one-half rates; Children under 5 years, one-quarter rates. Fifty pounds baggage free; extra baggage 10 cents a pound.

This is the shortest route to San Francisco, by 750 miles. There is no charge for meals on the Transit, and it is the only line offering these greatly reduced rates.

For passage apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

After this date, the regular opposition sailing day will be the 20th of every month.

FOR HAVANA—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP EAGLE,

Capt. LAWRENCE,

Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 21, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

The new and splendid steamship COLUMBIA, BARTON, Master, will succeed the MORO CASTLE, and leave on December 28.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway.—U. S. Passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. AGNES, Notary Public.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

COPARTNERSHIP.—WE, THE SUBSCRIBERS, have this day formed a copartnership for the transaction of a General Commission business, in Stocks, Bonds, and Government Securities, under the firm of NORWOOD & LOCKWOOD, and have taken the offices No. 17 William-st.

A. G. NORWOOD, JOHN F. LOCKWOOD.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 13, 1864.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name of McCREDY & ARMOUR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partners will sign in liquidation.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 17, 1864. DENNIS A. McCREDY, PAUL J. ARMOUR.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Nov. 18, 1864.

HAVING ASSOCIATED WITH US MR. CHARLES H. DABNEY, the business of our firm will, from this date, be continued under the name of DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:

BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)

On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Montague-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)

☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with rail roads for all principal cities in the West

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.

T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10:30 A. M. 3, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Dec. 5, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:30, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. All trains leave Chambers-st 30 minutes earlier than 30th-st. Sunday train, 6 P. M. from 30th-st. Through freight train daily. J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9:3, 11:30 A. M., and 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Hunter's Point at 10 A. M., 2, 5:30 and P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Wesney.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

Nov. 1, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M and 4 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE, VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.

THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT, AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."

The magnificent Steamer COMMONWEALTH, ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS

The elegant steamer PLYMOUTH ROCK, ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

AN AMERICAN CHRISTMAS STORY.

CHRISTMAS AT UNDER TOR.

PRICE 40 CENTS.

MOHUN, EBBS & HOUGH, No. 189 Broadway.

Sent by mail free on receipt of price.

THE GREAT LIBEL CASE.

GEORGE OYDYKE vs. THURLOW WEED.

On the completion of this important case, we shall publish in neat form a FULL ACCOUNT OF PROCEEDINGS.

The evidence now being taken is very curious, and is exciting general interest.

Please send in your orders at once, to THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY, No. 121 Nassau-st., New-York.

THE RICHEST SUBSCRIPTION BOOK PUBLISHED IN THIS COUNTRY.

A SUPERB PRESENT.

AUDUBON'S BIRDS OF AMERICA.

Illustrated by one splendid folio volume, containing 150 magnificent colored plates, 27x40 inches in size, representing 300 figures of birds, ALL OF THE NATURAL SIZE, IN ACTION, together with the plants and trees most frequented by them.

Folio volume of Plates, and 5 vols. royal 8vo, text, half Russia extra, $250.

Full Russia, superb gilt edges, $325.

AUDUBON'S QUADRUPEDS OF AMERICA.

Original edition, illustrated by two imperial folio volumes of colored plates, 21x27 inches, representing 320 animals, either of life size or their scale distinctly given. Two vols. plates, and three vols. text, royal 8vo, half Russia extra.....$300

Full Russia, superb gilt edges.....350

OCTAVO LIBRARY EDITION OF THE ABOVE WORKS.

10 vols. royal 8vo, 650 colored plates, representing more than 1,300 specimens of Birds and Animals, full antique, gilt edges.....$225

Half antique.....200

Descriptive circulars furnished on application.

Published by GEORGE R. LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway, New-York.

BOOKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

HANDSOMELY-BOUND BIBLES AND PRAYER-BOOKS, CHURCH SERVICES, &c., &c. Every size and style of binding.

ALSO ENGLISH MANUFACTURED LEATHER GOODS, AS WRITING DESKS, POCKET BOOKS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &c.

LYRE & SPOTTISWOODE, 626 BROADWAY, New-York

☞ Direct Importations from our London House, large stock constantly on hand.

"*Arthur's Magazine* deservedly enjoys the reputation of being one of the best moral literary magazines published in America."—*Coburg Sentinel, C. W.*

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

January number ready, and for sale by newsdealers throughout the country. Trade supplied by American News Company, No. 121 Nassau-st., New-York. Terms, $2 50 a year; three copies for $6; six copies for $10; ten copies for $15. Address T. S. ARTHUR & CO., No. 323 Walnut-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

DIARIES FOR 1865.

All kinds, from 25 cents to $3 each, for sale by the Publishers. FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-Lane.

1865.—ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—LITERATURE, Science and Art. Fine steel engravings. New volume and new series begin January, 1865. Commence subscription with new volume. Contents of January number: I. Russian History of the Crimean War. II. A Mission to Dahomey. III. Life in Java. IV. The Private Life of Kant. V. The Twin-Sisters of Malta. VI. Modern Novelists: Charles Dickens. VII. The Old Age of Isaiah. VIII. History of Debtors' Laws. IX. Dutch Art. X. Baden-Baden. XI. Goethe's Faustus. XII. In the Shadow. XIII. William of Normandy. XIV. The Pyramids and the Pentateuch. XV. Aunt Tabitha's Railway Adventure. XVI. Napoleon and the Buried Treasure in Persia. XVII. The Royal Family of Brazil. XVIII. Shoeburyness and the Big Guns. XIX. Cromwell Refusing the Crown. XX. Poetry. XXI. Brief Literary Notices. XXII. Science. XXIII. Art. XXIV. Varieties. Fine steel engraving, by Sartain, of "Cromwell Refusing the Crown of England." Each number is embellished with one or more fine steel engravings—portraits of eminent men or illustrative of important historical events. The twelve monthly numbers make three volumes per year, with indexes and title-pages for binding. Terms, $5 per year; single copies, 42 cents. The trade, clergymen, teachers and clubs supplied on favorable terms. Address W. H. BIDWELL, No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

MUSICAL.

THE MUSICAL PROFESSION OF NEW-YORK TO WM. B. BRADBURY.

We have examined with much care Mr. Wm. B. Bradbury's new-scale piano-fortes, and it is our opinion that in power, purity, richness, equality of tone and thorough workmanship, Mr. Bradbury's instruments excel.

We find great brilliancy, and a beautiful singing quality of tone most happily blended.

We have rarely seen a square piano combine so many of those qualities so essential to a PERFECT INSTRUMENT.

WILLIAM MASON, S. B. MILES, GEO. W. MORGAN, THEO. THOMAS, W. BERGE, JOHN N. PATTISON, CHARLES FRADEL, ROBERT BELLER, CHARLES GROBE, STRAKOSCH, CLARA W. PEAMES, MAX MARETZEK, CARL ANSCHUTZ, E. M. CARRINGTON, THEO. HAGEN, editor New-York *Musical Review*, JOHN ZUNDEL, organist in H. W. Beecher's church.

HARRY SANDERSON, CHAS. WELLS, GEO. F. BRISTOW, A. BAGIOLA, GUSTAVE R. ECKHARDT, GEO. H. CURTIS, H. E. MATTHEWS, F. L. RITTER, F. H. NASH, THEO. MOELLING, JOHN H. ICKLER, ROBERT STOEPEL, HENRY C. TIMM, T. E. PERKINS.

An assortment of these magnificent pianos now on hand.

Warerooms, No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st., one block east of Broadway.

WM. B. BRADBURY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1834.

JOHN B. DUNHAM, MANUFACTURER OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES.

WAREROOMS AND MANUFACTORY, NOS. 75 TO 85 EAST 13TH-ST., NEW-YORK.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

ESTABLISHED IN 1829.

RAVEN & BACON, PIANO MANUFACTURERS, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York.

The musical profession having of late become quite prominent in connection with newspaper advertisements of four or five piano manufacturers in this city, each firm claiming superiority for their instruments from the indorsement of the same distinguished artists, we fear the innocent public, unacquainted with the tricks of the trade, may find themselves mystified as to where to select the best piano for their holiday gifts.

We would state that, as our pianos have been favorably known in this market for nearly forty years, it has not been necessary for us to obtain the opinion of the profession in regard to their quality, the instruments speaking for themselves. We are continually introducing improvements in our pianos, and they are up to the age in every particular. Parties desiring pianos will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

CUMMINGS & JENNY'S, MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES, No. 726 Broadway, New-York.

In these instruments are to be found the embodiments of those great qualities, volume, richness, purity and sonority of tone, which have so often met with the highest commendations of the leading artists throughout the country, and yet, they are offered to the public at prices, from 25 to 30 per cent. lower than any other of equal quality.

Every instrument warranted for five years.

STEINWAY & SON

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano-forte makers (father and four sons,) who invest all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

STODART PIANOS,

Known and esteemed as one of the BEST PIANOS manufactured, and for years have been used by the MOST HIGHLY CULTIVATED MUSICAL PEOPLE, and who will have none other.

Ref erence is made in all cases to parties who have the instrument, and they number thousands in this city alone, as to their qualities as a PERFECT PIANO in every respect. A fine assortment, recently from our factory, at our warerooms, No. 524 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. STODART & MORRIS.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

FORTY PIANOS, MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS at wholesale or retail. New 7-Octave Pianos for $250. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains; prices from $60 to $200. All the above instruments to let, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. 10,000 sheets of Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

NEW MUSIC.—"DON SEBASTIAN FANTASIE Brilliante," pour le piano, by WM. F. MUELLER. Price 75 cents. "Danse Odalesques Polka Gallop," from "Don Sebastian," pour le piano, by CHAS. FRADEL. Price, 60 cents. "Sanitary Fair Polka," arranged for four hands, by Mrs. E. A. PARKHURST; 40 cents, mailed free. Publisher, HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

ELEGANT, FIRST-CLASS PIANOS, NEW 7-octave, overstrung scale; tone, touch and finish superb; warranted five years; prices moderate. Pianos and melodeons tuned, repaired or exchanged. SAWYER & THOMPSON, No. 765 Broadway, N. Y., No. 59 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

GREATEST WARRIORS OF THE WORLD.—Hannibal, Cæsar, Pizarro, Charles XII., Frederic the Great, Cromwell, Wellington, Napoleon, Scott, &c., in the Jan. Pictorial Double No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents. Newsmen have it. FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

GRAND SQUARE AND COTTAGE SQUARE Pianos, and Upright or Cabinet Pianos, excellent in quality, moderate in price, by CHAMBERS & GABLER, 8th-st., corner of 4th-av., in the Bible House. Please send for a circular.

THE CELEBRATED PIANOS OF J. & C. FISCHER, the most reliable pianos made, with the best modern improvements, wholesale and retail, at moderate prices, Nos. 241, 243, 245, 247 and 249 28th-st., near 9th-av.

GEN. SHERIDAN.—PORTRAIT, CHARACTER and biography, in Jan. Double No. PHRENOLOGICAL. Ask your newsman for it, or send to Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—Sole depot for Pelonbet's superior Harmoniums wholesale and retail. Prices $100 to $600. Instruments to let. J. M. PELTON, No. 241 Broadway, New-York.

IMPROVED IRON FRAMES SQUARE PIANOS at REDUCED cash prices. J. G. DAVIES, No. 467 Broome-st.

WANTED TO PURCHASE FOR CASH—A 7-octave round-cornered rosewood case A No. 1 piano, Chickering or Steinway's make. Address WASHINGTON, Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S PIANOS.—An elegant present for the holidays. Call at the depot, No. 749 Broadway.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., N. Y. NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for gentlemen on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York, at 8 o'clock.

Call for a circular.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY, NO 33 SCHERMERHORN-ST., BROOKLYN.

Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular. Just published, a pamphlet containing a complete description of the fashionable quadrilles and 60 figures of the German Cotillon. Remit 25 cents for a copy.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION USE the purest Nitrous Oxide, made fresh every day by Dr. COLTON, (the originator,) and extract teeth without pain, or make no charge. Teeth inserted in the best manner. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

"PSYCHOLOGY."—WESLEY AND SWEDENBORG—Clear seeing, Interesting Facts in Clairvoyance, &c., in Jan.—double—No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL.

DR. VAN VLECK, NO. 47 BOND-ST., THE cheapest dentist in New-York. Call and see rare specimens of dental skill. Extracting without pain.

AMUSEMENTS

WALLACK'S. MONDAY.

Mr. Boucicault's new comedy, with entirely new scenery, dresses, furniture and appointments, entitled HOW SHE LOVES HIM.

One of the greatest successes ever achieved in this theatre, given with a POWERFUL DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS, including the names of Messrs. Lester Wallack, Charles Fisher, John Gilbert, W. R. Floyd, Norton, John Sefton, John Moore, G. Brown, Williamson, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, and Mrs. Maurice.

TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY—"HOW SHE LOVES HIM."

THURSDAY—ROSEDALE, for the 145th time.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY—"HOW SHE LOVES HIM."

THE WIFE'S SECRET.—This charming play is in rehearsal, and will be produced at the earliest possible period.

MARRIED LIFE (Buckstone's fine Comedy) is also in preparation.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7½

Lessee and Manager.....WM. WHEATLEY

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 19, ENTIRE CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE by the great and original artist, MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.

First time in many months of MRS BARNEY WILLIAMS in her famous and unequaled representation of THE YANKEE GAL.

FIRST TIME THIS SEASON OF THE BEAUTIFUL LEGENDARY IRISH DRAMA, THE FAIRY CIRCLE.

Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS.....as.....CON O'CAROLAN
Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS.....as.....MOLESHE

To conclude with the laughable commedetta of THE CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY, OR YANKEE HELP.

Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS, as the Yankee Help MELISSA, WITH A YANKEE SONG.

Both pieces cast with the full strength of the company. Messrs. J. Nunan, J. W. Collier, George Becks, J. G. Burnett, J. W. Blaisden, E. B. Holmes, H. Danvers, Barry, &c.; Misses Isabella Freeman, Mary Wells, Skerrett, Burke, &c.

FRIDAY—BENEFIT OF MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS. Seats secured six days in advance.

OLYMPIC. COMMENCES AT 7¾.

GREAT SUCCESS of the local sensational drama in FIVE TABLEAUX AND A PROLOGUE, THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK. received nightly with the GREATEST ENTHUSIASM. THE MAGNIFICENT TABLEAUX, THE FIRE and UNION-SQUARE, universally acknowledged the most perfect PRESENTED ON THE STAGE.

It will be repeated TO-NIGHT, with New Scenery, New Music, Costumes, Appointments and A POWERFUL CAST.

Seats secured three days in advance.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE.

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME. FIRST NIGHTS OF HELLER'S PROGRAMME NO. 4. NEW ILLUSION.

NEW PIANOFORTE SOLOS BY ROBERT HELLER.
1. Fantasia, "Don Giovanni".....Thalberg
2. "Laughing Waters".....R. Heller

After which the new HELLER-RAVEL PANTOMIME, entitled HARLEQUIN SANTA CLAUS AND THE MAGIC CLOSET. With NEW SCENERY, NEW CLOWN, NEW DRESSES, NEW HARLEQUIN, NEW MACHINERY, NEW COLUMBINE, NEW TRICKS and CHANGES, NEW WITCH, NEW MUSIC, NEW DEMON, NEW MISE-EN-SCENE, NEW SPIRIT, And a BRAN NEW SANTA CLAUS.

Doors open at 7½; commence at 8.

SECOND MASONIC PROMENADE CONCERT, IN AID OF THE MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF BROOKLYN, AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, FESTIVAL OF ST. JOHN, DEC. 27, 1864.

Tickets can be obtained from members of the fraternity and all the principal music and drug stores.

ARTEMAS WARD AT DODWORTH HALL

No. 806 Broadway, opposite 11th-st. 89TH TO 94TH NIGHTS. HIS PICTURES, MUSIC AND STORY, Illustrative of LIFE AMONGST THE MORMONS, AND THE SCENERY AND PEOPLE OF UTAH.

Every evening at 8.....Doors open at 7½
☞ SECOND MATINEE BY A. WARD, WEDNESDAY NEXT, Dec. 20, at 3 P. M.
The doors will be open at 2 P. M.
☞ REMEMBER THE MATINEE ON WEDNESDAY.

GRAND SACRED AND MISCELLANEOUS CONCERT, Under the direction of DR. WM. BERGE, Organist and Conductor, Assisted by Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Barclay, and Messrs. Werneke and Thatcher, and other eminent singers, at the MADISON-AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, cor. of 31st-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 21, 1864, at ½ to 8 o'clock, for the benefit of the Mission-school.

Tickets 50 cents: to be had at the Fifth Avenue and St. James Hotels, the music-stores on Broadway, Sheldon & Co.'s book-store, and Root, Anthony & Co., Nassau-st., and at the door.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION, NOS. 539 and 541 BROADWAY, OPEN FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M. JUST ARRIVED, From Algiers, a splendid BISKRA DROMEDARY, AND A BABY DROMEDARY, The latter only nine months old, which may be seen at all hours in conjunction with the largest and MOST COMPLETE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS Ever brought together on this continent. THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY are given, at 11½ A. M., 3, and 8½ P. M., introducing ALL THE TRAINED ANIMALS. THE WONDERFUL PERFORMING MONKEY, Signor VICTOR, appears at each entertainment in his comical feats.—ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS. No half price.

THE MEDDAHH, AT TURKISH HALL, NO. 720 BROADWAY. OSCANYAN'S GRAND ORIENTAL ENTERTAINMENTS. TURKISH SCENERY, TABLEAUX VIVANTS, SINGING, MUSIC, DANCING, &c., &c. Will open on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 22, Admission 50 cents. Reserved seats $1. Office open from 9 A. M. till 2 P. M.

GOOD MANNERS; GENTILITY OF TEMPER; Hints to Preachers; Christian Courtesy; Gospel Ethics; Courtesy in Controversy; Dr. Beecher; Sense, Reason and Faith; A Christian Gentleman; My Guardian Angel, a poem, in Jan. double No. PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, 20 cents, or $2 a year. Please address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

A SOLITAIRE CALIFORNIA DIAMOND Ring, $5; a cluster ring, $7; a pair solitaire knobs, $5; pair cluster knobs, $7 50;

FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Hibernian at Portland—Lord Russell and the Rebel Commissioners—Protestations of the Neutrality of England—Mexican Privateers and French Opinion—The Case of the Ship Great Western—The Rappahannock—Denmark, Germany and Italy—European Politics—Rebel Rioting at Bristol—Death of David Roberts, the Artist.

PORTLAND, Me., Saturday Dec. 17.

The steamship *Hibernian*, Capt. DUTTON, from Liverpool at 11:30 o'clock on the morning of the 1st, via Londonderry on the 2d inst., arrived at this port at 6:30 o'clock this evening. The dates are five days later than those already received.

Purser MCNAUGHTON reports: Experienced heavy gales from the northwest during the voyage. Passed a steamer on the 12th, in lat. 47.21, long. 47.42, bound east, showing a blue light and two rockets.

The steamship *North American*, from Portland, reached Liverpool on the evening of the 29th of November. On entering the Mersey, she ran down and sunk a brig, sustaining slight damage herself.

The steamship *City of Baltimore*, from New-York, arrived at Queenstown at an early hour in the morning, on the 30th of November.

The steamship *America*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the morning of the 1st inst.

The steamship *Pennsylvania*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool, on the 1st inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Earl RUSSELL has made the following reply to the dispatch of the Confederate Commissioners and manifesto of the Southern Congress:

FOREIGN OFFICE, Nov. 25, 1864.

GENTLEMEN: I have had the honor to receive the copy which you have sent me of the manifesto issued by the Congress of the so-called Confederate States of America.

Her Majesty's Government deeply lament the protracted nature of the struggle between the Northern and Southern States of the formerly united Republic of North America.

Great Britain has, since 1783, remained, with the exception of a short period, connected by friendly relations with both the Northern and Southern States.

Since the commencement of the civil war, which broke out in 1861, Her Majesty's Government have continued to entertain sentiments of friendship equally for the North and for the South.

Of the causes of the rupture, Her Majesty's Government have never presumed to judge. They deplored the commencement of this sanguinary struggle, and anxiously look forward to the period of its termination.

In the meantime they are convinced that they best consult the interests of peace, and respect the rights of all parties, by observing a strict and impartial neutrality.

Such neutrality Her Majesty has faithfully maintained and will continue to maintain.

(Signed) RUSSELL.

To J. SLIDELL, Esq., J. MASON, Esq., A. DUDLEY MANN, Esq.

The London *Times* fears that Earl RUSSELL's letter will find no favor either with the North or South. First he snubs the Confederate States. They are only "so-called Confederate States," and have yet to establish their right to the appellation. This, too, is a compliment to the United States, but then follows a counter snub to the United States. They are the formerly "united Republic"—but to say they were "formerly united" is to imply they are now "disunited," and to acknowledge therefore the "existence" of the Confederate States. Earl RUSSELL seems to be in danger of forgetting that "neuter" does not mean "both." Therefore if he would maintain even in words strict neutrality, it is necessary to avoid any demonstration of friendship to either belligerent.

The *Times* in its "city article" says:—"The Liverpool cotton market is very sensitive, and it is remarked that should there be a repetion of the peace rumors from America a considerable decline is likely to take place, although the end of the war is considered to be far off."

FRANCE.

The Paris Bourse closed firm on the 30th ult. at 65f. 20c.

M. MOCQUARD, Private Secretary to the Emperor, was said to be very dangerously ill.

THE DANO-GERMAN QUESTION.

The Hanoverian and Saxon troops are to be immediately withdrawn from Holstein, a very summary demand for their removal having been sent to Hanover and Dresden by the Prussian Government, supported by Austria.

Le Nord asserts on the contrary, however, that Austria is opposed to Prussia in this movement, and that the division between the two Governments on the question may lead to grave consequences.

ITALY.

Gen. TURR has resigned his commission, and the King of Italy has accepted his resignation, leaving the General, however, the national rank of Lieutenant-General and the title of Honorary Aid-de-Camp to the King.

The convention was being discussed in the Senate. Gen. DI LA MARMORA said that the Venetian question was merely one of vanity so far as Austria was concerned. He also protested against the supposition that France coveted any portion of Italian territory.

LATEST VIA LONDONDERRY.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 2.

A Vienna dispatch of Thursday noon says the mediation of Austria being accepted, there is no longer danger of a collision between the Prussians and Federals in Holstein and Lunenberg.

A riot occurred at a meeting at Bristol to celebrate the reelection of Mr. LINCOLN to the Presidency. Cheers were given for JEFF. DAVIS and Gen. LEE and groans for GRANT, BUTLER and LINCOLN. A rush was made for the platform, and the speakers driven away from it. Finally the police cleared the room.

The *Times'* "city article" says that the demand for discount at the Bank yesterday, was about the average. In the open market there was an increased inquiry for discount. On the Stock Exchange the sale for short loans was 5½ to 6 per cent.

The ship *Great Western* has finally quitted Liverpool for New-York, taking with her a large number of the alleged Federal recruits, and the agents who engaged them. The law officers of the Crown did not see sufficient ground for legal proceedings.

The case of the *Rappahannock* has been fixed for the 5th of December, before the Queen's Bench.

The New-York correspondent of the *Times* does the Americans the justice to say that the election was conducted with such good feeling, propriety and order, as to be in the highest degree honorable to the American people.

The *Times'* "city article" replies to Mr. CORDEN'S remarks on the American finances and justifies its own predictions.

DAVID ROBERTS, the artist, is dead.

There has been a great warehouse fire, and saltpetre, sugar, jute, &c., destroyed to the value of £200,000 sterling.

The British export returns for October show a great falling off, owing to the derangement in monetary affairs.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* has published a strange paragraph, warning against pirates and corsairs. It is supposed to have reference to the alleged letter-of-marque stated to have been granted by JUAREZ.

The *Opinione Nationale* attacks the *Constitutionnel* for the warning, and taunts it with having upheld the *Alabama*, *Florida*, &c. It charges the *Constitutionnel* with changing its opinions now that French commerce may be jeopardized by similar cruisers.

The Paris Bourse closed firm yesterday, at 65f. 05c.

The question of the withdrawal of the troops from the Duchies, occupies the German Powers.

BRAZIL.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 8.

Coffee 6$|000 for good first. Exchange 25.12 to 26.

INDIA.

BOMBAY, Nov. 14.

Sheetings higher. Twist dull. Exchange 2s. 1¾d.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 10.

Exchange 2s. 1¾d. Freights to London 70.

CHINA.

Telegrams from China report teas unchanged.

Dr. WINSLOW, the American Missionary, is dead. He died at the Cape of Good Hope.

COMMERCIAL BY THE HIBERNIAN.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Money was in increased demand and the discount market was active at 6¾ to 7 per cent. The applications at the Bank for discount were increasing. The funds showed continued depression. Consols on the 30th ult. further declined ¼. There was a continued demand for export.

SAUNDERSTHWAITE'S circular reports an active market for American Securities at fluctuating rates, according to the gold quotations from New-York. United States Fives declined at one time to 40⅝, sellers, and Illinois Central to 50, sellers—but they afterward improved to 42⅜ and 51 respectively, at which they closed firm, the demand having been better since the reduction of the rate discount by the Bank of Holland from 7 to 6¾ per cent.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET, DEC. 1.

The sales of Corron for three days foot up 16,000 bales. Including 6,500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is dull, with a slight decline on all qualities.

TRADE REPORT.

The Manchester market is dull and easier.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET—DEC. 1.

The market is generally quiet and steady. WHEAT rules firmer. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., GORDON, BRUCH & Co., and others, report: FLOUR quiet and steady. WHEAT firm. CORN inactive at 28s. for Mixed.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET—DEC. 1.

The market is generally steady. Messrs. BIGLAND, AYTHA & Co. and WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. report: BEEF dull. PORK inactive. BACON quiet and steady. LARD steady and quiet. TALLOW quiet.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET—DEC. 1.

ASHES—Pots 28s. 6d, SUGAR easier. COFFEE—No sales. RICE steady. LINSEED OIL firm. RESIN dull. SPIRITS TURPENTINE nominal at 61s. PETROLEUM quiet at 1s. 10d. @1s. 10½d. ₰ gallon for Refined.

LONDON MARKETS.

BREADSTUFFS inactive but steady. SUGAR inactive. COFFEE buoyant. TEA quiet and steady. RICE flat. TALLOW steady at 41s. @41s. 3d.

LONDON, Thursday, Dec. 1.

Consols closed at 90⅜d. @90½d. for money. Illinois Central 50½d. @51½d. discount. Erie Railroad 39d. @41d.

LATEST COMMERCIAL VIA GREENCASTLE.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Dec. 2.

COTTON.—Sales of the week, 32,000 bales, including 8,500 bales to speculators, and 6,000 bales to exporters. The market has been dull, with a decline of 1d. on American, and 1d @2d. on other descriptions. The sales to-day (Friday) were 10,000 bales, the market closing firmer. The quotations are:

Fair Orleans	27¾d.	Middling Orleans	27⅝d.
Fair Mobile	27d.	Middling Mobile	26d.
Fair Uplands	26¾d.	Middling Uplands	25 1-16d.

The stock in port is 384,000 bales, including 16,000 bales of American.

TRADE REPORT—The Manchester market is firmer with an upward tendency.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS—The market is inactive. Beef is unsettled under recent arrivals.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 2.

CONSOLS closed at 89¾ ex dividend.

AMERICAN SECURITIES—Illinois Central Railroad 51@52 discount; Erie Railroad 39@40.

The weekly return of the Bank of England shows a decrease in bullion of £241,000.

THE NORTHERN FRONTIER.

Important Order From Gen. Dix—Modification of Previous Orders—No Pursuit of Robbers into Canada.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST, NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 17, 1864.

GENERAL ORDER No. 100.—The President of the United States having disapproved of that portion of Department General Order No. 97, current series, which instructs all military Commanders on the frontier, in certain cases, therein specified, to cross the boundary line between the United States and Canada, and directs pursuit into neutral territory, the said instruction is hereby revoked.

In case, therefore, of any future marauding expedition into our territory from Canada, military Commanders on the frontier will report to these headquarters for orders before crossing the boundary line in pursuit of the guilty parties.

By command of Major-Gen. DIX.

D. T. VAN BUREN, Colonel and A. A. G.

[Official.] CHARLES O. JOLINE, Major and A. D. C.

Public Opinion in the Provinces—The Action of the Government—The Meeting of Parliament—Extraordinary Conduct of Judge Coursol and the Montreal Police—Connivance and Plunder.

THE JUDGE AND THE POLICEMAN.

From the Montreal Witness.

We record with very great satisfaction the unanimity of public opinion here in condemning the conduct of Judge COURSOL and Capt. LAMOTHE in the matter of the raiders, especially the giving back of the money. Indeed, we dot think there is an individual who justifies the latter act, unless it be those who profited by it. This unanimity on the right side in a question of integrity and morality, is the best indication that has occurred for a good while of a healthy state of opinion in Montreal. The public mind has been so debauched and infatuated by the sophistries and calumnies of Confederates and Confederate organs, that any symptoms of return to a sound mind are of exceeding great value, and we trust this whole nefarious business of the raiders will yet be overruled for great good, especially if the Government of the country and city act promptly in repairing the wrong done.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.

In the United States House of Representatives, on Monday, a resolution was adopted unanimously, calling on the President to give notice to Great Britain of the termination of the Reciprocity Treaty. This resolution differs from the one which was before Congress last year, inasmuch as the latter contemplated the appointment of Commissioners to meet British Commissioners with a view to extending the reciprocity principle to a future treaty. This contemplates its absolute abrogation. The resolution to have effect will require the assent of the Senate; but we imagine that that will be only too certainly given.—*Montreal Herald.*

[Nothing less could be expected to follow the action of Judge COURSOL and Capt. LAMOTHE—*Montreal Witness.*

THE KNAVERRY OF THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

So soon as it was ascertained that Mr. COURSOL intended to release the prisoners and before he had concluded his judgment, steps were taken by the counsel employed for the United States Government to have them rearrested. Accordingly papers were made out, and a warrant issued upon them by Justice SMITH. The High Constable could not be found, and one of the counsel, in company with some of the American gentlemen interested, proceeded to the office of the Chief of Police. Upon seeing the warrant, though told it was signed by one of the Judges of the Superior Court, he declined to execute it until he had three quarters of an hour for reflection. As that seemed to involve a chance for the late prisoners to leave by the evening train, another attempt was made to find the High Constable, and this time with success. As, however, one man could not arrest thirteen, a question arose whether the City Police could be called to assist. For this purpose another visit was made to the Chief of Police, who again asked for time to reflect. —*Montreal Herald.*

THE ACTION OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

The Governor-General gave orders not only to Mr. COURSOL to arrest the raiders, but directed the military authorities to assist, if necessary. Thus, if His Excellency did not issue a warrant, Mr. COURSOL had the Governor's order to make the arrests—and it seems a high-handed procedure to set aside his authority in the matter. If the Government does not disown the acts of the Judge and remove him from office, they must be held responsible for all the consequences—and the fact will be patent to the world that on the great question which divides the United States, the Government of Canada is fairly represented by the ministerial press of Lower Canada—without a single exception in its bitter and unjust spirit toward the people of the North and toward their Government.

THE PERJURED JUDGE ON THE RESTORATION OF THE MONEY.

From the Report of the Montreal Investigating Committee.

Counsel for the United States.—As you have already given it as your opinion that the Chief of Police would have been liable in damages if he detained the money after your judgment, do you wish the Committee now to understand by your former answer that his liability would have been doubtful?

Judge Coursol.—Being called upon to give opinions as I have already been, which course I believe, with due reference to this Committee, to be extremely irrelevent, I have said that the Chief might have been liable in an action of damages, without expressing an opinion as to the result of such an action.

Counsel—Your judgment having been pronounced between the hours of three and four of the clock of the afternoon of Tuesday last, permit me to ask you if it is your opinion that the Chief of Police would have rendered himself liable to the raiders to deliver to them the money in question before the opening of the bank in which the money had been deposited, the said bank having been closed before judgment was rendered?

Judge Coursol—I am not aware whether the money was deposited in the bank, except from hearsay since the opening of this investigation; but if the prisoners were legally entitled to the money they had a right to be put in possession of it as soon as possible after their discharge.

CANADIAN NEUTRALITY.

From the Montreal Gazette, (Tory.)

While we neither admit nor controvert any of the many statements that are afloat, we think there is enough to demand a thorough investigation on the part of the Governmeat into the circumstances of this case. It is the one thing most desirable for all parties. Whatever course the Canadian Government may take, it will be wholly unable to satisfy the Gen. Dix's or Senator Chandler's of the Federal States. But the question is not now what will satisfy our irritable neighbors, but what is due to ourselves. Canadian justice must be above suspicion; Canadian neutrality must be beyond question. Not from anything that has been said or done on the other side, but simply for the good name of this country, a searching and unsparing inquiry ought to be made into the whole grounds of the late decision, as well those already known to the public, as those which may be known, but are, as yet, not public.

REBEL RAIDS INTO CANADA AND THEIR CONSEQUENCES.

From the Toronto Globe.

Yesterday the telegraph stated that a raid was apprehended on Detroit. Perhaps most readers passed it over as a mere invention. Such is not the case. We do not know that Detroit is more menaced than any other lake port, but that a plot is on foot to make an attack on our neighbors, of larger proportions than has hitherto been attempted, there is little doubt. Information has been received by our Government, to the effect that a regiment of Confederate soldiers have been detailed, to find their way to Canada as best they may. They are to come here by one and twos, but they will know where and how to unite, and if the chance be given them, will strike a blow somewhere on our frontier.

Fortunately, having received timely warning, our Government will make their task far more difficult than they perhaps apprehended; but still the amount of success which has attended previous attempts is sufficient to show that their project is far from being impracticable. It is time we were thoroughly upon our guard. The American people, and no one can be surprised at it, are much excited at the depredations already committed and at the various rumors. They are armed and prepared. If an attack be made on any lake city, the probability is that the people will follow the marauders across the frontier, and the consequences that will then ensue it is easy to conceive. The wish of the South for war between England and the Northern States would, it is feared, be speedily realized. It is not to be expected that, in such circumstances, the pursuing force would conduct itself with the calmness of a judge on the bench. Wrong would be committed on our fellow-subjects, resistance would certainly be made, mutual recrimination and bitter feelings would arise, both parties would refuse redress, and war would follow. At any rate, we defy any one to imagine circumstances better calculated to bring about such a consummation.

PROTECTION OF THE FRONTIER.

From the Toronto Leader.

Vigorous measures are being taken by the Government for the protection of the western frontier of the Province. A Stipendiary Magistrate, with a police force, has been appointed for that frontier. In addition to this, a strong force of volunteer militia has been called out. These measures evince the determination of the Government to prevent raids and preserve quiet on the frontier, between the Province and the States.

THE DECISION OF JUDGE COURSOL.

From the Toronto Leader.

A communication from the office of the Attorney-General of Lower Canada to Mr. JOHNSON and Mr. CARTER, Counsel for the Crown, in the case of the St. Alban's raiders, seems to show that Judge COURSOL based his decision, in that case, upon an erroneous conception of the facts and the law. If that be the true State of the case, he has committed a very serious blunder. In the early stages of the investigation we expressed a regret that the case had not come before one of the Superior Court judges; and the event proves that our objection was but too well founded. An error of this kind is peculiary mischievous as tending to create the impression in the minds of the people and Government of a foreign nation that the decision is due to a juggle or a fraud, and that in either case it is evident of bad faith in a matter of vital importance. But we may hope that even dispassionate foreigners will see the matter in is true light, and place the whole blame on that fallibility of the judge, to which alone it is traceable.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE

From the Montreal Gazette, (Tory.)

Yesterday the Police Committee adjourned until to-day at 11 o'clock, at the request of Mr. DEVLIN, counsel for the St. Alban's banks, in which request Chief LAMOTHE's counsel, Mr. LAFLAMME, Q. C., concurred. The Police Committee were not informed of the reason for postponement; but if we are not misinformed, the object was to make some arrangement respecting the $96,000 It is rumored that Mr. PORTERFIELD, of this city, has the money in his custody, and that he would state so before the committee; also that it may be attached in his hands, and a legal issue thus raised, which may be carried in appeal to the Privy Council, if necessary. We hope this rumor may prove correct. It is highly important that the question should be settled by the highest judicial tribunal.

A PUBLIC MEETING—THE CONVENING OF PARLIAMENT.

From the Montreal Herald.

We find that some of our most respectable citizens, indignant at the disgrace brought on the city and province by the extraordinary decision of Mr. COURSOL, have applied to the Mayor to call public meeting, at which the subject may be considered and a proper expression given to the general feeling. We have no doubt that the requisition, which has been begun by some of our leading men, will be numerously signed. It is stated that a proclamation was issued yesterday calling Parliament for the 19th of January for the dispatch of business. It is also said that another proclamation calls out a force of volunteer militia to prevent raids from Canada and maintain order on the frontier.

A SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

From the Montreal Witness.

A very important statement is made in *Le Pays*, which, if corroborated, will throw a new light upon the transaction by which the raiders were liberated. That paper asserts that the technical objections upon which Judge COURSOL dismissed the suit, were known fourteen days in advance, and that it is impossible that the Government should not have been made aware of it through the Crown officers or otherwise. Mr. CARTIER was himself in Montreal, and must have been perfectly aware of what was coming. It could not have taken place without his assent; and indeed he must have advised it either from the sympathy he felt for the South, or from a desire of thus evading the trouble and responsibility which a surrender of the raiders would have implied. It is the *Pays* which is responsible for these statements and opinions.

A FEW SIGNIFICANT FACTS.

From the Hamilton Times.

There are positions in which to ignore possible difficulties is not only foolish but criminal. We in Canada are now in that position. When we see, as we have seen for some time past, our fair city of Hamilton flooded with strangers—tall, military looking fellows, in their general appearance—who seem to have an instinctive dislike to give the least information in regard to themselves, who, yet evidently, (notwithstanding their attempts to appear otherwise,) are all well known to one another, and band together throughout the city in fours and fives, who keep themselves to themselves, live together, come together, and go away together, and have little to say to any one other than amongst themselves, we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that these persons must have visited Canada with some particular object in view. What that may be has already been, more than once, pretty broadly hinted at—a raid upon some of the border cities of the United Federal States. Witness this telegram which has come into our hands, and which was presented on Friday, the 9th instant, at one of the telegraph offices in this city by a man from whose appearance there could be very little doubt of his origin —namely, the Southern States:

HAMILTON, Dec. 9, 1864.

For George Young, Hirons House, Windsor:

Have bought five skiffs here. Will ship them as soon as possible. GEORGE WALLACE.

The inference that may be drawn from this message is surely plain enough. Skiffs are not generally in great requisition about this time of the year at Windsor, and if five have gone from Hamilton how many more may have been forwarded from other cities?

THE AUTHORITIES IN COLLISION WITH THE RAIDERS.

From the Montreal Witness.

So certain, it is said, were the raiders of their release, that they provided beforehand furs. Their friends anticipated their release, but not perhaps on the precise grounds upon which Judge COURSOL gave them their liberty, and careful arrangements were accordingly made for their flight or concealment. The course pursued by the Judge being disowned by his own Government, and severely censured and denounced by the United States people, places Judge COURSOL in a position of unenviable notoriety. If the raiders left Montreal, they were probably driven out by sleigh to some country railway station. If they succeeded in reaching Detroit, they would probably find their way by the underground railroad to the South. It is, however, a matter of doubt in some minds whether they are very far from this city. There are plenty of sympathizers here to shelter them, and they could probably nowhere be safer than secreted in Montreal. Of course, the Secessionists, and those journals which sympathize with them, will endeavor to put the police off the scent. A large reward should be offered for their apprehension.

THE GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBLE FOR COURSEL'S ACTION.

From the Montreal Witness.

The Canadian Government specially selected Mr. COURSEL to go out to the township to take the raiders, who had been arrested, out of the hands of the magistrates there, and bring them and the money, of which they had robbed the St. Alban's banks, before him; and if that Government homologates Mr. COURSOL's extraordinary course in setting them free by a *coup de magistrat*, and authorizing the return of the stolen money to them; If, we say, our Government acquiesces in this conduct of its stipendiary magistrate by retaining him, it will be fully responsible for the whole transaction from first to last.

THE POLICE AUTHORITIES OF MONTREAL.

From the Toronto Globe.

The public were astonished to learn yesterday, through our columns, that the Chief of Police of Montreal had given up to the raiders the money stolen from the St. Albans' banks. To-day they will be still more surprised to learn that this same Chief of Police, whose name is LAMOTHE, refused to enforce fresh warrants placed in his hands before the discharge of the prisoners by the legal agents of the Crown! There seems to be no room for doubt that LAMOTHE knew in advance that Mr. COURSOL intended to release the prisoners, and that if he declined to serve the new warrants, they would make their escape. How did COURSOL come to communicate to LAMOTHE what his decision would be? The circumstances are exceedingly suspicious, and trench upon COURSOL as well as LAMOTHE. There is certainly great room to doubt whether all the money *was* returned to the prisoners.

THE EXTRADITION TREATY AND THE QUEEN'S ASSENT.

CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT, QUEBEC, Dec. 15, 1864.

GENTLEMEN: I am directed by the Honorable the Attorney-General for Lower Canada, to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday's date, and to inform you that the Law Officers of the Crown concur in the opinion expressed by you, with regard to Judge COURSOL's decision in the matter of the St. Alban's offenders. I herewith inclose to you a copy of an order of Her Majesty in Council relative to the 24th Vic., chapter 6.

I have the honor to be gentlemen, your most obedient servant, G. FUTVOYE, Clerk C. L. Department.

To F. G. JOHNSON, Esq., Q. C., and EDWARD CARTER, Esq., Q. C., Montreal.

[L. S.] AT THE COURT AT BALMORAL, The 11th day of October, 1861.

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty;
His Royal Highness the Prince Consort,
Lord Privy Seal, Sir George Grey, Bart.

Whereas, The Governor-General of Her Majesty's Province of Canada, with the Council and Assembly of the said Province, did in the month of May, 1861, pass an act which has been transmitted, entitled as follows, viz.:

No. 2,412. "An Act to amend chapter eighty-nine of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, respecting the extradition of fugitive felons from the United States of America."

And whereas the said act has been laid before Her Majesty in Council, together with a letter to the Lord President of the Council, from the most noble, the Duke of NEWCASTLE, one of Her Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, recommending that the said act should be left to its operation; Her Majesty was thereupon this day pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve the said recommendation, whereof the Governor-General, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander-in-Chief for the time being of Her Majesty's Province of Canada, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.

THE FEELING IN NORTHERN NEW-YORK.

At the conclusion of the reading of the resolution at the Troy meeting on Friday night, Judge GOULD was introduced, and made a few brief and pointed remarks. He remarked that he was speaking upon no sudden impulse, but would proceed to discuss the subject in a grave and deliberate manner. The meetinng was called to consider an act of gross injustice on the part of the Canadian authorities. Judge COURSOL, of Canada, has been guilty of an act the like of which cannot be found. No example of the kind ever existed. If there was a question of jurisdiction, as the Canadian court affirmed, the prisoners should not have been discharged until it was decided; but they were set free on the grounds of a mere technicality. The raiders were organized for the purpose of murder and robbery, but they were discharged by a judge who is not only corrupt himself, but is also the tool of the British Government. Judge COURSOL certainly showed either his ignorance or villainy, and it is hardly to be supposed that it could have been the former. For an appearance of fairness, the Canadian authorities have ordered the rearrest of the raiders; but they were careful to adopt no such measure until the offenders were well out of the way, and had made sure of their escape. The order for this rearrest was made for the express and sole purpose of blinding the eyes of the United States Government. The raiders were not only allowed to go, but they were furnished money to pay their passage. The question now before the people of our country is this: Shall we tamely submit to be thus insulted and to have our national rights thus trampled upon?

THE PRIVATEER TALLAHASSEE.

Particulars of the Capture of the Ship Arcole, Brig T. D. Wagner and Schooner Vapor.

JOHN ALLEN, a seaman, belonging to the ship *Arcole*, destroyed by the privateer *Tallahassee*, arrived in this city yesterday, having been released from one of the South Carolina prisons.

He states that on the 3d of November, at 2 o'clock P. M., sixty-three miles S. S. E. from the Highlands, the rebel privateer came up with them, and sent an officer, with a boat's crew, on board, who, after asking Capt. BORDHAM the usual questions, ordered the crew to lower away the boats, get their baggage, and leave ship as soon as possible, as they intended to destroy her. The crew went forward to get their things, but found that the pirates had been there before them, and had taken everything of value with them; they also took everything out of the cabin. They then commenced scuttling the ship, cutting some fifteen or sixteen holes in her. The *Arcole* was from New-Orleans, bound to New-York. Her cargo consisted of sugar, tobacco, pig iron, oil cake and hemp.

About two hours afterward, the brig *T. D. Wagner*, from Fortress Monroe, in ballast, bound to New-York, was captured and scuttled the crew being taken on board the privateer. The same time, the schooner *Vapor*, from a Southern port, laden with timber, turpentine and cotton, was captured; her masts were cut away, their excuse for not sinking her being, that they could not get into the hold.

There was a number of other vessels in sight at the time, but night coming on and a stiff breeze springing up, they did not venture to board any of them. They then shaped their course to the southward, bound to Wilmington, but were obliged to keep at sea to avoid the Federal cruisers, and await a favorable opportunity to run in. On the 9th of November the privateer captain concluded to run the risk of getting into port, in which he succeeded, but with considerable difficulty, in consequence of the Union gunboats crossing her. A shot from one of them struck her but did no serious damage.

All the prisoners were taken on board for three days after she got into Wilmington, after which they were put ashore and sent to one of the South Carolina prisons.

ALLEN states that during their confinement on board the privateer, they received very good treatment, getting the same rations as the crew. The Captains of the captured vessels were all quartered in the cabin.

When the blockaders were chasing her the prisoners were all put into the lower hold, to keep them out of harm's way.

ALLEN and two others, belonging to the *Arcole*, to gether with one man belonging to the brig, were all that were released out of the thirty-five, that being the number captured on the three vessels. The remainder were all in good health, but were very anxious to be released.

The schooner *Vapor* spoken of above as one of the captured vessels was picked up, Nov. 8, eighty miles south south-east from the Highlands, by the pilot-boat *Mary E. Williams*, No. 19, and toward into this port.

Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, F. and A. M.

ANNUAL ELECTION AND DINNER.

The annual election of this venerable and prosperous lodge took place on Thursday evening last at its rooms, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway. As is usual in this lodge, the election was entirely unanimous. The lodge ranks among the first and best in this country, the work is conducted in that calm, pleasant, yet rigidly correct manner, which makes the masonic ceremonies so profoundly impressive, and the utmost harmony prevails among its members. The labor being concluded, the brethren adjourned to the restaurant of Mr. A. GOETZE, No. 111 East Fourteenth-street, where a bounteous dinner was provided for them. In this endeavor, Mr. GOETZE fairly surpassed himself, every rarity and delicacy of the season was furnished, the dinner was served in excellent style, and the wines were of the very best qualities. On the removal of the cloth, the wines were produced, and the following regular toasts proposed:

1. "The M. W. Grand Lodge of the State of New-York." This was ably and acceptably responded to by R. W. Bro. BALLESTIER, whose remarks were much applauded. Music—Trio—Bros. Colt, Adams and Gardner. 2. "The Masonic Fraternity." Responded to by M. W. Bro. SIMONS, in an excellent speech. Song—Bro. Gardner. 3. "Our Sister Lodges." Acknowledged by W. Bro. Thos. S. Somers. Song—Bro. Adams. 4. "Our Affiliated Lodges." Replied to by Bro. Sanchez, of Venezuela. Song—Bro. Colt. 5. "The Masonic Press." Acknowledged by R. W. Bro. Tisdale. 6. "Old Ind. R. Arch Lodge, as it was." Responded to by R. W. E. P. Breed, who spoke in the highest terms of the lodge and its work, and paid a glowing tribute to the efficiency of its officers. At the conclusion of his remarks, Bro. Gilbert being called upon, made a short, pithy and excellent speech, during which he took occasion to mention the excellent reputation in which the lodge is held among sister lodges throughout the country.

Brother HENRY D. WALKER then read letters of regret, for not being able to attend, from the following brethren: R. W. Chas. L. Church, R. W. James M. Austin, M. D., Hon. Joseph Hoxie, E. A. Stansbury, T. Jones, Jr., R. W. Robert D. Holmes, and R. W. George W. Rex.

The ceremonies of the evening were closed with a masterly speech by R. W. JOHN H. ANTHON, the Master of the lodge. Brother ANTHON is recognized throughout the State as one of its best masonic jurists, and as a most excellent and efficient Master. His work and rulings are unexceptionable and have been highly commended by the M. W. Grand Master. His speech, suffice it to say, was worthy of one who holds so high a position, not only in the lodge, but also in the hearts of his brother Masons. To him and to Brother HENRY D. WALKER the lodge is greatly indebted for the position it now holds. In every movement started for its advancement, Brother WALKER has taken a lively interest, and worked untiringly for its success; he has held every position in the Lodge, except that of Master, and this year returns to the floor at his own request. He is very popular among masons, and well deserves his popularity. The success of this occasion is principally due to him, assisted by Brother CHARLES A. COOK, the Secretary, and other hard-working members, EDWARD COWARD, S. G. LENNOX and E. MILLER. The following brotnren were elected to serve during the ensuing year: R. W., John H. Anthon (for the fifth time,) Master; C. A. Budd, M. D., S. W.; J. W. Iremonger, M. D., J. W.; B. G. Lennox, Treasurer; C. A. Cook, (for the seventh time,) Secretary; G. D. Pond, S. D.; G. H. Gardner, J. D.; Revs. F. C. Ewer and G. Mixon, Chaplains; W. S. Manning, Marshal; Eugene Finck and A. S. Mills, M. of C., C. S. Beatty and C. A. Jackson, Stewards; E. Miller, Organist; S. Fisk, Tiler.

The ceremonies of installation will be performed on Thursday evening, the 29th inst.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON POLICEMEN—ESCAPE OF THE PARTIES.—Officers GAMBLING and O'CONNOR, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, while patrolling their posts on Nineteenth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, yesterday morning at five o'clock, were fired at by some parties who were concealed. They commenced search for the parties but could not find anything of them. This is the third time Officer GAMBLING has been shot at while on post.... About one o'clock yesterday morning, Officer RICHARDS, of the Eighteenth Precinct, was shot at by some parties who were in a rowboat, and whose actions he deemed suspicious. He was watching them, and so enraged them that they fired at, but fortunately wounded him only in the little finger of his left hand. These parties also escaped.

Reconstruction.

In the House of Representatives, Dec. 7, Mr. YEAMAN, on leave, introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs:

A Bill to provide for the restoration of the civil authority of the United States in certain States.

Be it enacted, &c., That whenever a civil Government, republican in form, and compatible with the Union and Constitution of the United States, shall be established by the people, or administered as it existed on the 6th day of November, 1860, in any State now or since that day not represented in the Congress of the United States, such State shall, in all matters, be held and treated as a State of the Union, and its Government guaranteed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That, in organising or administering any Government in any such State, no person shall be entitled to vote except citizens having the qualifications prescribed by the laws thereof in force on the 6th day of November, 1860.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That no law or usage of any such State shall be held to abridge or defeat the right of freedom which any person or class of persons may be adjudged entitled to, under any law of the United States, or any order or proclamation of the President thereof, by a court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That all questions touching the status of persons in such States and the titles to property are remitted to the courts of competent jurisdiction.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentrifice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

HOLIDAY SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
{ Boys from $10 to $20.
{ Men's from $20 to $45.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 34 4th-av., Opposite Cooper Union.

[Advertisement.]

CHRISTMAS PRESENT.—WILLCOX & GIBBS noiseless sewing machine, office No. 508 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship City of Cork, from Liverpool—Capt. J. S. Briggs, Capt. Sweeney, Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. M. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Sampson and family, Mrs. Jos. S. Wilson and child, Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan, Miss Trimble, Mons. and Mme. Netler, Mme. Pollett, nurse and infant, M. Pascal, M. Sutley, J. Buford, J. Marks, E. M. Angel, T. Peyton, W. Morston, P. H. Bosworth, S. Edwards, E. Delvallie, A. D. Bance, B. Crawford, F. Philp, and 344 in the steerage.

In steamship Havana, from Havana—Mrs. R. Ford, Miss Alice Ford, Mary Ford, Elizabeth Murray, Miss Anna Gallett, N. Gibson, Simon Camacho, Henry Lafarge, P. A. St. George, David Coen, Lorenzo Gil, James Wolf Salomon, Antonio Paducca, Joseph Paducca, A. H. Tait, Francisco G. Martin, James Sullivan, Roger Sullivan, Mathew Mulhern.

MISCELLANEOUS ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 19 | Sun sets..... 4 35 | Moon rises..11 07

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..11 43 | Gov. Island..12 32 | Hell Gate.. 1 54

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, Dec. 18.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Limerick, (Br.,) Jones, Liverpool Nov. 27, with mdse. and 103 passengers to John G. Dale. Has had heavy westerly gales the entire passage. 30th ult., at 2:15 P. M., lat. 51 05, lon. 13 58, exchanged signals with steamship Pennsylvania, bound E. Same day, at 11 A. M., lat. 51 07, lon. 13 37, exchanged numbers with Br. brig Neva, bound W.

Steamship City of Cork, Tibbetts, Liverpool Nov. 30 and Queenstown Dec. 1, at 6:35 P. M., with mdse. and 376 passeng